2018 Comprehensive Guide Plan Steering Committee

Wednesday, Aug. 23, 2017

Minnehaha Room, Minnetonka City Hall

6:00 - 8:00 p.m.

Agenda:

6:00 – 6:15 p.m. Dinner

6:15 – 8:00 p.m. Housing Market Assessment

8:00 p.m. Adjourn



Memorandum

To: Comprehensive Guide Plan Steering Committee

From: Loren Gordon, AICP, City Planner

Date: August 18, 2017

Subject: Comprehensive Guide Plan meeting #3 – Wednesday, August 23, 2017

Our third steering committee meeting will focus on housing. Joining us will be Brent Wittenberg with Marquette Advisors who is conducting the city's housing market assessment. The study will help in developing short and long-range plans for economic development policy and strategic planning to understand current and future housing needs.

Housing is a critical element in economic development and promoting community livability, attractiveness and competitiveness. In addition to providing support data for the preparation of the comprehensive plan, the following housing study objectives were identified:

- Understanding demographic and economic growth factors which impact the housing supply/demand balance, and the attractiveness and/or affordability of the housing stock in the City of Minnetonka.
- Identifying current and future housing needs by product type and price/rent level, based on demographics and market factors, city planning and economic development and housing goals.
- Identify housing gaps and other specific housing needs for the County based on existing and projected demand for housing and identify barriers to development of various types of housing and/or housing products by affordability level.
- Assess the relationship between housing needs and economic development in Minnetonka and the surrounding west-metro market.
- Recommend strategies to enhance the availability of well-designed and

Comprehensive Plan Steering Committee – Meeting #3

appropriately priced housing products which are complementary to the goals/objectives of the City and supports its economic development, housing, and livability goals.

A draft of the housing study is attached for review. If you have any questions as you review it, please let me know (via email at lgordon@eminnetonka.com) so I can forward them along to the consultant prior to our meeting.

Also, additional 2018 meetings have been identified and posted on the comprehensive plan update webpage. They are as follows:

- January 24 Parks, Open Space and Trails
- February 21 topic tbd
- March 21 topic tbd
- April 18 topic tbd

Steering Committee Roster

Steven Adams
Colbert Boyd
Matt Henry
Melissa Johnston
Brian Kirk

Farhia Mohamed
Jerry Nystuen
Lance Reschke
Zachary Robins
Rebecca Schack

Terry Schneider (chair)

Tom Scott Madeline Seveland

Barbara Westmoreland

Brad Wiersum (alternate)

Staff

Loren Gordon (lead) Julie Wischnack

****DRAFT****

HOUSING MARKET ASSESSMENT: CITY OF MINNETONKA, MINNESOTA

Summer 2017

Marquette Advisors File #17011

PREPARED FOR:

Mr. Loren Gordon, AICP
City of Minnetonka
14600 Minnetonka Boulevard
Minnetonka, MN 55345

PREPARED BY:



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August 18, 2017

Mr. Loren Gordon, AICP City of Minnetonka 14600 Minnetonka Boulevard Minnetonka, MN 55345

R.E.: Housing Market Assessment: City of Minnetonka

Marquette Advisors File # 17011

Dear Mr. Gordon:

We are pleased to present our assessment of housing needs in the City of Minnetonka. Our report examines the community housing supply, within the context of the west-metro market and the Twin Cities metro area. Our report includes a review of the existing housing stock by product type, with a focused analysis on rental and for-sale housing trends, as well as senior housing. We have evaluated the business mix and jobs-housing balance in Minnetonka, also assessing housing affordability in the community, and the need for new housing over the short-term and long-term by product type and price/rent level. Factors considered in measuring demand for housing in Minnetonka include the characteristics of the current resident base by household type/size, age and income level, future growth trends, and the city economic base and expanding employers.

We appreciate the opportunity to assist the City of Minnetonka in evaluating its housing needs, recognizing this work will facilitate the City of Scomprehensive planning process in the months ahead. As such, we remain available answer any questions regarding our analysis and to provide further assistance when required.

Sincerely,

MARQUETTE ADVISORS

DRAFT

Brent E. Wittenberg, CRE Vice President

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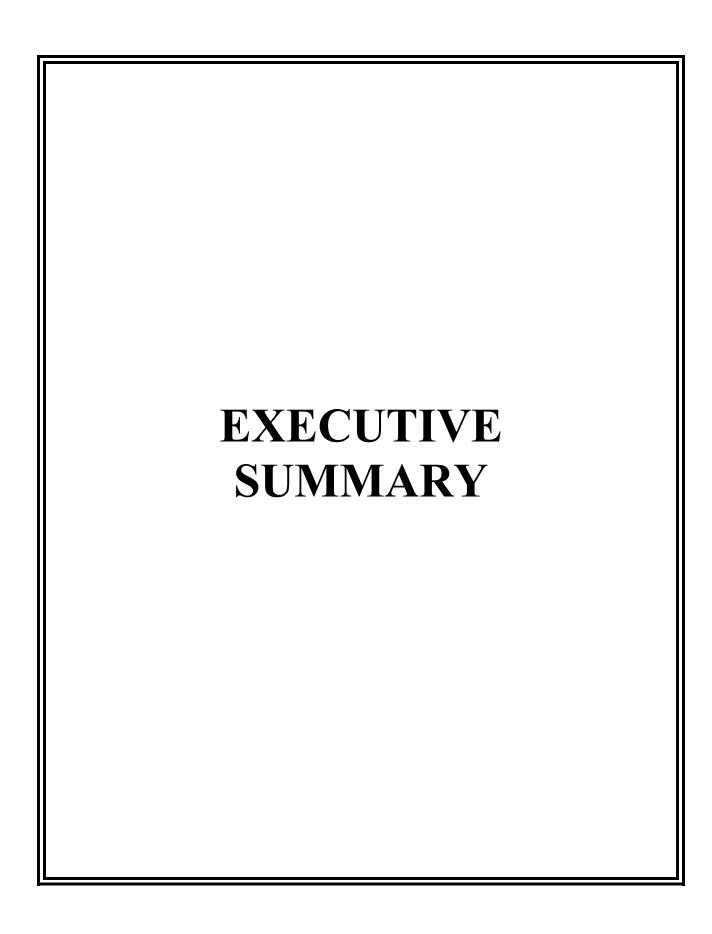
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Profile of Marquette Advisors	



STUDY IMPETUS

The City of Minnetonka (õCityö), in anticipation of updating itsø Comprehensive Plan, requires the expertise of a consultant to provide a comprehensive housing assessment for the community. An important step in developing both short-term and long-range plans for economic development policy and strategic planning is developing an understanding of current and future housing needs in the community. Housing is in fact a critical element in economic development and in promoting community õlivability,ö attractiveness and competitiveness. Accordingly, the City retained Marquette Advisors to conduct a comprehensive analysis of housing needs in the community. Specifically, the primary objectives of the study are to assist the City and its elected officials in:

- Understanding demographic and economic growth factors which impact the housing supply/demand balance, and the attractiveness and/or affordability of the housing stock in the City of Minnetonka
- Identifying current and future housing needs by product type and price/rent level, based on demographics and market factors, City planning and economic development and housing goals
- Identify housing gaps and other specific housing needs for the County based on existing and projected demand for housing and identify barriers to development of various types of housing and/or housing products by affordability level.
- Assess the relationship between housing needs and economic development in Minnetonka and the surrounding west-metro market.
- Recommend strategies to enhance the availability of well-designed and appropriately priced housing products which are complementary to the goals/objectives of the City and supports its economic development, housing, and livability goals.

This *Executive Summary* provides a brief outline highlighting the key points from our analysis and conclusions. This section of the report is intended to summarize our findings and key issues, and is not a substitute for the full report, which contains additional information and data points which are critical to a full understanding of the basis for the conclusions drawn, and the context within which they were developed.

SUMMARY OF KEY ISSUES & CONCLUSIONS

Our report is organized into the following chapters: 1) Demographics & Economic Conditions; 2) Housing Characteristics; 3) Apartment Market Conditions; 4) Senior Housing Market Conditions; and 5) For-Sale Housing Market Conditions. The following are key findings and themes from our analysis.

Demographics & Economic Conditions

Key to our analysis of housing needs within the community is a comprehensive review of relevant demographic and economic data points and growth trends. This household composition and projected growth pattern facilitates our projections of future housing needs in Minnetonka by product type and by price/rent level. The following are key points from this analysis.

- Population, Household & Employment Growth 6 Minnetonka had an estimated 51,752 residents and 22,717 households in 2016. Employment in the community was estimated at 44,788. Minnetonka has accounted for just 1.3% of metro area household growth since 2010. Forecasts by both ESRI Business Information Solutions, a national econometric forecasting firm, and the Twin Cities Met Council project a fairly modest growth pattern for Minnetonka. ESRI projects average annual growth of 177 households/year over the next five years in Minnetonka. The Met Council forecasts suggest the city will add an average of 240 households per year between 2020 and 2030, decreasing to 170 per year between 2030 and 2040. These forecasts equate to 1.5% to 2.0% of expected Twin Cities metro area household growth. We believe these forecasts are in fact conservative, especially considering the deep and diverse base of employers in Minnetonka and anticipated business/employment growth in the city. Other factors relating to Minnetonka's growth potential include its overall livability & attractiveness factors, and development opportunities relating to SW-LRT construction.
- Presently, Minnetonka accounts for 2.6% of metro area employment. The Met Council projects that Minnetonka will account for more than 3.6% of regional employment growth over the next 20 years. We believe an opportunity exists for Minnetonka to capture a larger share of regional household growth in the coming years; however, this will require a ramp-up in construction of new housing products, inclusive of varied forsale and rental housing options throughout the community. Given current land use, it is clear that this will require higher development densities, and in many cases creative public private partnerships will be necessary due to rising land and construction costs.
- An Aging Resident Base -- Senior households prominent in Minnetonka, with higher incomes compared to metro area -- In Minnetonka, the median household income for households ages 65-74 was estimated at \$76,457 in 2016, compared to \$58,732 for the metro area. The median for Minnetonka households aged 75+ was \$43,668, compared to \$36,436 for the metro area. The large number of senior households in Minnetonka, and the comparatively higher incomes of that senior resident base, are variables which

attract senior housing developers. The increase in senior housing construction in and around the city recently relates largely to these data points.

- Significant number of households ages 55-64 -- Also of note is the large group of older adult households ages 55-64 in Minnetonka, comprising an estimated 5,214 households in 2016, and their affluence, with a median income of \$107,639. Many in this group will age into their õempty nestö and/or retirement years over the next 5-10 years. Based on the current trend, many will continue to õage in place,ö remaining in their single- family homes. Others may consider senior housing alternatives, although senior housing products with age restrictions and meals/care offerings typically attract a somewhat older renter profile (typically 75+). Our assessment of household age & income data, paired with housing market factors, suggest that there may be an opportunity for developers to attract households who fall into the categories of "aging adult," "active senior citizen," and/or "empty nester" to alternative housing products such as condos or new rental apartment products targeting this demographic specifically. Age-restricted senior cooperative developments also fall into this category, and have been well received in Minnetonka.
- Jobs / Housing Balance ó Minnetonka has a strong and expanding business community. However, given the very limited production of new housing units in the community over several years, paired with low turnover rates in the existing housing stock with many seniors aging in place, much of the Minnetonka-based workforce resides elsewhere. This relates in part to housing affordability, certainly, as documented in this report. However, scarcity of housing is perhaps more the issue. While Minnetonka's housing stock, its rentals specifically, is relatively affordable, the fact is they are at near full capacity, with vacancy rates at 2.0% or lower for much of the apartment stock. Meanwhile, there is limited supply of home purchase opportunities in Minnetonka due to rising values and low turnover rates. In addressing future housing plans, the City should work to improve this jobs / housing balance through infill construction, redevelopment at higher densities, and the provision of life-cycle housing products which are sensitive to the needs of the current and future resident and worker base.
- A shift in household tenure While the homeownership rate in Minnetonka, at 70.5%, is slightly higher when compared with metro area, we have seen slight declines in the homeownership rate. In todays market, in the Twin Cities and other markets across the US, large numbers of households are choosing to rent, rather than buy, for a variety of reasons, both economic and lifestyle-related.

<u>Tenure Shift – Why rent vs. buy?</u>

Economic Factors

- o Cost comparison, rent vs. buy
 - Avg. rent 2BR apt = \$1,180/month in metro area & \$1,292 in Minnetonka).
 - Avg. sale price \$265,000 in 2016 in Twin Cities = \$1,480/month (monthly mortgage + tax)
 - Avg. sale price in Minnetonka \$355,000 in 2016 = \$2,100/month (mortgage + tax)
 - And what does that does \$265,000 buy in today@s market? Or \$355,000 in Minnetonka? How does that compare to apartment quality and range of amenities? Possible home rehab/updates needed on top of acquisition price? At what cost? Over what period of time?
 - And what about savings & down payment requirements?
 - Down payment requirements higher in many cases.
 - Avg. price \$265,000: 5% down payment = \$13,250
 - Avg. price \$355,000: 5% down payment = \$17,750
- High debt levels ó impact of college debt ó
 - MN ranks 4th highest nationally in college debt.
 - 70% have õsignificantö college debt. Avg. nearly \$40,000 per student.
 - Mobility ó job/career changes; resale issue and timing

Lifestyle Factors

- o Maintenance-free living
 - Smaller households (single renters opting for Studio or 1BR). May not make sense to buy a larger SF home, or even a condo
- o Preference for õshiny & newö_ó and \$265,000 doesn¢t buy that, obviously, nor does \$355,000 in Minnetonka.
- o Lifestyle appeal of modern apartments ó <u>amenities</u>, gathering spaces. Important to Millennials especially.
- Prefer urban/walkable locations within mixed-use neighborhood context, offering connectivity to jobs, goods/services, restaurants, and amenities (simply more modern rental options there than ownership)

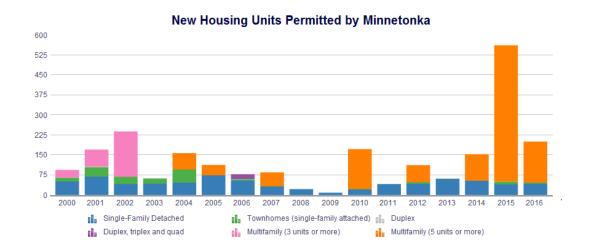
Housing Characteristics

Our Housing Characteristics chapter provides a snapshot of the current housing supply in the City of Minnetonka, sourced from the 2015 American Community Survey (ACS) from the US Census. Also presented is a summary of housing affordability in Minnetonka, comparing housing costs with household income groups, and a discussion of households with excess housing cost burden.

Minnetonka features large numbers of homes constructed in the 1970s and 1980s, including both single family homes, as well as larger multi-unit buildings. Our analysis shows that Minnetonka features a number of large apartment complexes which were built in the 1980¢s, especially. It is also interesting to note the very few new units added in Minnetonka between 2000 and 2015.

	City of Minne	tonka	Minnetonka	PMA	Twin Cities Met	ro Area
	2015 Estimate	Percent	2015 Estimate	Percent	2015 Estimate	Percent
YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT						
Total housing units	23,825		160,355		1,206,738	
Built 2014 or later	24	0.1%	131	0.1%	1,130	0.1%
Built 2010 to 2013	84	0.4%	1,558	1.0%	14,582	1.2%
Built 2000 to 2009	1,221	5.1%	17,669	11.0%	160,119	13.3%
Built 1990 to 1999	3,356	14.1%	22,794	14.2%	168,283	13.9%
Built 1980 to 1989	6,415	26.9%	34,917	21.8%	182,888	15.2%
Built 1970 to 1979	4,336	18.2%	27,598	17.2%	186,473	15.5%
Built 1960 to 1969	3,181	13.4%	19,567	12.2%	129,086	10.7%
Built 1950 to 1959	3,797	15.9%	20,585	12.8%	130,991	10.9%
Built 1940 to 1949	504	2.1%	7,746	4.8%	50,459	4.2%
Built 1939 or earlier	907	3.8%	7,790	4.9%	182,727	15.1%

• Ramp-up in new construction more recently, primarily focused on luxury apartments and senior housing, with strong positive market response to both product types quickly absorbed by renters/buyers. Considering current market conditions, with sustained low vacancy rates and rising rents, we anticipate an increase in developer interest in Minnetonka in the short term, with interest in sites that are well connected to jobs/amenities, future LRT, and owalkability.ö



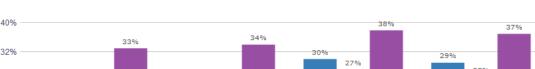
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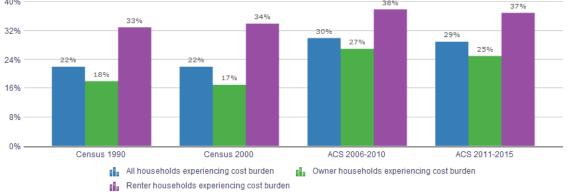
Affordable housing – an increasingly scarce resource in Minnetonka. Shown below is a summary of the affordable housing supply by affordability level compared to the number of households by income range in 2010 and 2015.

		20	15			
		<30% AMI	31-50% AM	51-60% AM	61-80% AMI	Totals, 0-80% AMI
	Owner Units by Affordabilty Range	329	1,095	1,173	2,548	5,145
	Renter Units by Affordability Range	530	657	2,072	1,461	4,720
A)	Total Units by Affordability Range	859	1,752	3,245	4,009	9,865
B)	Households by Income Level	1,687	2,222	1,218	980	6,107
	A - B = (Insufficient Supply) or Surplus of Units	(828)	(470)	2,027	3,029	3,758
		20	10			
		<30% AMI	31-50% AM	51-60% AM	61-80% AMI	Totals, 0-80% AMI
	Owner Units by Affordabilty Range	114	1,456	955	3,619	6,144
	Renter Units by Affordability Range	666	842	2,210	2,210	5,928
A)	Total Units by Affordability Range	780	2,298	3,165	5,829	12,072
B)	Households by Income Level	1,723	1,950	1,073	1,826	6,572
	A - B = (Insufficient Supply) or Surplus of Units	(943)	348	2,092	4,003	5,500

- As shown on the table, between 2010 and 2015, the number of housing units affordable to households earning <80% of the area median income decreased by more than 2,200 residential units. Meanwhile, the number of households with incomes of <80% of AMI decreased by only 465. Further, we noted that Minnetonka has seen considerable increases in rental rates over the past several months, including a 7.4% increase in the average apartment rent over the past 12 months as of 2017 Q2.
- Increasing number of households with housing cost burden according to the Met Council, utilizing ACS survey data, an estimated 29% of Minnetonka residents have an õexcess housing cost burdenö ó meaning, their housing cost is greater than 30% of their income. This is up from 22% in 2000, as shown below. Worse, an estimated 10% of owners and 19% of renters have osevere housing cost burden, owith a housing cost >50% of their incomes.

Percent of Households Experiencing Housing Cost Burden in Minnetonka

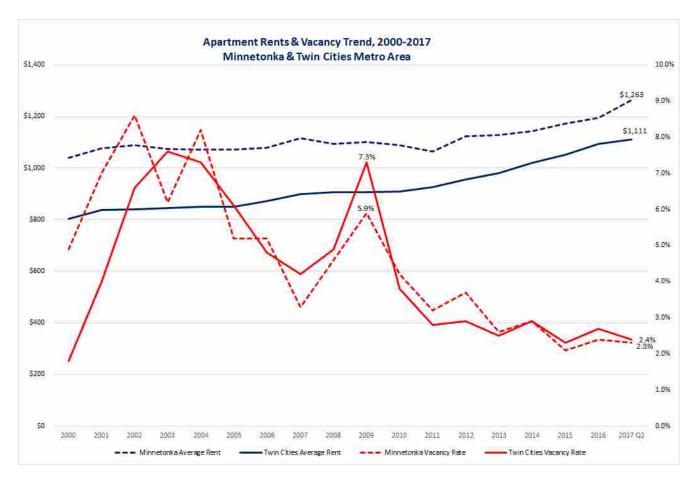




Apartment Market Conditions

Marquette Advisors has completed a review of regional apartment market conditions for Minnetonka, within the context of the SW metro area and the region as a whole. The following are key points from this analysis.

• Sustained low vacancy over many many months, and now rising rents -- Minnetonka apartments continue to report low vacancy levels. At mid-year 2017, Minnetonka apartment communities featured a combined 2.3% vacancy rate, holding steady over the past year. Meanwhile, the average rent was \$1,263, a full 7.4% higher than one year ago. Landlords have been more aggressive with rent increases over the past year, recognizing the strong fundamentals inherent to the Minnetonka market.



• *Minnetonka accounts for small share of regional apartment construction recently* – The city of Minnetonka has seen the addition of just 509 new market rate apartments over the past 10 years, with 457 of those units opening in the city during the past 2-1/2 years. With sustained low vacancy rates, and rising rents, developers find Minnetonka ripening for new development as well-located deals are starting to opencil outo in Minnetonka.

- Market rents for new-construction modern apartments in the Minnetonka and throughout the SW metro area average approximately \$2.00 to \$2.10 psf (\$1,800/month) at this time, varying somewhat based on location, quality and unit size/mix. Recent luxury apartment developments in Minnetonka have been well received, inclusive of four new properties with a combined 493 units built since 2015, all of which have experienced a rapid absorption and today feature low vacancy rates of <2.5%.
- Our analysis indicates there is strong demand for general occupancy apartment product in Minnetonka, ranging from affordable rentals to luxury apartments. Given the strong market fundamentals, with rising rents and low vacancy, paired with demand generators and other attractiveness factors relating to Minnetonka such as connectivity and freeway access, future LRT, and an expanding base of employers, we expect increasingly strong developer interest in Minnetonka over the next several months.

Senior Housing Conditions

Marquette Advisors examined he current senior housing market, by product/service level, and summarizes this analysis as follows. Minnetonka has a strong and diversifying senior housing market, and a deep base of seniors and aging adults. Further, ongoing development and future construction of senior housing, or oactive adulto products (perhaps new housing models) will have an impact upon other segments of the market going forward, notably the creation of more home ownership opportunities for younger buyers.

- Supply by product type/service level -- Minnetonka features a total of 2,922 age-restricted senior housing units. This includes 694 ownership units (condo and co-op units) and 2,228 rental units. Minnetonka@s senior housing inventory is primarily market rate. The rental inventory includes a total of 83 contract-based affordable senior units, including 42 at Westridge and another 41 units at Beacon Hill.
- Strong senior demographics & current low vacancy rate at 3.7% signal pent-up demand for additional senior units in Minnetonka. We note that vacancy rates are consistently low across all properties and service levels, indicating that there has been a positive market response to all varieties of senior housing in the market area. Two additional senior campus developments are in the works (Cherrywood Pointe and Crest Ridge) which will bring another 245 combined rental units to market in 2017 and 2018.
- Depth of aging adult / empty nester market in Minnetonka signals an opportunity for product types including: 1) Adult/senior housing cooperatives (age 55+ or 62+), which to date have enjoyed much success in the Minnetonka market, and 2) new "active adult" housing concepts geared to attract empty nesters and active seniors. This may or may not be age-restricted, and will include both rental and ownership models. Developers around the country are in the process of rolling out new models geared toward this important market segment, recognizing that this market is sizable and will demonstrate a preference for housing products which differ somewhat from traditional senior housing

models. Minnetonka is prime market for these housing products. Further, the provision of õlifecycleö housing for this group in Minnetonka will also õfree-upö existing single family homes in the community, such that larger numbers of younger buyers will be able to find housing here, ideally near their place of employment.

For-Sale Market Conditions

Key points from our analysis of for-sale housing market conditions in Minnetonka are as follows.

- Minnetonka is an attractive community in which to invest in home ownership, offering a strong economic base and quality jobs, quality schools and public amenities, and a diverse mix of retail stores, shopping nodes and restaurants. At the same time, the city has seen limited new construction and features a housing stock with increasing numbers of older adults and seniors aging-in-place. As such, there are limited opportunities for younger buyers in Minnetonka, certainly inclusive of first-time-buyer prospects, as even young to middle-age families seeking a omove-upo home that is closer to their job, or in a preferred school district.
- Presented below is a summary of Minnetonka and metro area home value distribution data, showing the number of homes by value range. It is interesting to note, quite simply, the supply of owner-occupied housing in Minnetonka, which comprised an estimated 2.0% of the metro area stock. Recall that Minnetonka businesses (and government) employ more than 2.6% of the region workforce. The fact is, most of these workers reside elsewhere.
- Further, Met Council forecasts indicate that Minnetonka will account for more than 3.6% of metro area employment growth over the next 20 years. This growth will result in 1) increasing demand, 2) increases in home values/pricing in the Minnetonka community, and, likely, 3) an increase in home owner cost burden in the community.

	City of Minne	tonka	Twin Cities Me	tro Area
	2015 Estimate	Percent	2015 Estimate	Percent
HOME VALUE DISTRIBUTION				
Owner-occupied units	15,995		785,412	
Less than \$50,000	395	2.5%	28,927	3.7%
\$50,000 to \$99,999	669	4.2%	38,301	4.9%
\$100,000 to \$149,999	760	4.8%	105,382	13.4%
\$150,000 to \$199,999	1,775	11.1%	168,165	21.4%
\$200,000 to \$299,999	4,956	31.0%	227,328	28.9%
\$300,000 to \$499,999	5,188	32.4%	155,089	19.7%
\$500,000 to \$999,999	1,927	12.0%	52,708	6.7%
\$1,000,000 or more	325	2.0%	9,512	1.2%

- More relevant than current home values in the community is what is actually selling, and at what price. Below is a summary of Minnetonka and metro area sale transactions by price range, over the past several years, and through May of 2017. Minnetonka has accounted for 1.5% to 1.9% of metro area annual sales volume since 2008, and less than 1.3% of sales at <\$300,000 during this period. The average sale price in Minnetonka increased to \$355,000 in 2016, and \$386,000 through the first half of 2017.
- The key issue within the for-sale market in Minnetonka is the limited supply of homes for purchase by both first-time buyers, and õmove-upö buyers, many of whom are likely employed in the community and would prefer to reside close to their place of work, in Minnetonka which offers quality schools and high livability factors as noted herein. A perhaps less obvious issue is the lack of attractive housing options for older adults and seniors in Minnetonka who continue to age in place.

Twir	Cities Me	tro Area -	- Resideni	ital Sales	Transactio	on Volume	e, 2008 to	Date		
	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017 YTD
\$<300.000	26,642	33,647	26,883	30,286	34,152	35,019	31,437	35,232	36,094	
\$300,000-\$499,999	5,497	4,733	4,573	4,277	6,180	8,304	8,271	10,437	12,223	
\$500,000-\$799,999	1,680	1,232	1,322	1,302	1,790	2,318	2,522	2,923	3,355	-
\$800,000-\$999,999	299	202	211	201	261	376	423	489	554	
\$1,000,000-\$1,499,999	227	154	165	167	193	226	311	323	387	
\$1,500,000+	136	88	98	97	126	136	159	185	162	64
Total	34,481	40,056	33,252	36,330	42,702	46,379	43,123	49,589	52,775	18,079
* 2017 YTD through May 2017.										
Cit	ty of Minne	tonka R	Residenita	l Sales Tra	ansaction	Volume,	2008 to Da	te		
	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017 VTD
\$<300,000	303	412	333	427	<u>2012</u> 486	459	474	<u>2015</u> 437	488	2017 YTD 150
\$300,000-\$499,999	167	158	164	142	220	229	237	290	340	
\$500,000-\$499,999	34	48	60	56	70	105	68	109	129	
\$800,000-\$799,999	15	8	5	11	10	16	21	20	27	
\$1,000,000-\$1,499,999	10	9	7	3	10	9	10	16	13	
\$1,500,000+	1	2	2	4	2	9	5	5	5	
Total	530	637	571	643	798	827	815	877	1,002	
Total	300	007	371	0-10	730	021	010	011	1,002	040
* 2017 YTD through May 2017.										
		City of N	linnetonk	a % of N	letro Area	a Sales				
	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017 YTD
\$<300,000	1.1%	1.2%	1.2%	1.4%	1.4%	1.3%	1.5%	1.2%	1.4%	
\$300,000-\$499,999	3.0%	3.3%	3.6%	3.3%	3.6%	2.8%	2.9%	2.8%	2.8%	2.8%
\$500,000-\$799,999	2.0%	3.9%	4.5%	4.3%	3.9%	4.5%	2.7%	3.7%	3.8%	4.2%
\$800,000-\$999,999	5.0%	4.0%	2.4%	5.5%	3.8%	4.3%	5.0%	4.1%	4.9%	3.4%
\$1,000,000-\$1,499,999	4.4%	5.8%	4.2%	1.8%	5.2%	4.0%	3.2%	5.0%	3.4%	8.4%
\$1,500,000+	0.7%	2.3%	2.0%	4.1%	1.6%	6.6%	3.1%	2.7%	3.1%	0.0%
Total	1.5%	1.6%	1.7%	1.8%	1.9%	1.8%	1.9%	1.8%	1.9%	1.9%
* 2017 YTD through May 2017.										
Source: Northstar MLS										

Housing Demand Forecast

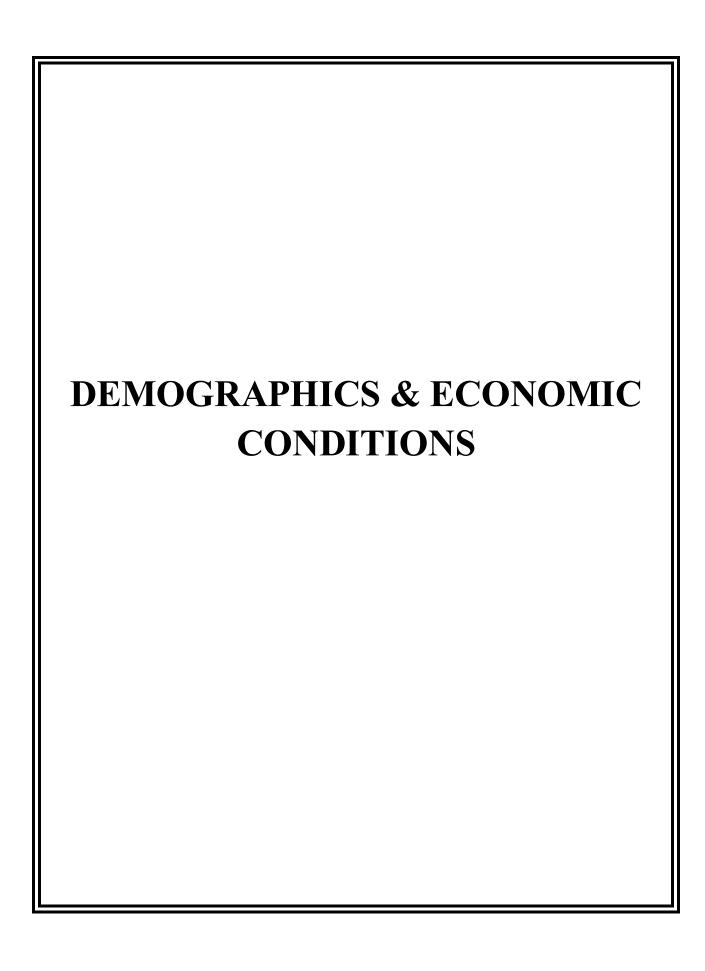
The following is a summary of our short-term and long-term demand forecast for both rental and for-sale housing in Minnetonka. Our housing demand forecast takes into account local and regional demographic and economic conditions, and growth trends.

Ног	using Dem	and Pote	ntial Ge		cupancy (y of Minne		or) Rental	and For-S	Sale Res	idences		
		1-5 Years		ŧ	5-10 Years		1	0-15 Year:	S	1:	5-20 Years	3
HH Group by % of AMI	Rental	For-Sale	Total	Rental	For-Sale	Total	Rental	For-Sale	Total	Rental	For-Sale	Total
<60% of AMI	176	0	176	206	0	206	165	0	165	159	0	159
61-80% of AMI	59	0	59	69	0	69	55	0	55	53	0	53
81-100% of AMI	176	0	176	206	0	206	165	0	165	159	0	159
100%+ of AMI	381	381	762	446	446	892	178	535	713	172	516	688
Total	792	381	1,173	927	446	1,373	563	535	1,098	543	516	1,059
(Annual Averages)	158	76	235	185	89	275	113	107	220	109	103	212
Source: Marquette Adv	isors											

Senior Housing Demand by City of Mi	Product Type/Servi	ce Level
Product/Service Level	1-5 Years	5-10 Years
Independent	370	320
Assisted Living	192	199
Memory Care	97	89
Total	659	608
(Annual Averages)	132	122
Source: Marquette Advisors		

It is important to clarify that our forecast numbers really represent *potential* demand. The forecast assumes that an adequate number of new units will in fact be constructed in Minnetonka to meet this demand. If not, Minnetonka will likely capture a lesser share of regional population and household growth. Moreover, given the community business base and expansion profile, we anticipate that the housing shortage will have a negative impact upon employers beforts to recruit, hire and retain employees, as much of the workforce will be forced to find housing elsewhere.

We recognize the challenges related to new construction housing in Minnetonka, especially at affordable price points, given current land use, limited site availability, and land and construction costs. We look forward to working with the City in developing strategies to support life-cycle housing in the community within the context of the current and future market environment and the noted constraints.



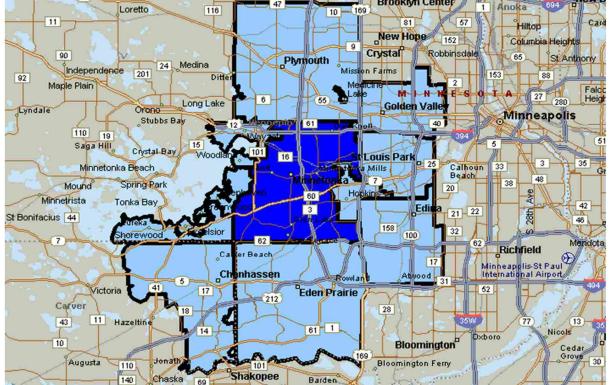
INTRODUCTION

Key to our analysis of housing needs within the community is a comprehensive review of relevant demographic and economic data points and growth trends. This household composition and projected growth pattern facilitates our projections of future housing needs in Minnetonka by product type and by price/rent level. Presented in this section of our report is a review of demographics and economic trends for Minnetonka and the surrounding primary market area (õPMAö) comprised of neighboring west suburban communities (defined herein). The sevencounty Twin Cities Metro Area is also analyzed in this chapter to provide context, and to observe how Minnetonka and/or the PMA compares and relates within the Metro Area in terms of varied data points and trends.

For purposes of our analysis, the primary market area (õPMAÖ) includes the City of Minnetonka and 14 surrounding west-suburban communities, as shown below.

Minnetonka Primary Market Area

Brooklyn Center 116 Loretto New Hope



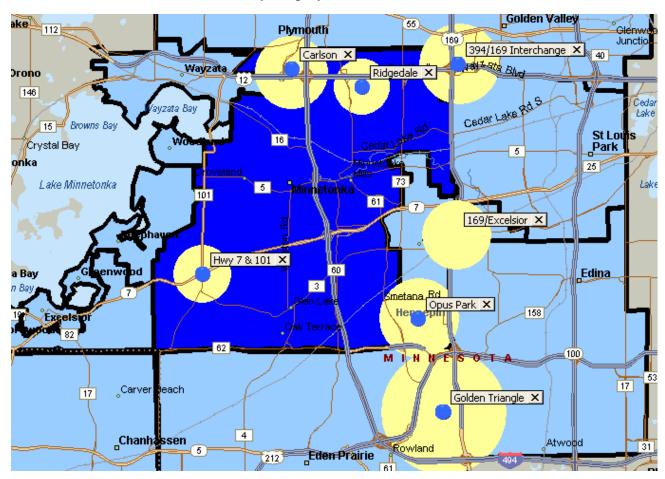
Additionally, we provide further segmentation and analysis of sub-areas within the City of Minnetonka, herein referred to as õVillage Center Study Areas,ö as identified on the map below. This chapter of the report provides a review of the demographic composition for each of these areas.

MIN N E S Valley Wayzata Oak Knoll Ridgedale X Cedar Lake Rd 3 I-394 / McGinty X Wayzata Bay s Bay Cedar Lake X Woodland Minnetonka Mills Minnetonka Groveland 101 Minnetonka Blvd & CR 101 X ika Island 169 Williston / TH7 × 3 Deephaven Shady Oak / Excelsion X 60 nwood 20 3 Blake Rd TH7 / CR 101 X Glen Lake 158 Glen Lake X Shady Oak / Opus X Oak Terrace ristmas 62 **101**) **Eden Prairie**

Minnetonka "Village Center Study Areas"

Lastly, we identified and analyzed key employment nodes both within and peripheral to the City of Minnetonka. The characteristics of the business community, overall employment growth trends the employment growth trends, and worker incomes are all very important considerations when assessing current and future housing needs. The map on the following page identifies these key employment nodes within and proximate to Minnetonka.

Key Employment Nodes



POPULATION, HOUSEHOLD AND EMPLOYMENT GROWTH TRENDS

Population and household growth trends were analyzed for Minnetonka, the PMA, and the Twin Cities Metro Area. Historical data is from the U.S. Census Bureau. Short-term (2016-2021) population and household forecast data is sourced from ESRI Business Information Solutions, a national econometric forecasting firm. Long-term population and household growth forecasts are from the Met Council. Employment growth is also analyzed, sourced from the MN-DEED and Met Council.

Population

Minnetonka was home to an estimated 51,752 residents in 2016, up from 48,734 in 2010. According to ESRI estimates, the city has grown by an average of 336 new residents per year since 2010, reflecting a modest 0.7% annual growth rate. As a whole, the PMA had an estimated 2016 population of 373,090, growing by an average of 3,260 persons/year (+0.9%) between 2010 and 2016. In comparison, the Twin Cities Metro Area (Anoka, Carver, Dakota, Hennepin, Ramsey, Scott, and Washington Counties) grew by an average of 26,523 persons per year between 2010 and 2016, reflecting a similar 0.9% annual growth rate.

ESRI forecasts suggest that Minnetonka will grow by an average of 422 persons/year to 53,863 residents in 2021. Longer-term forecasts by the Met Council predict a similar long-term growth rate for Minnetonka, adding an average of 417 new residents per year over the next 20 years. Meanwhile, the PMA as a whole is projected to grow by an average of 2,516 persons/year during this period. Metro area growth is projected to occur at a rate of 30,446 new residents per year over five years, and 29,195 per year over 20 years.

Households

Household growth is a particularly relevant gauge of an area® housing needs because households, by definition, are occupied dwelling units. In 2016, Minnetonka had an estimated base of 22,717 households, up from 21,901 in 2010. The city grew by an average of 136 households per year between 2010-2016, accounting for about 1.3% of metro area growth during this timeframe. As a whole, the PMA had an estimated 157,683 households in 2016 and has added an average of 1,261 new households/year since 2010. The metro area experienced growth of 10,255 new households per year between 2010 and 2016, increasing to a total of 1,179,277 households last year.

Forecasts by both ESRI and the Met Council project that the metro area will add around 12,000 to 12,500 households per year over the next 20 years. Minnetonka is predicted experience a fairly modest increase in household growth, both in the short-term and long-term. ESRI projects average annual growth of 177 households/year over the next five years in Minnetonka. The Met Council forecasts suggests Minnetonka will add an average of 240 households per year between 2020 and 2030, decreasing to 170 per year between 2030 and 2040.

									<u>Annual</u> Grov	wth Rates		
	U.S. Ce	ensus	ES	RI	Met Co	ouncil	2000 to	2010	2010 t	o 2016	2016 to	2021
	2000	2010	2016	2021	2026	2036	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percen
<u>Population</u>												
Minnetonka	51,102	49,734	51,752	53,863	56,080	60,100	-137	-0.3%	336	0.7%	422	0.8%
Primary Market Area	340,753	353,533	373,090	390,617	398,170	423,418	1,278	0.4%	3,260	0.9%	3,505	0.9%
Tw in Cities Metro Area (7 Counties)	2,642,056	2,849,567	3,008,704	3,160,935	3,350,182	3,592,613	20,751	0.8%	26,523	0.9%	30,446	1.0%
									Annual Grov	wth Rates		
	U.S. Ce	ensus	ES	RI	Met Co	ouncil	2000 to	2010	2010 t	o 2016	2016 to 2021	
<u>Households</u>	2000	2010	2016	2021	2026	2036	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent
Minnetonka	21,267	21,901	22,717	23,602	25,640	27,620	63	0.3%	136	0.6%	177	0.8%
Primary Market Area	141,050	150,116	157,683	164,777	173,594	184,970	907	0.6%	1,261	0.8%	1,419	0.9%
Tw in Cities Metro Area (7 Counties)	1,021,454	1,117,749	1,179,277	1,238,956	1,313,133	1,408,156	9,630	0.9%	10,255	0.9%	11,936	1.0%
									Annual Grov	wth Rates		
	U.S. Ce	ensus		Met Co	ouncil		2000 to	2010	2010 t	o 2016	2016 to	2030
<u>Em ploym ent</u>	2000	2010	2016	2020	2030	2040	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent
Minnetonka	51,276	44,228	44,788	54,400	58,900	63,200	-705	-1.4%	93	0.2%	1,008	2.3%
Primary Market Area	210,404	289,814	311,202	336,304	348,824	368,714	7,941	3.8%	3,565	1.2%	2,687	0.9%
Tw in Cities Metro Area (7 Counties)	1,607,916	1,544,613	1,704,360	1,791,080	1,913,050	2,032,660	-6,330	-0.4%	26,625	1.7%	14,906	0.9%

Employment

Employment growth can also be a particularly meaningful indicator of housing demand, as household growth tends to lag slightly behind job growth. Economic growth and an influx of jobs to a particular area can have a significant corresponding housing impact. In the case of the Twin Cities Metro Area, the regional economy is quite strong, outperforming many US metro areas in terms of job growth and unemployment levels over the past 5+ years. Projections by the Twin Cities Met Council suggest that the region will add around 16,000 jobs per year (on average) between 2016 and 2030, decreasing to around 12,000 jobs/year between 2030 and 2040.

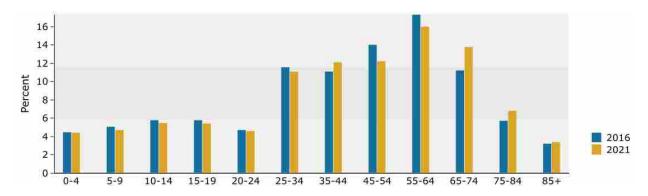
Minnetonka has an estimated 44,788 based jobs (# of employees, by place of work) in 2016, accounting for about 2.6% of metro area employment. Interestingly, the Met Council projects that Minnetonka will account for about 6.8% of metro area job growth through 2030, expanding to a base of 58,900 workers at that time, and thereafter growing to 63,200 workers in 2040.

Comments on population, household and employment growth forecasts: However, our analysis suggests that the ESRI and Met Council household growth forecasts could in fact be conservative, considering the attractiveness of Minnetonka as a place of residence, and its substantial employment base. Interestingly, Minnetonka comprises 2.6% of the regionøs total employment presently, and Met Council forecasts indicate the city will account for more than 3.6% of metro area employment growth through 2040. Yet, ESRI and Met Council forecasts indicate Minnetonka will account for less than 2.0% of metro area household growth. From our experience, we know that most households prefer to live within a relatively short distance of their place of employment. As such, assuming that Minnetonka is able to provide an adequate supply of new housing opportunities, we believe the opportunity exists for the city to capture an increasing share of regional population and household growth in the future. This is addressed more specifically in later sections of the report, as we address future housing demand.

POPULATION AGE DISTRIBUTION

The age of the population relates to the need for different housing products -- as people age, their lifestyles change, as do their housing needs and preferences. The vast majority of young households choose to rent initially as they continue their education or begin their careers, with many delaying the purchase of a home for a variety of economic (college debt load, credit, etc) and lifestyle (mobility, maintenance, etc.) factors. Meanwhile, middle-age households are more likely to choose home-ownership, particularly in suburban markets, as they raise their families. Other middle-age singles or couples may opt for a townhouse or condo. Older adults have also comprised an important segment of the multifamily market, as they select a less maintenance-intensive housing option, allowing more time for leisure activities and travel. In recent months, we have noted a trend whereby a larger share of many household groups, regardless of age and income level, are choosing to rent, rather than purchase a home due to a variety of economic and lifestyle considerations.

Minnetonka Population Age Distribution, 2016-2021



The table on the following page shows data on the population age distribution for Minnetonka and the Twin Cities Metro Area as a whole. The 2010 population figures are from the U.S. Census. The age distribution estimates for 2016 and 2021 are from ESRI.

First, the data clearly illustrates the difference in the age distribution in Minnetonka, as compared to the metro area. Minnetonka¢s population base is older, with a median age of 46.2 compared to 37.0 for the metro area. We also note the large base of seniors in Minnetonka, where the age 65+ population comprises approximately 20% of the resident base, compared to 13% regionally. Minnetonka also has a large number of adults ages 55-64, comprising about 17% of the resident base, comparted to about 13% for the metro area as a whole. Many in this age group have become or will soon become õempty nesters,ö and will consider a housing product alternative to their current single-family home.

			Population	n Age Distr	ibution, 2010-	2021				
			Minnetonk	a and Twin	Cities Metro	Area				
	201	0	201	6	202	1	Change, 20	010-2016	Change, 20	16-2021
Area/Age Cohort	Number	Pct.	Number	Pct.	Number	Pct.	Number	Pct.	Number	Pct.
Minnetonka										
0 - 14	8,234	16.6%	7,981	15.4%	7,858	14.6%	(253)	-3.1%	(123)	-1.5%
15 - 24	5,069	10.2%	5,425	10.5%	5,368	10.0%	356	7.0%	(57)	-1.1%
25 - 34	5,933	11.9%	5,984	11.6%	5,989	11.1%	51	0.9%	5	0.1%
35 - 44	5,606	11.3%	5,735	11.1%	6,492	12.1%	129	2.3%	4 757	13.2%
45 - 54	8,450	17.0%	7,267	14.0%	6,578	12.2%	(1,183)	-14.0%	(689)	-9.5%
55 - 64	8,152	16.4%	8,933	17.3%	8,637	16.0%	781	9.6%	(296)	-3.3%
65 - 74	4,061	8.2%	5,806	11.2%	7,459	13.8%	1,745	43.0%	1,653	28.5%
75+	4,229	8.5%	4,621	8.9%	5,482	10.2%	392	9.3%	861	18.6%
Total	49,734	100.0%	51,752	100.0%	53,863	100.0%	2,018	4.1%	2,111	4.1%
Median Age	45.0		46.2		47.0					
					Note	"Gen Y" Gro	wth and aging t	trend		pty Nester' arket Growt
Twin Cities Metro Area										
0 - 14	580,998	20.4%	589,971	19.6%	599,760	19.0%	8,973	1.5%	9,789	1.7%
15 - 24	383,424	13.5%	399,349	13.3%	398,735	12.6%	15,925	4.2%	(614)	-0.2%
25 - 34	420,311	14.7%	432,515	14.4%	451,653	14.3%	12,204	2.9%	19,138	4.4%
35 - 44	391,324	13.7%	397,671	13.2%	436,966	13.8%	6,347	1.6%	39,295	9.9%
45 - 54	440,753	15.5%	416,777	13.9%	392,253	12.4%	(23,976)	-5.4%	(24,524)	-5.9%
55 - 64	326,007	11.4%	384,703	12.8%	403,670	12.8%	58,696	18.0%	18,967	4.9%
65 - 74	163,425	5.7%	227,901	7.6%	288,225	9.1%	64,476	39.5%	60,324 ▼	26.5%
75+	143,325	5.0%	159,817	5.3%	189,673	6.0%	16,492	11.5%	29,856	18.7%
Total	2,849,567	100.0%	3,008,704	100.0%	3,160,935	100.0%	159,137	5.6%	152,231	5.1%
Median Age	36.1		37.0		37.9					

The data also illustrates the aging of a very large group <u>Millennials</u> (also referred to as Generation "Y"), both within Minnetonka and regionally. The Twin Cities, in particular its urban submarkets and close-in suburbs, has seen a considerable influx of young renters over the past three to five years. This corresponds with a healthy economy, expanding business community, and new job opportunities throughout the region. With consistently low unemployment, Twin Cities businesses have been forced to recruit new workers from outside the region, prompting considerable in-migration of millennials to the Twin Cities.

The age distribution data shows growth and aging of many Twin Cities millennials into their late 30% and early 40%. The number of Twin Cities residents aged 25 to 34 is projected to grow by about 19,000 between 2016 and 2021, following growth of about 12,000 between 2010 and 2016. Meanwhile, the number of persons ages 35-44 in the Twin Cities metro area is expected to increase by more than 39,000 residents over the next five years, a very significant uptick. ESRI projects that Minnetonka will capture virtually no growth in age 25-34 population group, and only 757 residents ages 35-44 between 2016-2021, or less than 2% of regional population growth in the age 35-44 cohort. This relates in part to a very tight housing market and limited supply of new housing options in Minnetonka which meet the preferences and affordability threshold of many in these age groups.

We also note the impact of the large <u>Baby Boomer generation</u>. The number of persons in the metro area between the ages of 65-74 is forecast to grow by more than 60,000 between 2016 and 2021, following an increase of more than 64,000 over the past six years. This age group represents a potential market for both apartments and condos in markets such as Minnetonka. Recently, apartment leasing activity has been dominated by the Millennial segment, with fewer of these older adults and õempty nestersö moving in to new Twin Cities apartments. Many empty nesters have chosen to remain in their homes, indicating a preference for condos over apartments due to housing quality and lifestyle preferences. Some have opted for senior cooperative housing. The supply of new condos has been suppressed recently by a construction warranty law placing considerable risk on developers over an extended period. Recent legislation has appropriately overturned this, with this change expected to prompt a considerable uptick in condo development, while apartment and senior housing developers are expected to introduce new rental apartment products targeting active older adults ages 55 to 75.

HOUSEHOLD INCOMES

The table on the following page shows household age and income distribution data for Minnetonka and the Twin Cities Metro Area in 2016, and projected to 2021, according to ESRI forecast reports. The table shows the number of households by age and by income range. The table also presents the estimated median and average household incomes income for each household group.

Minnetonka, on average, is an affluent community. The median household income for the Minnetonka resident base in 2016 was estimated at \$86,559, compared to the metro area median income of \$67,795. The median household income in Minnetonka is projected to increase to \$99,801 in 2021, reflecting a 15% increase over five years. This compares to a similar increase of 16% for the Metro Area.

Senior households prominent in Minnetonka, with higher incomes compared to metro area -- Previously, we have noted that age of Minnetonka resident base. It is of interest here to compare household income levels across all age cohorts, but especially the older households, of which there are significant numbers in Minnetonka. In Minnetonka, the median household income for households ages 65-74 was estimated at \$76,457 in 2016, compared to \$58,732 for the metro area. The median for Minnetonka households aged 75+ was \$43,668, compared to \$36,436 for the metro area. The large number of senior households in Minnetonka, and the comparatively higher incomes of that senior resident base, are variables which attract senior housing developers. The increase in senior housing construction in and around the city of Minnetonka relates largely to these data points.

Significant number of households age 55-64 -- Also of note is the large group of older adult households ages 55-64 in Minnetonka, comprising an estimated 5,214 households in 2016, and their affluence, with a median income of \$107,639. Many in this group will age into their õempty nestö and/or retirement years over the next 5-10 years. Based on the current trend, many will continue to õage in place,ö remaining in their single- family homes. Others may consider senior housing alternatives, although senior housing products with age restrictions and meals/care offerings typically attract a somewhat older renter profile (typically 75+). Our assessment of household age & income data, paired with housing market factors, suggest that there may be an opportunity for developers to attract households who fall into the categories of õaging adult,ö õactive senior citizen,ö and/or õempty nesterö to alternative housing products such as condos or new rental apartment products targeting this demographic specifically. Age-restricted senior cooperative developments also fall into this category, and have had much recent success in Minnetonka.

Household Age & Income Distribution, 2016-2021 City of Minnetonka and Twin Cities Metro Area

					Minne	tonka						т	win Cities N	letro Area			
## Horsen Base \$2,777 506 \$2,946 \$3.163 \$4.068 \$5.244 \$3.613 \$3.209 \$1.792.77 \$42.211 \$20.543 \$21.545 \$23.41 \$1.792.77 \$45.000 \$34.5696 \$1.041 \$49 \$1.06 \$44 \$73 \$1.40 \$200 \$410 \$40.555 \$1.405 \$1.405 \$1.505 \$1					20	16							201	6			
\$15,000	Age of Householder	Totals	<25	25-34	35-44	45-54	55-64	65-74	75+	Totals	<25	25-34	35-44	45-54	55-64	65-74	75+
\$15,000,524,999	HH Income Base	22,717	506	2,946	3,163	4,066	5,214	3,613	3,209	1,179,277	48,231	203,543	215,524	236,126	227,315	141,435	107,103
	<\$15,000	1,084	45	129	88	104	205	156	357	100,309	10,575	18,824	12,906	12,341	17,655	11,231	16,777
\$55,000,949,999	\$15,000-\$24,999	1,101	49	136	84	73	143	206	410	81,044		13,498	9,715	8,580	11,192	13,068	18,152
\$50,000\$74,0999\$ \$2,922 \$25 \$44 \$499 \$159 \$100\$00\$\$149,099\$ \$1,000\$\$149,999\$ \$2,000\$\$149,99	\$25,000-\$34,999	1,620	69	243	164	164	229	293	458	92,443	6,874	18,077	13,815	11,871	12,654	13,157	15,995
\$75,000-\$99,999 \$ 2,922 \$ 52 \$ 442 \$ 459 \$ 519 \$ 723 \$ 510 \$ 217 \$ 308 \$ 209,841 \$ 3,622 \$ 30,336 \$ 32,64 \$ 37,008 \$ 32,010 \$ 18,003 \$ 0,957 \$ 5150,000 \$199,999 \$ 2,401 \$ 18 \$ 265 \$ 436 \$ 599 \$ 663 \$ 312 \$ 108 \$ 20,944 \$ 876 \$ 12,782 \$ 20,282 \$ 26,652 \$ 20,836 \$ 7,918 \$ 2,105 \$ 200,000 \$199,999 \$ 2,401 \$ 18 \$ 265 \$ 436 \$ 599 \$ 663 \$ 312 \$ 108 \$ 20,944 \$ 876 \$ 12,782 \$ 20,282 \$ 26,652 \$ 20,836 \$ 7,918 \$ 2,105 \$ 200,000 \$199,999 \$ 2,401 \$ 18 \$ 265 \$ 876,855 \$ \$102,536 \$ \$117,216 \$ \$107,639 \$ \$76,657 \$ \$34,667 \$ \$52,536 \$ \$34,04 \$ \$22,947 \$ 2,489 \$ 2,306 \$ 20,440 \$ 2	\$35,000-\$49,999	2,321	85	378	277	245	354	407	575	135,150	7,327	26,548	22,668	18,375	20,444	20,338	19,450
\$100,000-\$149,999	\$50,000-\$74,999	3,683	119	576	458	485	704	705	636	209,109	7,983	41,386	35,662	37,801	39,538	28,839	17,900
\$150,000\$199,999 \$4,000\$199,00	\$75,000-\$99,999	2,922	52	442	459	519	723		217	165,361	3,623	30,336	32,564	37,608	36,210	18,033	6,987
\$20,000+ \$3,288	\$100,000-\$149,999	4,297	57	587	661	979	1,128	577	308	209,848	3,441	34,601	47,739	53,426	43,914	19,352	7,375
Median Hincome \$86,599 \$50,646 \$75,455 \$102,536 \$117,216 \$107,639 \$76,457 \$43,668 \$67,795 \$34,667 \$62,526 \$83,240 \$99,965 \$81,757 \$58,732 \$336,436 \$40,405 \$40,005	\$150,000-\$199,999	2,401	18	265	436	599	663	312	108	92,054	876	12,782	20,828	26,652	20,836	7,918	2,162
Strate S	\$200,000+	3,288	12	190	536	898	1,065	447	140	93,960	693	7,491	19,627	29,472	24,872	9,499	2,306
## Age of Householder Totals	Median HH Income	\$86,559	\$50,646	\$75,455	\$102,536	\$117,216	\$107,639	\$76,457	\$43,668	\$67,795	\$34,667	\$62,526	\$83,240		\$81,757	\$58,732	\$36,436
Age of Householder Totals	Average HH Income	\$122,329	\$65,894	\$96,624	\$137,289	\$156,256	\$147,371	\$112,665	\$67,285	\$88,238	\$49,164	\$79,869	\$105,477	\$119,276	\$108,911	\$85,252	\$53,022
## Income Base 23,602 507 2,834 3,523 3,617 4,923 4,511 3,687 1,238,956 47,714 208,597 232,948 218,535 232,524 174,507 124,131 4,515,000 1,118 55 131 89 78 157 196 412 412 412,798 20,428 41,199 11,728 16,964 41,507 124,131 4,515,000 254,999 1,420 62 195 148 101 166 299 449 84,160 6,014 15,963 12,542 8,806 10,753 13,869 16,213 135,000-\$49,999 2,423 92 351 228 208 309 442 663 46,413 12,882 23,816 17,240 20,638 25,153 23,229 25,000-\$49,999 2,692 92 378 360 292 447 600 523 152,531 5,652 29,188 26,567 23,129 27,353 24,948 15,694 25,000-\$49,999 3,094 62 447 512 454 666 675 279 186,720 4,152 34,450 37,651 36,623 39,167 29,474 11,810 15,900-\$49,999 3,067 21 343 592 650 7,72 501 188 414,222 1,114 16,887 27,417 29,974 26,488 12,569 3,764					20:	21							202	1			
\$15,000 \$1,118 \$55 \$131 \$89 \$78 \$157 \$196 \$412 \$109,292 \$11,462 \$20,428 \$14,199 \$11,728 \$16,964 \$14,500 \$19,921 \$15,000 \$24,999 \$1,073 \$45 \$121 \$75 \$45 \$112 \$225 \$450 \$80,124 \$6,413 \$12,788 \$9,098 \$6,762 \$10,175 \$14,662 \$20,543,999 \$1,000 \$12,000 \$12,000 \$12,000 \$12,000 \$12,000 \$12,000 \$12,000 \$12,000 \$12,000 \$12,000 \$12,000 \$12,000 \$12,000 \$13,809 \$16,213 \$13,809 \$16,213 \$13,809 \$16,213 \$13,809 \$16,213 \$13,809 \$10,000 \$12,000	Age of Householder	Totals	<25	25-34	35-44	45-54	55-64	65-74	75+	Totals	<25	25-34	35-44	45-54	55-64	65-74	75+
\$15,000-\$24,999	HH Income Base	23,602	507	2,834	3,523	3,617	4,923	4,511	3,687	1,238,956	47,714	208,597	232,948	218,535	232,524	174,507	124,131
\$25,000-\$34,999	<\$15,000	1,118	55	131	89	78	157	196	412	109,292	11,462	20,428	14,199	11,728	16,964	14,590	19,921
\$35,000-\$49,999	\$15,000-\$24,999	1,073	45	121	75	45	112	225	450	80,124	6,413	12,798	9,098	6,762	10,175	14,662	20,216
\$50,000-\$74,999	\$25,000-\$34,999	1,420	62	195	148	101	166	299	449	84,160	6,014	15,963	12,542	8,806	10,753	13,869	16,213
\$75,000\$99,999 \$3,094 62 447 512 454 665 675 279 186,720 4,152 34,450 37,651 36,623 39,187 25,178 9,479 \$100,000\$149,999 4,951 65 664 793 922 1,195 848 484 253,099 4,031 41,697 58,354 55,123 52,627 29,457 11,810 8200,000+ 3,764 13 224 666 867 1,100 675 219 108,511 759 9,104 23,304 29,186 28,325 14,084 3,749 Median HH Income \$99,801 \$49,887 \$86,602 \$113,453 \$129,026 \$119,797 \$99,740 \$45,714 \$78,669 \$34,335 \$569,659 \$109,251 \$151,796 \$171,432 \$162,350 \$128,802 \$79,798 \$100,003 \$51,792 \$11,494 \$11,591 \$100,003 \$11,577 \$10,504 \$11,494	\$35,000-\$49,999	2,423	92	351	288	208	309	492	683	146,301	8,117	28,082	23,816	17,204	20,638	25,153	23,291
\$100,000-\$149,999	\$50,000-\$74,999	2,692	92	378	360	292	447	600	523	152,531	5,652	29,188	26,567	23,129	27,353	24,948	15,694
\$150,000-\$199,999	\$75,000-\$99,999	3,094	62	447	512	454	665	675	279	186,720	4,152	34,450	37,651	36,623	39,187	25,178	9,479
\$200,000+ 3,764 13 224 666 867 1,100 675 219 108,511 759 9,104 23,304 29,186 28,325 14,084 3,749 Median HH Income \$99,801 \$49,887 \$86,602 \$113,453 \$129,026 \$119,797 \$89,740 \$45,714 \$78,669 \$34,930 \$72,510 \$93,831 \$102,802 \$92,967 \$67,367 \$37,712 \$40,600 \$134,335 \$69,659 \$109,251 \$151,796 \$171,432 \$162,350 \$128,802 \$79,798 \$100,083 \$51,792 \$88,197 \$115,571 \$129,596 \$120,589 \$95,945 \$60,440 \$40,400 \$4	\$100,000-\$149,999	4,951	65	644	793	922	1,195	848	484	253,099	4,031	41,697	58,354	55,123	52,627	29,457	11,810
Median HI Income \$99,801 \$49,887 \$86,602 \$113,453 \$129,026 \$119,797 \$89,740 \$45,714 \$78,669 \$34,930 \$72,510 \$93,831 \$102,802 \$92,967 \$67,367 \$37,712 \$40,440 \$45,44	\$150,000-\$199,999	3,067	21	343	592	650	772	501	188	118,212	1,114	16,887	27,417	29,974	26,498	12,566	3,756
Average HH Income \$134,335 \$69,659 \$109,251 \$151,796 \$171,432 \$162,350 \$128,802 \$79,798 \$100,083 \$51,792 \$88,197 \$115,571 \$129,596 \$120,589 \$95,945 \$60,440 \$1,000	\$200,000+	3,764	13	224	666	867	1,100	675	219	108,511	759	9,104	23,304	29,186	28,325	14,084	3,749
Change, 2016-2021 Age of Householder Totals <25 25-34 35-44 45-54 55-64 65-74 75+ Totals <25 25-34 35-64 65-74 75+ Totals <25 25-34 35-44 45-54 55-64 65-74 75+ \$15,000 34 10 2 1 -26 -48	Median HH Income	\$99,801	\$49,887	\$86,602	\$113,453	\$129,026	\$119,797	\$89,740	\$45,714	\$78,669	\$34,930	\$72,510	\$93,831	\$102,802	\$92,967	\$67,367	\$37,712
Age of Householder Totals <25 25-34 35-44 45-54 55-64 66-74 75+ Totals <25 25-34 35-44 45-54 55-64 66-74 75+ Totals <25 25-34 35-44 45-54 55-64 66-74 75+ HH Income Base 885 1 -112 360 -449 -291 898 478 59,679 -517 5,054 17,424 -17,591 5,209 33,072 17,028 <\$15,000	Average HH Income	\$134,335	\$69,659	\$109,251	\$151,796	\$171,432	\$162,350	\$128,802	\$79,798	\$100,083	\$51,792	\$88,197	\$115,571	\$129,596	\$120,589	\$95,945	\$60,440
Age of Householder Totals <25 25-34 35-44 45-54 55-64 65-74 75+ Totals <25 25-34 35-44 45-54 55-64 66-74 75+ Totals <25 25-34 35-44 45-54 55-64 66-74 75+ HH Income Base 885 1 -112 360 -449 -291 898 478 59,679 -517 5,054 17,424 -17,591 5,209 33,072 17,028 <\$15,000					Change, 2	2016-2021							Change, 20	016-2021			
HH Income Base 885 1 -112 360 -449 -291 898 478 59,679 -517 5,054 17,424 -17,591 5,209 33,072 17,028 \$\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \	Age of Householder	Totals	<25	25-34	35-44	45-54	55-64	65-74	75+	Totals	<25	25-34	35-44	45-54	55-64	65-74	75+
\$15,000-\$24,999	HH Income Base	885	1	-112	360	-449	-291	898		59,679	-517	5,054	17,424	-17,591	5,209		17,028
\$25,000-\$34,999	<\$15,000	34	10	2	1	-26	-48	40	55	8,983	887	1,604	1,293	-613	-691	3,359	3,144
\$35,000-\$49,999	\$15,000-\$24,999	-28	-4	-15	-9	-28	-31	19	40	-920	-426	-700	-617	-1,818	-1,017	1,594	2,064
\$35,000-\$49,999	\$25,000-\$34,999	-200	-7	-48	-16	-63	-63	6	-9	-8,283	-860	-2,114	-1,273	-3,065	-1,901	712	218
\$75,000-\$99,999	\$35,000-\$49,999	102	7	-27	11	-37	-45	85	108	11,151	790	1,534	1,148	-1,171	194	4,815	3,841
\$75,000-\$99,999	\$50,000-\$74,999	-991	-27	-198	-98	-193	-257	-105	-113	-56,578	-2,331	-12,198	-9,095	-14,672	-12,185	-3,891	-2,206
\$150,000-\$199,999 666 3 78 156 51 109 189 80 26,158 238 4,105 6,589 3,322 5,662 4,648 1,594 \$200,000+ 476 1 34 130 -31 35 228 79 14,551 66 1,613 3,677 -286 3,453 4,585 1,443	\$75,000-\$99,999		10	5	53	-65	-58	165	62		529			-985			2,492
\$200,000+ 476 1 34 130 -31 35 228 79 14,551 66 1,613 3,677 -286 3,453 4,585 1,443	\$100,000-\$149,999	654	8	57	132	-57	67	271	176	43,251	590	7,096	10,615	1,697	8,713	10,105	4,435
\$200,000+ 476 1 34 130 -31 35 228 79 14,551 66 1,613 3,677 -286 3,453 4,585 1,443	\$150,000-\$199,999	666	3	78	156	51	109	189	80	26,158	238	4,105	6,589	3,322	5,662	4,648	1,594
Source: ESRI Business Information Solutions	\$200,000+	476	1	34	130	-31	35	228	79	14,551	66	1,613	3,677	-286	3,453	4,585	1,443
	Source: ESRI Business In	formation Sol	utions														

Minnetonka is home to only 1.5 % of metro area households ages 25-44 – In spite of its strong economic base, comprising an estimated 2.6% of regional employment, with growing businesses working to attract employees from throughout the country and internationally, Minnetonka is home to only about 1.9% of metro area households, and 1.5% of those ages 25-44. From our analysis, we are aware that this is partly due to the housing supply in the community, which features large numbers of older single family homes, many of which are occupied by older adults or seniors who are õaging in place.ö Meanwhile, Minnetonka until very recently has seen limited development of new housing products (for rent or sale) which might appeal to younger households. This includes young Millennials ages 25-34, who are a prime segment of the apartment market. Meanwhile, the leading edge of the Millennial generation will age into their late 30s to early 40s in the coming 5-10 years and will consider new housing alternatives. For some this may be a first home purchase, perhaps a single-family home. Others will continue to rent, while some will seek alternative purchase options such as townhomes or condominium residences.

HOUSEHOLD TENURE

The table below presents data on household tenure (the number of owners and renters) for Minnetonka and the Twin Cities Metro Area for 2010 (per U.S. Census) and 2016 (per ESRI estimates).

	House City of Minnetonk	hold Tenur a and Twin		Area		
	201	10	201	6	Change, 2	010-2016
Area / Housing Type	No.	Pct.	No.	Pct.	No.	Pct.
Minnetonka						
Owner Occupied Units	16,076	73.4%	16,476	72.5%	400	2.5%
Renter Occupied Units	5,825	26.6%	6,241	27.5%	416	7.1%
Total Occupied Units	21,901	100.0%	22,717	100.0%	816	3.7%
Twin Cities Metro Area						
Ow ner Occupied Units	782,475	70.0%	814,595	69.1%	32,120	4.1%
Renter Occupied Units	335,274	30.0%	364,682	30.9%	29,408	8.8%
Total Occupied Units	1,117,749	100.0%	1,179,277	100.0%	61,528	5.5%
Sources: US Census; ESRI Busi	ness Information	Solutions				

In 2016, according to estimates by ESRI, Minnetonka was home to an estimated 16,476 (72.5%) home owners and 6,241 (27.5%) renters. By comparison, an estimated 30.9% of metro area households rented their housing. Minnetonka was home to an estimated 1.7% of the metro area renter households in 2016, and 2.0% of the region homeowners.

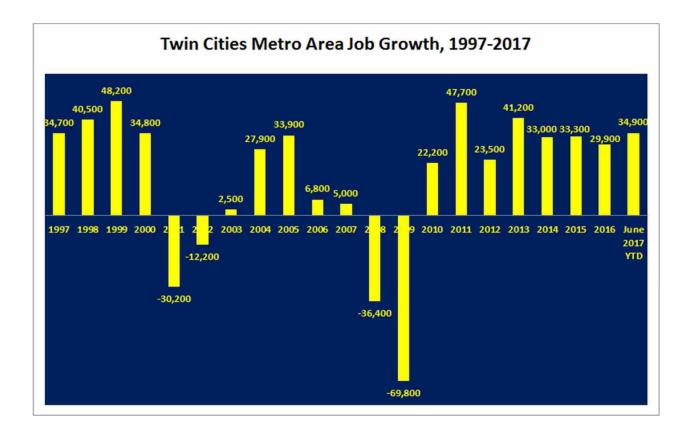
Increasing propensity among households to rent, rather than buy -- From our analysis of recent apartment developments in the Twin Cities and interviews with property managers, we are aware that many household groups at a full range of income levels are currently showing a much greater propensity to rent, rather than buy, in the Twin Cities market, particularly in urban locations, but also suburban sites with good access to employment nodes and goods/services. There are several lifestyle and economic factors which contribute to this trend:

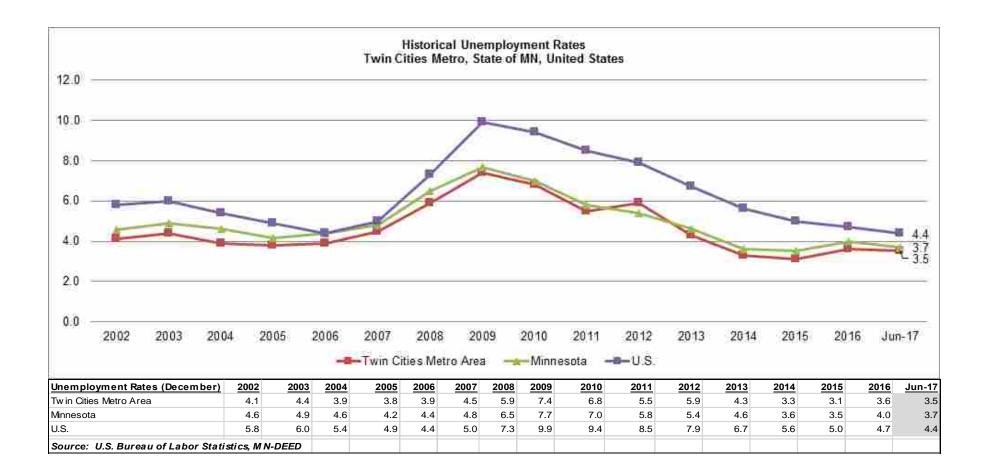
- Supply side issues -- For one, we have seen a considerable increase in the supply of attractive new apartments in the metro area, with apartment construction being very active. Meanwhile, for those preferring a multifamily housing product, rental apartments are simply more available. Meanwhile, there have been very, very few condos added in the region for several months. Also compared to apartments, there have been far fewer new for-sale housing units added recently such as townhomes or single-family homes in both urban and suburban markets
- *Mobility* -- Mobility is particularly important to young renters, who have shown a tendency to move with greater frequency, often related to a job change. Renting provides mobility, while homeownership can create challenges related to moving in todayos marketplace, as there is much uncertainty regarding sale price and the time required to market and sell a home.
- Lack of savings for down payment -- We are also aware that down payment requirements are having an impact on the rent vs. buy decision, particularly for young renters. Many lenders now require a 10% to 20% down payment, depending on a variety of factors, which on a \$400,000 condo or house equates to approximately \$40,000 to \$80,000. Those in the early stages of their careers are much less likely to have enough savings for such a down payment, even though they may have a very good job and earn a relatively high income.
- **Debt, specifically student loan debt** -- Many young households, while perhaps earning a good income, are carrying significant college debt. According to a 2016 national study by the Institute for College Access and Success, Minnesota ranked 6th highest in the U.S. in terms of student debt. According to the study, 70% of Minnesota college students graduated during the prior year with at least some debt. The average debt load for a MN college student that year was \$31,526.

ECONOMY AND JOB GROWTH

We have also examined local and regional economic trends, including business development and job growth & hiring trends, as well as unemployment statistics. The graph on the following page shows annual employment increases (or declines, in some years) for the 13-county Twin Cities Metro Area, according data from the Minnesota Department of Employment and Economic Development. It is important to note that the employment numbers presented here represent the defined 13-county metro area, while the employment figures presented previously in this chapter were sourced from the Met Council and covered the 7-county metro area.

The Twin Cities economy suffered through a serious recession, shedding more than 106,000 jobs in 2008-2009, dwarfing the prior recession of 2001-2002, when about 42,000 jobs were lost. The Twin Cities economy entered a recovery phase beginning in 2010 and remains one of the most robust economies nationally. Since the beginning of 2011, the 13-county metro area has seen the addition of more than 243,000 jobs, representing a full recovery from the recession, with sustained economic growth over several months. Current Twin Cities employment surpasses the pre-recession mark by nearly 154,000 jobs. Year-to-date job growth is estimated at 34,900 through June 30, 2017, according to Mn-DEED statistics. This total is more than total annual job growth during each of the past three full years. Unemployment now stands at 3.5% in the Twin Cities Metro Area (as of June 2017), compared to 3.7% statewide and 4.4% nationally.





Average Annual Unemployment for Minnetonka Residents



Minnetonka unemployment consistently lower than metro area 6 The graph on the preceding page shows historical unemployment rates for the City of Minnetonka and the metro area. Current unemployment in Minnetonka, at 3.1% as of June 2017, is even lower than the 3.5% unemployment rate for the metro area. This trend has held true for several years, with Minnetonka unemployment rates tracking below that of the region.

Relating labor force issues & job growth to housing needs -- Economists and employers together have noted the impacts related to more limited availability of labor, with unemployment declining to the low to mid 3% range over several months. As such, many Twin Cities businesses are forced to recruit new employees from beyond the immediate region. This has, in turn, fueled considerable in-migration to the metro area, with a corresponding demand for added housing. Many of these relocating employees are choosing to rent, rather than buy, at least initially in the Twin Cities market. Some will seek to become homeowners over time, although large numbers will rent long term, and perhaps permanently, due to the varied lifestyle and economic factors noted previously.

Employment by Industry

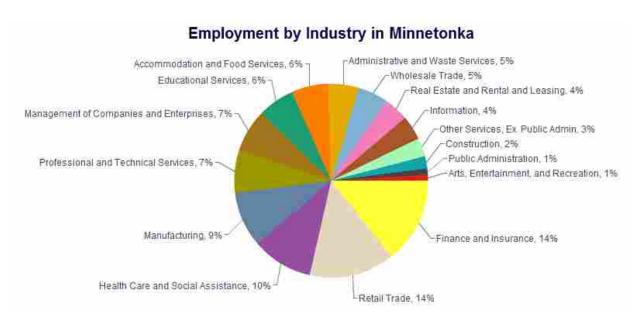
In developing an understanding of housing needs, it is also important to examine job growth trends and the types of jobs being added within the regional economy. We have evaluated historical job growth by industry sector for the Twin Cities Metro Area from MN-DEED. The table on the following page shows the change in employment by industry, by year, for 2006 year-end through mid-year 2017. When 106,000 jobs were lost during the recession of 2008-2009, the Trade, Transportation and Utilities Sector (-33,700 jobs) and the Manufacturing Sector (-30,600 jobs) were hit particularly hard. All sectors saw significant employment declines during this timeframe, with the exception of Education and Health Services, which continued to expand throughout the recession, adding a total of 13,500 employees between 2007 and 2009.

The regional economy has since improved greatly, and continues to expand. Total employment in June 2017 surpassed the pre-recession level by nearly 154,000 jobs. Almost every industry sector has shown a marked increase in employment over the past 2-5 years. Weøve noted considerable growth in Business and Professional Services, along with Education and Health Services since 2010. More recently, there have been notable increases in Manufacturing employment, as well as Construction.

In 2016, 29,900 jobs were added in the metro area, following 33,000 during each of the prior two years. Growth during the first half of 2017 was tremendous, with job growth estimated at 34,900. Through the first six months of 2017, the Twin Cities saw big employment gains in a number of sectors, notably Professional & Business Services (+12,300 jobs), Leisure & Hospitality (+11,200), Trade, Transportation & Utilities (+9,400), and Manufacturing (+6,700).

				(uata	in thousan	Twin Cities Seasonally Adjusted Employment by Industry, 2006-2017 (13-County Metro Area) (data in thousands)							
Date	Total Nonfarm	Construction	Manufacturing	Trade, Transport.	Information	Financial Activities	Professional & Bus Services	Education & Health Services	Leisure &	Other Services	Government		
December 2006	1,842.8	83.1	207.2	353.3	42.9	145.3	273.7	247.2	163.2	78.2	248.7		
December 2007	1,847.8	77.2	204.9	354.6	43.3	144.5	276.5	258.3	166.1	78.4	244.0		
December 2008	1,811.4	66.7	195.3	339.0	42.3	141.4	270.5	267.5	162.8	78.4	247.5		
December 2009	1,741.6	59.2	174.3	320.9	40.3	138.8	259.5	271.8	157.6	76.8	242.4		
December 2010	1,763.8	55.6	178.7	324.0	40.2	141.1	270.1	276.6	158.1	76.6	242.8		
December 2011	1,811.5	59.5	183.3	331.7	41.0	141.5	286.7	286.7	164.1	78.5	238.4		
December 2012	1,835.0	61.9	185.4	333.6	40.7	144.1	288.5	293.4	167.2	78.5	241.7		
December 2013	1,876.2	68.3	187.5	340.3	40.0	145.2	294.6	303.9	172.3	78.4	245.7		
December 2014	1,909.2	71.7	193.5	345.6	39.7	145.4	303.8	306.8	176.1	80.5	246.0		
December 2015	1,942.5	70.1	196.1	342.1	39.4	149.5	313.8	320.0	184.6	80.1	247.1		
December 2016	1,972.4	76.4	194.3	350.1	38.9	151.2	316.8	333.4	175.5	84.1	251.6		
June 2017	2,007.3	81.4	201.0	359.5	37.9	142.8	329.1	338.7	186.7	80.1	250.1		
Annual Change													
2006-07	5.0	-5.9	-2.3	1.3	0.4	-0.8	2.8	11.1	2.9	0.2	-4.7		
2007-08	-36.4	-10.5	-9.6	-15.6	-1.0	-3.1	-6.0	9.2	-3.3	0.0	3.5		
2008-09	-69.8	-7.5	-21.0	-18.1	-2.0	-2.6	-11.0	4.3	-5.2	-1.6	-5.1		
2009-10	22.2	-3.6	4.4	3.1	-0.1	2.3	10.6	4.8	0.5	-0.2	0.4		
2010-11	47.7	3.9	4.6	7.7	0.8	0.4	16.6	10.1	6.0	1.9	-4.4		
2011-12	23.5	2.4	2.1	1.9	-0.3	2.6	1.8	6.7	3.1	0.0	3.3		
2012-13	41.2	6.4	2.1	6.7	-0.7	1.1	6.1	10.5	5.1	-0.1	4.0		
2013-14	33.0	3.4	6.0	5.3	-0.3	0.2	9.2	2.9	3.8	2.1	0.3		
2014-15	33.3	-1.6	2.6	-3.5	-0.3	4.1	10.0	13.2	8.5	-0.4	1.1		
2015-16	29.9	6.3	-1.8	8.0	-0.5	1.7	3.0	13.4	-9.1	4.0	4.5		
June 2017 YTD	34.9	5.0	6.7	9.4	-1.0	-8.4	12.3	5.3	11.2	-4.0	-1.5		

Employment by industry for the City of Minnetonka is shown below, sourced again from MN-DEED. The data clearly illustrates the diversity of the local economy. Finance and Insurance is the leading industry sector, with 13.7% of the workforce (6,148 employees) based in Minnetonka, followed closely by Retail Trade with 13.6% of the workforce (6,076 employees). Healthcare & Social Assistance is the only other industry sector with more than 10% of employment in Minnetonka, with 4,568 employees.



Employment by Industry, 2016 City of Minnetonka					
Industry	# of Jobs	Pct.			
Accommodation and Food Services	2,602	5.8%			
Administrative and Waste Services	2,427	5.4%			
All Other Industries	129	0.3%			
Arts, Entertainment, and Recreation	511	1.1%			
Construction	1,037	2.3%			
Educational Services	2,775	6.2%			
Finance and Insurance	6,148	13.7%			
Information	1,832	4.1%			
Health Care and Social Assistance	4,568	10.2%			
Management of Companies and Enterprises	3,258	7.3%			
Manufacturing	4,201	9.4%			
Other Services, Ex. Public Admin	1,340	3.0%			
Professional and Technical Services	3,327	7.4%			
Public Administration	564	1.3%			
Real Estate and Rental and Leasing	1,851	4.1%			
Retail Trade	6,076	13.6%			
Transportation and Warehousing	2,142	4.8%			
Total	44,788	100.0%			
Source: MN-Dept. of Employment & Economic Developme	ent (MN-DEED)				

Employment & Wages - Twin Cities Metro Area & City of Minnetonka

We also examined industry employment and wages in Minnetonka, and for the 7-county metro area, as shown below. This data is sourced from MN-DEED Quarterly Census of Employment & Wages. Employee (by place of work) wages for most, but not all, industry sectors are higher in the City of Minnetonka, when compared to the metro area. MN-DEED estimates an average weekly wage of \$1,481 for Minnetonka-based employees in 2016, compared to \$1,181 for the metro area.

,	tonka & Twin Cities N	1011 0 All Cu (1 001			
	Employme	ent	Employee Earnings		
	#	Pct.	Avg. Weekly Wage	Annual	
City of Minnetonka					
Natural Resources and Mining (1011)	10	0.0%	N/A	N/A	
Construction (1012)	1,083	2.4%	\$1,293	\$67,236	
Manufacturing (1013)	4,210	9.3%	\$1,400	\$72,800	
Trade, Transportation and Utilities (1021)	8,420	18.7%	\$1,087	\$56,524	
Information (1022)	1,890	4.2%	\$1,850	\$96,200	
Financial Activities (1023)	8,275	18.4%	\$2,098	\$109,096	
Professional and Business Services (1024)	9,031	20.0%	\$2,194	\$114,088	
Education and Health Services (1025)	7,282	16.1%	\$762	\$39,624	
Leisure and Hospitality (1026)	2,968	6.6%	\$450	\$23,400	
Other Services (1027)	1,379	3.1%	\$1,640	\$85,280	
Public Administration (1028)	542	1.2%	\$892	\$46,384	
Total	45,090	100.0%	\$1,481	\$76,994	
7-County Twin Cities Metro Area					
Natural Resources and Mining (1011)	3,414	0.2%	N/A	N/A	
Construction (1012)	68,302	4.0%	\$1,439	\$74,828	
Manufacturing (1013)	169,480	9.8%	\$1,439	\$74,828	
Trade, Transportation and Utilities (1021)	326,459	18.9%	\$1,001	\$52,052	
Information (1022)	37,135	2.2%	\$1,544	\$80,288	
Financial Activities (1023)	130,955	7.6%	\$1,812	\$94,224	
Professional and Business Services (1024)	293,955	17.0%	\$1,597	\$83,044	
Education and Health Services (1025)	401,980	23.3%	\$986	\$51,272	
Leisure and Hospitality (1026)	166,624	9.7%	\$497	\$25,844	
Other Services (1027)	56,592	3.3%	\$688	\$35,776	
Public Administration (1028)	69,284	4.0%	\$1,182	\$61,464	
Total	1,724,180	100.0%	\$1,181	\$61,436	

If we assume that households will spend up to 30% of their incomes on housing costs, we can also estimate the maximum monthly housing cost associated with each industry sector, based on the median income, and applying this 30% maximum threshold. We also must make some assumptions regarding the number of workers per household, ranging from 1.0 to 1.5 and 2.0 workers per households as shown on the following page.

Employment & Wages by Industry (2016) City of Minnetonka & Twin Cities Metro Area (7 counties)						
	Employment # Pct.		Average Annual Earnings/Worker	Maximum Monthly Housing # of Workers per Housel 1.0 1.5		•
City of Minnestanka			<u> </u>			
City of Minnetonka						
Natural Resources and Mining (1011)	10	0.0%	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Construction (1012)	1,083	2.4%	\$67,236	\$1,681	\$2,521	\$3,362
Manufacturing (1013)	4,210	9.3%	\$72,800	\$1,820	\$2,730	\$3,640
Trade, Transportation and Utilities (1021)	8,420	18.7%	\$56,524	\$1,413	\$2,120	\$2,826
Information (1022)	1,890	4.2%	\$96,200	\$2,405	\$3,608	\$4,810
Financial Activities (1023)	8,275	18.4%	\$109,096	\$2,727	\$4,091	\$5,455
Professional and Business Services (1024)	9,031	20.0%	\$114,088	\$2,852	\$4,278	\$5,704
Education and Health Services (1025)	7,282	16.1%	\$39,624	\$991	\$1,486	\$1,981
Leisure and Hospitality (1026)	2,968	6.6%	\$23,400	\$585	\$878	\$1,170
Other Services (1027)	1,379	3.1%	\$85,280	\$2,132	\$3,198	\$4,264
Public Administration (1028)	542	1.2%	\$46,384	\$1,160	\$1,739	\$2,319
Total	45,090	100.0%	\$76,994	\$1,925	\$2,887	\$3,850
7-County Twin Cities Metro Area						
Natural Resources and Mining (1011)	3,414	0.2%	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Construction (1012)	68,302	4.0%	\$74,828	\$1,871	\$2,806	\$3,741
Manufacturing (1013)	169,480	9.8%	\$74,828	\$1,871	\$2,806	\$3,741
Trade, Transportation and Utilities (1021)	326,459	18.9%	\$52,052	\$1,301	\$1,952	\$2,603
Information (1022)	37,135	2.2%	\$80,288	\$2,007	\$3,011	\$4,014
Financial Activities (1023)	130,955	7.6%	\$94,224	\$2,356	\$3,533	\$4,711
Professional and Business Services (1024)	293,955	17.0%	\$83,044	\$2,076	\$3,114	\$4,152
Education and Health Services (1025)	401,980	23.3%	\$51,272	\$1,282	\$1,923	\$2,564
Leisure and Hospitality (1026)	166,624	9.7%	\$25,844	\$646	\$969	\$1,292
Other Services (1027)	56,592	3.3%	\$35,776	\$894	\$1,342	\$1,789
Public Administration (1028)	69,284	4.0%	\$61,464	\$1,537	\$2,305	\$3,073
	1,724,180	100.0%	\$61,436	\$1,536	\$2,304	\$3,072

It is apparent that single workers in some industries are more likely to experience difficulty in finding affordable housing near their place of work. For example, in Minnetonka, single persons working in the *Leisure & Hospitality* Sector (which includes a large number of restaurant jobs), *Public Administration* and *Education & Health Services* are likely to experience difficulty in finding housing in the community that is affordable to them. Both of these are significant industries in Minnetonka, as Average rents for 1BR and 2BR apartments in Minnetonka are shown below.

Minnetonka Avg. Apartment Rents by Unit Type (2017 mid-year)

1BR: \$1,107 2BR: \$1,292

Meanwhile, the average home sale price in Minnetonka during the first half of 2017 was approximately \$386,000. Assuming a 5% down payment and a 30-yr. mortgage at 4.5%, the corresponding monthly housing cost at this price point is in excess of \$2,100, including taxes and

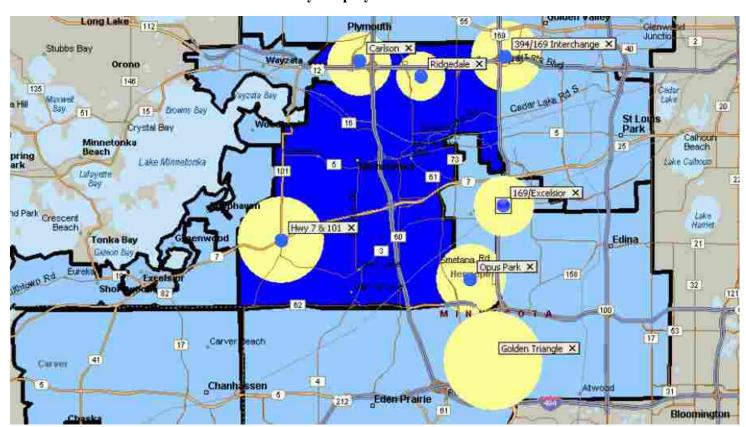
insurance. Single workers earning the average salary in 7 out of the 11 primary industries shown for Minnetonka would not be able to afford such a mortgage.

Another, and perhaps more relevant issue here is that of <u>scarcity</u>. For those workers seeking housing in Minnetonka presently, there is very limited availability. The issues of supply and demand are addressed in later sections of the report. To summarize, though, our analysis indicates a current vacancy rate of just 2.1% for 1BR apartments in Minnetonka, and 2.0% for 2BR apartments. So, even though a substantial stock of naturally occurring exists in Minnetonka, it is very well occupied. Further complicating the problem from a renters perspective is the rising cost of rental housing, as 1BR rents are up 9% year-over-year, while 2BR rents are up almost 5%.

Key Employment Nodes

Additionally, we identified and analyzed the business mix and employee base in several key employment nodes, both within and peripheral to the City of Minnetonka. Seven key employment nodes were analyzed, herein referred to as 1) Opus, 2) Golden Triangle, 3) US 169/Excelsior Blvd., 4) 394/169 Interchange, 5) Ridgedale, 6) Carlson, and 7) Hwy 101 & 7. These nodes are not meant to be cumulatively exhaustive, (or mutually exclusive) and are simply those areas with large concentrations of jobs.

Key Employment Nodes



Presented on the following pages is a tabular summary of the business mix (# of businesses by sector) and the number of employees (by place of work) in each of the seven nodes. Below is a summary of the employment base, with important industry sectors and major employers in each node.

Key Employment Nodes						
			Summary	Statistics		
Key Job Nodes	Total Employment	No. of Businesses	Average Business Size	Key Industries (# of Jobs)	Major Employers	
Carlson Center Area (I-494 & I-394)	24,308	609	40	Health Care & Socal Assistance (6,817), Accomodation & Food Services (5,209), Manfuacturing (4,172), F.I.R.E. (2,469)	Carlson Companies, Michael Foods	
Golden Triangle Area	19,736	760	26	Retail (3,704), Professional & Business Services (2,839), Manufacturing (2,541), FIRE (2,540), Wholsale Trade (2,229)	Optum, Starkey Hearing, Super Valu, Cigna, CH Robinson	
I-394/US 169 Interchange Area	19,551	873	22	Manufacturing (6,671), Retail (2,280), Professional & Business Services (2,280)	General Mills	
Opus Park Area	14,845	640	23	FIRE (3,169), Wholesale Trade (2,087), Professional & Business Services (1,693)	United Health Group, Opus, Boston Scientific, G&K Services	
US 169/Excelsior Blvd Area	14,356	741	19	Professional, Scientific & Technical Services (4,667), Retail (2,436)	Cargill, Super Valu	
Ridgedale Area	9,735	653	15	Retail (4,512), Accomodation & Food Services (1,138)	Ridgedale Center (shopping mall), Target	
Hwy 7 & 101 Area Sources: ESRI, Greater MSP-MpIs/St.	2,879 Paul Regional	277 Economic Dev	10 relopment	Retail (602), Information (405)	Target, Cub Foods	
Partnership						

More than 100,000 workers are based at businesses within these seven key employment nodes. Presented previously in this section was a summary of weekly wages and estimated annual income levels for primary industries in Minnetonka, with a discussion of corresponding housing affordability. Planning initiatives relating to housing, both city-wide and within or proximate to each of these key employment centers, should certainly consider the dynamics of the employee base and their earnings. We are aware from our research and interviews that Minnetonka employers, and many throughout the metro area, are recruiting large numbers of new workers to the region, with many showing a preference to live close to their place of work.

Carlson Center Area (I-494/I-394)



Carlson Center Area

Data for all businesses in area	0 - 1 mile
Total Businesses:	609
Total Employees:	24,308
Total Residential Population:	5,127
Employee/Residential Population Ratio (per 100 Residents)	474

Employee/Residential Population Ratio (per 100 Residents)		474	•	
	Busin	esses	Emplo	yees
by NAICS Codes	Number	Percent	Number	Percent
Agriculture, Forestry, Fishing & Hunting	0	0.0%	1	0.0%
Mining	1	0.2%	3	0.0%
Utilities	0	0.0%	0	0.0%
Construction	24	3.9%	112	0.5%
Manufacturing	22	3.6%	4,172	17.2%
Wholesale Trade	17	2.8%	170	0.7%
Retail Trade	54	8.9%	1,212	5.0%
Motor Vehicle & Parts Dealers	7	1.1%	380	1.6%
Furniture & Home Furnishings Stores	5	0.8%	15	0.1%
Electronics & Appliance Stores	3	0.5%	45	0.2%
Bldg Material & Garden Equipment & Supplies Dealers	3	0.5%	26	0.1%
Food & Beverage Stores	5	0.8%	229	0.9%
Health & Personal Care Stores	5	0.8%	39	0.2%
Gasoline Stations	0	0.0%	1	0.0%
Clothing & Clothing Accessories Stores	7	1.1%	70	0.3%
Sport Goods, Hobby, Book, & Music Stores	4	0.7%	56	0.2%
General Merchandise Stores	1	0.2%	111	0.5%
Miscellaneous Store Retailers	10	1.6%	109	0.4%
Nonstore Retailers	3	0.5%	130	0.5%
Transportation & Warehousing	4	0.7%	584	2.4%
Information	20	3.3%	382	1.6%
Finance & Insurance	102	16.7%	2,469	10.2%
Central Bank/Credit Intermediation & Related Activities	15	2.5%	252	1.0%
Securities, Commodity Contracts & Other Financial	53	8.7%	590	2.4%
Insurance Carriers & Related Activities; Funds, Trusts &	33	5.4%	1,627	6.7%
Real Estate, Rental & Leasing	40	6.6%	282	1.2%
Professional, Scientific & Tech Services	112	18.4%	1,401	5.8%
Legal Services	35	5.7%	187	0.8%
Management of Companies & Enterprises	2	0.3%	10	0.0%
Administrative & Support & Waste Management &	31	5.1%	716	2.9%
Educational Services	12	2.0%	214	0.9%
Health Care & Social Assistance	58	9.5%	6,817	28.0%
Arts, Entertainment & Recreation	5	0.8%	22	0.1%
Accommodation & Food Services	21	3.4%	5,209	21.4%
Accommodation	9	1.5%	5,008	20.6%
Food Services & Drinking Places	12	2.0%	201	0.8%
Other Services (except Public Administration)	33	5.4%	523	2.2%
Automotive Repair & Maintenance	8	1.3%	279	1.1%
Public Administration	0	0.0%	0	0.0%
	, and the second	2.0.0	J	3.0 70
Unclassified Establishments	51	8.4%	10	0.0%
	3-		0	
Total	609	100.0%	24,308	100.0%
	555		,550	

Golden Triangle Area



Golden Triangle Area

Data for all businesses in area	0 - 1 mile
Total Businesses:	760
Total Employees:	19,736
Total Residential Population:	1,965
Employee/Residential Population Ratio (per 100 Residents)	1,004

Total Residential Population.	1,905				
Employee/Residential Population Ratio (per 100 Residents)		1,00	4		
	Busin	esses	Emplo	yees	
by NAICS Codes	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	
Agriculture, Forestry, Fishing & Hunting	2	0.3%	6	0.0%	
Mining	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	
Utilities	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	
Construction	29	3.8%	422	2.1%	
Manufacturing	65	8.6%	2,541	12.9%	
Wholesale Trade	78	10.3%	2,229	11.3%	
Retail Trade	70	9.2%	3,704	18.8%	
Motor Vehicle & Parts Dealers	6	0.8%	29	0.1%	
Furniture & Home Furnishings Stores	4	0.5%	27	0.1%	
Electronics & Appliance Stores	12	1.6%	101	0.5%	
Bldg Material & Garden Equipment & Supplies Dealers	7	0.9%	37	0.2%	
Food & Beverage Stores	4	0.5%	790	4.0%	
Health & Personal Care Stores	7	0.9%	1,451	7.4%	
Gasoline Stations	1	0.1%	3	0.0%	
Clothing & Clothing Accessories Stores	4	0.5%	19	0.1%	
Sport Goods, Hobby, Book, & Music Stores	7	0.9%	135	0.7%	
General Merchandise Stores	3	0.4%	33	0.2%	
Miscellaneous Store Retailers	8	1.1%	59	0.3%	
Nonstore Retailers	6	0.8%	1,021	5.2%	
Transportation & Warehousing	11	1.4%	140	0.7%	
Information	40	5.3%	1,936	9.8%	
Finance & Insurance	66	8.7%	2,540	12.9%	
Central Bank/Credit Intermediation & Related Activities	13	1.7%	1,371	6.9%	
Securities, Commodity Contracts & Other Financial	20	2.6%	123	0.6%	
Insurance Carriers & Related Activities; Funds, Trusts &	34	4.5%	1,047	5.3%	
Real Estate, Rental & Leasing	35	4.6%	597	3.0%	
Professional, Scientific & Tech Services	123	16.2%	2,839	14.4%	
Legal Services	10	1.3%	134	0.7%	
Management of Companies & Enterprises	3	0.4%	13	0.1%	
Administrative & Support & Waste Management &	27	3.6%	422	2.1%	
Educational Services	15	2.0%	373	1.9%	
Health Care & Social Assistance	41	5.4%	638	3.2%	
Arts, Entertainment & Recreation	16	2.1%	325	1.6%	
Accommodation & Food Services	25	3.3%	682	3.5%	
Accommodation	6	0.8%	227	1.2%	
Food Services & Drinking Places	19	2.5%	454	2.3%	
Other Services (except Public Administration)	35	4.6%	264	1.3%	
Automotive Repair & Maintenance	6	0.8%	79	0.4%	
Public Administration	3	0.4%	36	0.2%	
Unclassified Establishments	76	10.0%	29	0.1%	
Total	760	100.0%	19,736	100.0%	
			,		

Page 25 Marquette Advisors

I-394/US 169 Interchange Area



US 169/I-394 Interchange Area

Data for all businesses in area	0 - 1 mile
Total Businesses:	873
Total Employees:	19,551
Total Residential Population:	6,273
Employee/Residential Population Ratio (per 100 Residents)	312

Employee/Residential Population Ratio (per 100 Residents) Busin⇒set Number Percent Employees by NAICS Codes Number Percent Number Percent Number Percent Agriculture, Forestry, Fishing & Hunting 1 0.1% 10 0.0% Utilities 0 0.0% 0 0.0% Construction 49 5.6% 559 3.0% Manufacturing 48 5.5% 569 3.0% Molorsale Trade 37 4.2% 813 4.2% Motor Vehicle & Parts Dealers 15 1.7% 1,003 1.1% Motor Vehicle & Parts Dealers 4 0.5% 17 0.1% Electronics & Appliance Stores 4 0.5% 17 0.1% Electronics & Appliance Stores 9 1.0% 123 1.2% Health & Personal Care Stores 12 1.4% 198 1.0% Health & Personal Care Stores 5 0.6% 25 0.1% Gasoline Stations 3 0.3% 31 0.2%	Total Residential Population:		6,27	3		
by NAICS Codes Number Percent Number Percent Agriculture, Forestry, Fishing & Hunting 1 0.1% 3 0.0% Mining 1 0.1% 10 0.1% Utilities 0 0.0% 0 0.0% Construction 49 5.6% 589 3.0% Manufacturing 48 5.5% 6,671 34.1% Wholesale Trade 37 4.2% 81.3 4.2% Motor Vehicle & Parts Dealers 15 1.7% 1,003 5.1% Furniture & Home Furnishings Stores 15 1.7% 1,003 5.1% Furniture & Home Furnishings Stores 9 1.0% 156 0.8% Bldg Material & Garden Equipment & Supplies Dealers 9 1.0% 238 1.2% Food & Beverage Stores 12 1.4% 198 1.0% Health & Personal Care Stores 5 0.6% 25 0.1% Gasoline Stations 3 0.3% 31 0.2%	Employee/Residential Population Ratio (per 100 Residents)	312				
Agriculture, Forestry, Fishing & Hunting 1 0.1% 3 0.0% Mining 1 0.1% 10 0.1% Utilities 0 0.0% 0 0.0% Construction 49 5.6% 589 3.0% Manufacturing 48 5.5% 6,671 34.1% Wholesale Trade 37 4.2% 813 4.2% Retail Trade 95 10.9% 2,280 11.7% Motor Vehicle & Parts Dealers 15 1.7% 1,003 5.1% Furniture & Home Furnishings Stores 4 0.5% 17 0.1% Electronics & Appliance Stores 9 1.0% 156 0.8% Biddy Material & Garden Equipment & Supplies Dealers 9 1.0% 156 0.8% Biddy Material & Garden Equipment & Supplies Dealers 9 1.0% 156 0.8% Biddy Material & Garden Equipment & Supplies Dealers 9 1.0% 156 0.8% Biddy Material & Garden Equipment & Supplies Dealers 9		Businesses Er			Employees	
Mining 1 0.1% 10 0.1% Utilities 0 0.0% 0 0.0% Construction 49 5.6% 589 3.0% Manufacturing 48 5.5% 6,671 34.1% Wholesale Trade 37 4.2% 813 4.2% Retail Trade 95 10.9% 2,280 11.7% Motor Vehicle & Parts Dealers 15 1.7% 1,003 5.1% Furniture & Home Furnishings Stores 15 1.7% 1,003 5.1% Flumiture & Home Furnishings Stores 15 1.7% 1,003 5.1% Flumiture & Home Furnishings Stores 15 1.7% 1,003 5.1% Electronics & Appliance Stores 9 1.0% 128 1.2% Bldg Material & Garden Equipment & Supplies Dealers 9 1.0% 238 1.2% Food & Beverage Stores 12 1.4% 198 1.0% Gasoline Stations 3 0.3% 1 2.2%	by NAICS Codes	Number	Percent	=	-	
Utilities 0 0.0% 0 0.0% Construction 49 5.6% 589 3.0% Manufacturing 48 5.5% 6,671 34.1% Wholesale Trade 37 4.2% 813 4.2% Retail Trade 95 10.9% 2,280 11.7% Motor Vehicle & Parts Dealers 15 1.7% 1,003 5.1% Furniture & Home Furnishings Stores 4 0.5% 17 0.1% Electronics & Appliance Stores 9 1.0% 156 0.8% Bldg Material & Garden Equipment & Supplies Dealers 9 1.0% 156 0.8% Food & Beverage Stores 12 1.4% 198 1.0% Health & Personal Care Stores 5 0.6% 152 0.1% Gasoline Stations 3 0.3% 31 0.2% Clothing & Clothing Accessories Stores 11 1.3% 127 0.6% Sport Goods, Hobby, Book, & Music Stores 4 0.5% 41 0.2% <td>Agriculture, Forestry, Fishing & Hunting</td> <td>1</td> <td>0.1%</td> <td>3</td> <td>0.0%</td>	Agriculture, Forestry, Fishing & Hunting	1	0.1%	3	0.0%	
Construction 49 5.6% 589 3.0% Manufacturing 48 5.5% 6,671 34.1% Wholesale Trade 37 4.2% 813 4.2% Retail Trade 95 10.9% 2,280 11.7% Motor Vehicle & Parts Dealers 15 1.7% 1,003 5.1% Furniture & Home Furnishings Stores 15 1.7% 1,01% 156 0.8% Electronics & Appliance Stores 9 1.0% 156 0.8% 160 0.8% 160 0.8% 160 0.8% 160 0.8% 160 0.8% 160 0.8% 160 0.8% 160 0.8% 160 0.8% 160 0.8% 160 0.8% 160 0.8% 160 0.8% 160 0.8% 160 0.8% 160 0.8% 160 0.8% 160 0.8% 1.0% 160 0.8% 1.0% 160 0.9% 1.0% 160 0.9% 1.0% 160 <td< td=""><td>Mining</td><td>1</td><td>0.1%</td><td>10</td><td>0.1%</td></td<>	Mining	1	0.1%	10	0.1%	
Manufacturing 48 5.5% 6,671 34.1% Wholesale Trade 37 4.2% 813 4.2% Retail Trade 95 10.9% 2,280 11.7% Motor Vehicle & Parts Dealers 15 1.7% 1,003 5.1% Furniture & Home Furnishings Stores 4 0.5% 17 0.1% Electronics & Appliance Stores 9 1.0% 238 1.2% Food & Beverage Stores 9 1.0% 238 1.2% Food & Beverage Stores 12 1.4% 198 1.0% Gasoline Stations 3 0.3% 31 0.2% Gasoline Stations 3 0.3% 31 0.2% Gorlos Gasoline Stations 3 0.3% 31 0.2% Sport Goods, Hobby, Book, & Music Stores 4 0.5% 41 0.2% General Merchandise Stores 5 0.6% 152 0.8% Miscellaneous Store Retailers 5 0.6% 152 0.8%	Utilities	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	
Wholesale Trade 37 4.2% 813 4.2% Retail Trade 95 10.9% 2,280 11.7% Motor Vehicle & Parts Dealers 15 1.7% 1,003 5.1% Furniture & Home Furnishings Stores 4 0.5% 17 0.1% Electronics & Appliance Stores 9 1.0% 156 0.8% Bidg Material & Garden Equipment & Supplies Dealers 9 1.0% 156 0.8% Food & Beverage Stores 12 1.4% 198 1.0% Health & Personal Care Stores 5 0.6% 25 0.1% Gasoline Stations 3 0.3% 31 0.2% Clothing & Clothing Accessories Stores 11 1.3% 127 0.6% Sport Goods, Hobby, Book, & Music Stores 4 0.5% 41 0.2% General Merchandise Stores 5 0.6% 452 0.8% Miscellaneous Store Retailers 5 0.6% 45 0.2% Miscellaneous Store Retailers 5 0.6%<	Construction	49	5.6%	589	3.0%	
Retail Trade 95 10.9% 2,280 11.7% Motor Vehicle & Parts Dealers 15 1.7% 1,003 5.1% Furniture & Home Furnishings Stores 4 0.5% 17 0.1% Electronics & Appliance Stores 9 1.0% 156 0.8% Bldg Material & Garden Equipment & Supplies Dealers 9 1.0% 238 1.2% Food & Beverage Stores 12 1.4% 198 1.0% Health & Personal Care Stores 5 0.6% 25 0.1% Gasoline Stations 3 0.3% 31 0.2% Clothing & Clothing Accessories Stores 11 1.3% 127 0.6% Sport Goods, Hobby, Book, & Music Stores 4 0.5% 41 0.2% General Merchandise Stores 5 0.6% 152 0.8% Miscellaneous Store Retailers 14 1.6% 246 1.3% Nonstore Retailers 5 0.6% 47 0.2% Transportation & Warehousing 8 0.9	Manufacturing	48	5.5%	6,671	34.1%	
Motor Vehicle & Parts Dealers 15 1.7% 1,003 5.1% Furniture & Home Furnishings Stores 4 0.5% 17 0.1% Electronics & Appliance Stores 9 1.0% 156 0.8% Bildg Material & Garden Equipment & Supplies Dealers 9 1.0% 238 1.2% Food & Beverage Stores 12 1.4% 198 1.0% Health & Personal Care Stores 5 0.6% 25 0.1% Gasoline Stations 3 0.3% 31 0.2% Gosthing & Clothing Accessories Stores 11 1.3% 127 0.6% Sport Goods, Hobby, Book, & Music Stores 4 0.5% 41 0.2% General Merchandise Stores 5 0.6% 152 0.8% Miscellaneous Store Retailers 14 1.6% 246 1.3% Nonstore Retailers 5 0.6% 47 0.2% Information 30 3.4% 1,407 7.2% Finance & Insurance 97 11.1%	Wholesale Trade	37	4.2%	813	4.2%	
Furniture & Home Furnishings Stores	Retail Trade	95	10.9%	2,280	11.7%	
Electronics & Appliance Stores 9 1.0% 156 0.8%	Motor Vehicle & Parts Dealers	15	1.7%	1,003	5.1%	
Bldg Material & Garden Equipment & Supplies Dealers 9 1.0% 238 1.2%	Furniture & Home Furnishings Stores	4	0.5%	17	0.1%	
Food & Beverage Stores	Electronics & Appliance Stores	9	1.0%	156	0.8%	
Health & Personal Care Stores 5 0.6% 25 0.1%	Bldg Material & Garden Equipment & Supplies Dealers	9	1.0%	238	1.2%	
Gasoline Stations 3 0.3% 31 0.2% Clothing & Clothing Accessories Stores 11 1.3% 127 0.6% Sport Goods, Hobby, Book, & Music Stores 4 0.5% 41 0.2% General Merchandise Stores 5 0.6% 152 0.8% Miscellaneous Store Retailers 14 1.6% 246 1.3% Nonstore Retailers 5 0.6% 47 0.2% Transportation & Warehousing 8 0.9% 359 1.8% Information 30 3.4% 1,407 7.2% Finance & Insurance 97 11.1% 1,209 6.2% Central Bank/Credit Intermediation & Related Activities 22 2.5% 302 1.5% Securities, Commodity Contracts & Other Financial 34 3.9% 321 1.6% Insurance Carriers & Related Activities; Funds, Trusts & 41 4.7% 586 3.0% Real Estate, Rental & Leasing 50 5.7% 438 2.2% Professional, Scientific	Food & Beverage Stores	12	1.4%	198	1.0%	
Clothing & Clothing Accessories Stores 11 1.3% 127 0.6% Sport Goods, Hobby, Book, & Music Stores 4 0.5% 41 0.2% General Merchandise Stores 5 0.6% 152 0.8% Miscellaneous Store Retailers 14 1.6% 246 1.3% Nonstore Retailers 5 0.6% 47 0.2% Transportation & Warehousing 8 0.9% 359 1.8% Information 30 3.4% 1,407 7.2% Transportation & Warehousing 8 0.9% 359 1.8% Information 30 3.4% 1,407 7.2% Transportation & Related Stores 97 11.1% 1,209 6.2% Central Bank/Credit Intermediation & Related Activities 22 2.5% 302 1.5% Securities, Commodity Contracts & Other Financial 34 3.9% 321 1.6% Insurance Carriers & Related Activities; Funds, Trusts & 41 4.7% 586 3.0% Real Estate, Rental & Leasing 50 5.7% 438 2.2% Professional, Scientific & Tech Services 140 16.0% 1,505 7.7% Legal Services 27 3.1% 142 0.7% Administrative & Support & Waste Management & 44 5.0% 422 2.2%	Health & Personal Care Stores	5	0.6%	25	0.1%	
Sport Goods, Hobby, Book, & Music Stores 4 0.5% 41 0.2% General Merchandise Stores 5 0.6% 152 0.8% Miscellaneous Store Retailers 14 1.6% 246 1.3% Nonstore Retailers 5 0.6% 47 0.2% Transportation & Warehousing 8 0.9% 359 1.8% Information 30 3.4% 1,407 7.2% Finance & Insurance 97 11.1% 1,209 6.2% Central Bank/Credit Intermediation & Related Activities 22 2.5% 302 1.5% Securities, Commodity Contracts & Other Financial 34 3.9% 321 1.6% Securities, Commodity Contracts & Other Financial 34 3.9% 321 1.6% Securities, Commodity Contracts & Other Financial 34 3.9% 321 1.6% Securities, Commodity Contracts & Other Financial 34 3.9% 321 1.6% Real Estate, Rental & Leasing 50 5.7% 438 2.2%	Gasoline Stations	3	0.3%	31	0.2%	
General Merchandise Stores 5 0.6% 152 0.8% Miscellaneous Store Retailers 14 1.6% 246 1.3% Nonstore Retailers 5 0.6% 47 0.2% Transportation & Warehousing 8 0.9% 359 1.8% Information 30 3.4% 1,407 7.2% Finance & Insurance 97 11.1% 1,209 6.2% Central Bank/Credit Intermediation & Related Activities 22 2.5% 302 1.5% Securities, Commodity Contracts & Other Financial 34 3.9% 321 1.6% Securities, Commodity Contracts & Other Financial 34 3.9% 321 1.6% Securities, Commodity Contracts & Other Financial 34 3.9% 321 1.6% Securities, Commodity Contracts & Other Financial 34 4.7% 586 3.0% Real Estate, Rental & Leasing 50 5.7% 438 2.2% Real Estate, Rental & Leasing 50 5.7% 438 2.2%	Clothing & Clothing Accessories Stores	11	1.3%	127	0.6%	
Miscellaneous Store Retailers 14 1.6% 246 1.3% Nonstore Retailers 5 0.6% 47 0.2% Transportation & Warehousing 8 0.9% 359 1.8% Information 30 3.4% 1,407 7.2% Finance & Insurance 97 11.1% 1,209 6.2% Central Bank/Credit Intermediation & Related Activities 22 2.5% 302 1.5% Securities, Commodity Contracts & Other Financial 34 3.9% 321 1.6% Insurance Carriers & Related Activities; Funds, Trusts & 41 4.7% 586 3.0% Real Estate, Rental & Leasing 50 5.7% 438 2.2% Professional, Scientific & Tech Services 140 16.0% 1,505 7.7% Legal Services 27 3.1% 142 0.7% Management of Companies & Enterprises 1 0.1% 40 0.2% Administrative & Support & Waste Management & 44 5.0% 422 2.2% Educational Services 13 1.5% 469 2.4%	Sport Goods, Hobby, Book, & Music Stores	4	0.5%	41	0.2%	
Nonstore Retailers 5 0.6% 47 0.2% Transportation & Warehousing 8 0.9% 359 1.8% Information 30 3.4% 1,407 7.2% Finance & Insurance 97 11.1% 1,209 6.2% Central Bank/Credit Intermediation & Related Activities 22 2.5% 302 1.5% Securities, Commodity Contracts & Other Financial 34 3.9% 321 1.6% Insurance Carriers & Related Activities; Funds, Trusts & 41 4.7% 586 3.0% Real Estate, Rental & Leasing 50 5.7% 438 2.2% Professional, Scientific & Tech Services 140 16.0% 1,505 7.7% Legal Services 27 3.1% 142 0.7% Management of Companies & Enterprises 1 0.1% 40 0.2% Administrative & Support & Waste Management & 44 5.0% 422 2.2% Educational Services 13 1.5% 469 2.4% Health Care	General Merchandise Stores	5	0.6%	152	0.8%	
Transportation & Warehousing 8 0.9% 359 1.8% Information 30 3.4% 1,407 7.2% Finance & Insurance 97 11.1% 1,209 6.2% Central Bank/Credit Intermediation & Related Activities 22 2.5% 302 1.5% Securities, Commodity Contracts & Other Financial 34 3.9% 321 1.6% Securities, Commodity Contracts & Other Financial 34 3.9% 321 1.6% Insurance Carriers & Related Activities; Funds, Trusts & 41 4.7% 586 3.0% Real Estate, Rental & Leasing 50 5.7% 438 2.2% Professional, Scientific & Tech Services 140 16.0% 1,505 7.7% Legal Services 27 3.1% 142 0.7% Management of Companies & Enterprises 1 0.1% 40 0.2% Administrative & Support & Waste Management & 44 5.0% 422 2.2% Educational Services 13 1.5% 469 2.4%	Miscellaneous Store Retailers	14	1.6%	246	1.3%	
Information 30 3.4% 1,407 7.2% Finance & Insurance 97 11.1% 1,209 6.2% Central Bank/Credit Intermediation & Related Activities 22 2.5% 302 1.5% Securities, Commodity Contracts & Other Financial 34 3.9% 321 1.6% Insurance Carriers & Related Activities; Funds, Trusts & 41 4.7% 586 3.0% Real Estate, Rental & Leasing 50 5.7% 438 2.2% Professional, Scientific & Tech Services 140 16.0% 1,505 7.7% Professional, Scientific & Tech Services 140 16.0% 1,505 7.7% Professional, Scientific & Tech Services 140 16.0% 1,505 7.7% Professional, Scientific & Tech Services 140 16.0% 1,505 7.7% Management of Companies & Enterprises 1 0.1% 40 0.2% Administrative & Support & Waste Management & 4 5.0% 422 2.2% Educational Services 13 1.5%	Nonstore Retailers	5	0.6%	47	0.2%	
Finance & Insurance 97 11.1% 1,209 6.2% Central Bank/Credit Intermediation & Related Activities 22 2.5% 302 1.5% Securities, Commodity Contracts & Other Financial 34 3.9% 321 1.6% Insurance Carriers & Related Activities; Funds, Trusts & 41 4.7% 586 3.0% Real Estate, Rental & Leasing 50 5.7% 438 2.2% Professional, Scientific & Tech Services 140 16.0% 1,505 7.7% Legal Services 27 3.1% 142 0.7% Management of Companies & Enterprises 1 0.1% 40 0.2% Administrative & Support & Waste Management & 44 5.0% 422 2.2% Educational Services 13 1.5% 469 2.4% Health Care & Social Assistance 74 8.5% 1,235 6.3% Arts, Entertainment & Recreation 15 1.7% 293 1.5% Accommodation & Food Services 41 4.7% 978 5.0% <	Transportation & Warehousing	8	0.9%	359	1.8%	
Central Bank/Credit Intermediation & Related Activities 22 2.5% 302 1.5% Securities, Commodity Contracts & Other Financial 34 3.9% 321 1.6% Insurance Carriers & Related Activities; Funds, Trusts & 41 4.7% 586 3.0% Real Estate, Rental & Leasing 50 5.7% 438 2.2% Professional, Scientific & Tech Services 140 16.0% 1,505 7.7% Legal Services 27 3.1% 142 0.7% Management of Companies & Enterprises 1 0.1% 40 0.2% Administrative & Support & Waste Management & 44 5.0% 422 2.2% Educational Services 13 1.5% 469 2.4% Health Care & Social Assistance 74 8.5% 1,235 6.3% Arts, Entertainment & Recreation 15 1.7% 293 1.5% Accommodation & Food Services 41 4.7% 978 5.0% Accommodation & Food Services & Drinking Places 37 4.2% 822 4.2% Other Services (except Public Administration) 64	Information	30	3.4%	1,407	7.2%	
Securities, Commodity Contracts & Other Financial 34 3.9% 321 1.6% Insurance Carriers & Related Activities; Funds, Trusts & 41 4.7% 586 3.0% Real Estate, Rental & Leasing 50 5.7% 438 2.2% Professional, Scientific & Tech Services 140 16.0% 1,505 7.7% Legal Services 27 3.1% 142 0.7% Management of Companies & Enterprises 1 0.1% 40 0.2% Administrative & Support & Waste Management & 44 5.0% 422 2.2% Educational Services 13 1.5% 469 2.4% Health Care & Social Assistance 74 8.5% 1,235 6.3% Arts, Entertainment & Recreation 15 1.7% 293 1.5% Accommodation & Food Services 41 4.7% 978 5.0% Accommodation & Food Services 37 4.2% 822 4.2% Other Services (except Public Administration) 64 7.3% 553 2.8% Automotive Repair & Maintenance 7 0.8% 25 <	Finance & Insurance	97	11.1%	1,209	6.2%	
Insurance Carriers & Related Activities; Funds, Trusts & 41 4.7% 586 3.0% Real Estate, Rental & Leasing 50 5.7% 438 2.2% Professional, Scientific & Tech Services 140 16.0% 1,505 7.7% Legal Services 27 3.1% 142 0.7% Management of Companies & Enterprises 1 0.1% 40 0.2% Administrative & Support & Waste Management & 44 5.0% 422 2.2% Educational Services 13 1.5% 469 2.4% Health Care & Social Assistance 74 8.5% 1,235 6.3% Arts, Entertainment & Recreation 15 1.7% 293 1.5% Accommodation & Food Services 41 4.7% 978 5.0% Accommodation 3 0.3% 156 0.8% Food Services & Drinking Places 37 4.2% 822 4.2% Other Services (except Public Administration) 64 7.3% 553 2.8% Automotive Repair & Maintenance 7 0.8% 25 0.1%	Central Bank/Credit Intermediation & Related Activities	22	2.5%	302	1.5%	
Real Estate, Rental & Leasing 50 5.7% 438 2.2% Professional, Scientific & Tech Services 140 16.0% 1,505 7.7% Legal Services 27 3.1% 142 0.7% Management of Companies & Enterprises 1 0.1% 40 0.2% Administrative & Support & Waste Management & 44 5.0% 422 2.2% Educational Services 13 1.5% 469 2.4% Health Care & Social Assistance 74 8.5% 1,235 6.3% Arts, Entertainment & Recreation 15 1.7% 293 1.5% Accommodation & Food Services 41 4.7% 978 5.0% Accommodation 3 0.3% 156 0.8% Food Services & Drinking Places 37 4.2% 822 4.2% Other Services (except Public Administration) 64 7.3% 553 2.8% Automotive Repair & Maintenance 7 0.8% 25 0.1% Public Administration 10 1.1% 222 1.1% Unclassified Establishments<	Securities, Commodity Contracts & Other Financial	34	3.9%	321	1.6%	
Professional, Scientific & Tech Services 140 16.0% 1,505 7.7% Legal Services 27 3.1% 142 0.7% Management of Companies & Enterprises 1 0.1% 40 0.2% Administrative & Support & Waste Management & 44 5.0% 422 2.2% Educational Services 13 1.5% 469 2.4% Health Care & Social Assistance 74 8.5% 1,235 6.3% Arts, Entertainment & Recreation 15 1.7% 293 1.5% Accommodation & Food Services 41 4.7% 978 5.0% Accommodation 3 0.3% 156 0.8% Food Services & Drinking Places 37 4.2% 822 4.2% Other Services (except Public Administration) 64 7.3% 553 2.8% Automotive Repair & Maintenance 7 0.8% 25 0.1% Public Administration 10 1.1% 222 1.1% Unclassified Establishments 54 6.2% 54 0.3%	Insurance Carriers & Related Activities; Funds, Trusts &	41	4.7%	586	3.0%	
Legal Services 27 3.1% 142 0.7% Management of Companies & Enterprises 1 0.1% 40 0.2% Administrative & Support & Waste Management & 44 5.0% 422 2.2% Educational Services 13 1.5% 469 2.4% Health Care & Social Assistance 74 8.5% 1,235 6.3% Arts, Entertainment & Recreation 15 1.7% 293 1.5% Accommodation & Food Services 41 4.7% 978 5.0% Accommodation 3 0.3% 156 0.8% Food Services & Drinking Places 37 4.2% 822 4.2% Other Services (except Public Administration) 64 7.3% 553 2.8% Automotive Repair & Maintenance 7 0.8% 25 0.1% Public Administration 10 1.1% 222 1.1% Unclassified Establishments 54 6.2% 54 0.3%	Real Estate, Rental & Leasing	50	5.7%	438	2.2%	
Management of Companies & Enterprises 1 0.1% 40 0.2% Administrative & Support & Waste Management & 44 5.0% 422 2.2% Educational Services 13 1.5% 469 2.4% Health Care & Social Assistance 74 8.5% 1,235 6.3% Arts, Entertainment & Recreation 15 1.7% 293 1.5% Accommodation & Food Services 41 4.7% 978 5.0% Accommodation 3 0.3% 156 0.8% Food Services & Drinking Places 37 4.2% 822 4.2% Other Services (except Public Administration) 64 7.3% 553 2.8% Automotive Repair & Maintenance 7 0.8% 25 0.1% Public Administration 10 1.1% 222 1.1% Unclassified Establishments 54 6.2% 54 0.3%	Professional, Scientific & Tech Services	140	16.0%	1,505	7.7%	
Administrative & Support & Waste Management & 44 5.0% 422 2.2% Educational Services 13 1.5% 469 2.4% Health Care & Social Assistance 74 8.5% 1,235 6.3% Arts, Entertainment & Recreation 15 1.7% 293 1.5% Accommodation & Food Services 41 4.7% 978 5.0% Accommodation 3 0.3% 156 0.8% Food Services & Drinking Places 37 4.2% 822 4.2% Other Services (except Public Administration) 64 7.3% 553 2.8% Automotive Repair & Maintenance 7 0.8% 25 0.1% Public Administration 10 1.1% 222 1.1% Unclassified Establishments 54 6.2% 54 0.3%	Legal Services	27	3.1%	142	0.7%	
Educational Services 13 1.5% 469 2.4% Health Care & Social Assistance 74 8.5% 1,235 6.3% Arts, Entertainment & Recreation 15 1.7% 293 1.5% Accommodation & Food Services 41 4.7% 978 5.0% Accommodation 3 0.3% 156 0.8% Food Services & Drinking Places 37 4.2% 822 4.2% Other Services (except Public Administration) 64 7.3% 553 2.8% Automotive Repair & Maintenance 7 0.8% 25 0.1% Public Administration 10 1.1% 222 1.1% Unclassified Establishments 54 6.2% 54 0.3%	Management of Companies & Enterprises	1	0.1%	40	0.2%	
Health Care & Social Assistance 74 8.5% 1,235 6.3% Arts, Entertainment & Recreation 15 1.7% 293 1.5% Accommodation & Food Services 41 4.7% 978 5.0% Accommodation 3 0.3% 156 0.8% Food Services & Drinking Places 37 4.2% 822 4.2% Other Services (except Public Administration) 64 7.3% 553 2.8% Automotive Repair & Maintenance 7 0.8% 25 0.1% Public Administration 10 1.1% 222 1.1% Unclassified Establishments 54 6.2% 54 0.3%	Administrative & Support & Waste Management &	44	5.0%	422	2.2%	
Arts, Entertainment & Recreation 15 1.7% 293 1.5% Accommodation & Food Services 41 4.7% 978 5.0% Accommodation 3 0.3% 156 0.8% Food Services & Drinking Places 37 4.2% 822 4.2% Other Services (except Public Administration) 64 7.3% 553 2.8% Automotive Repair & Maintenance 7 0.8% 25 0.1% Public Administration 10 1.1% 222 1.1% Unclassified Establishments 54 6.2% 54 0.3%	Educational Services	13	1.5%		2.4%	
Accommodation & Food Services 41 4.7% 978 5.0% Accommodation 3 0.3% 156 0.8% Food Services & Drinking Places 37 4.2% 822 4.2% Other Services (except Public Administration) 64 7.3% 553 2.8% Automotive Repair & Maintenance 7 0.8% 25 0.1% Public Administration 10 1.1% 222 1.1% Unclassified Establishments 54 6.2% 54 0.3%	Health Care & Social Assistance	74	8.5%	1,235	6.3%	
Accommodation 3 0.3% 156 0.8% Food Services & Drinking Places 37 4.2% 822 4.2% Other Services (except Public Administration) 64 7.3% 553 2.8% Automotive Repair & Maintenance 7 0.8% 25 0.1% Public Administration 10 1.1% 222 1.1% Unclassified Establishments 54 6.2% 54 0.3%	Arts, Entertainment & Recreation	15	1.7%	293	1.5%	
Food Services & Drinking Places 37 4.2% 822 4.2% Other Services (except Public Administration) 64 7.3% 553 2.8% Automotive Repair & Maintenance 7 0.8% 25 0.1% Public Administration 10 1.1% 222 1.1% Unclassified Establishments 54 6.2% 54 0.3%	Accommodation & Food Services	41	4.7%	978	5.0%	
Other Services (except Public Administration) 64 7.3% 553 2.8% Automotive Repair & Maintenance 7 0.8% 25 0.1% Public Administration 10 1.1% 222 1.1% Unclassified Establishments 54 6.2% 54 0.3%	Accommodation		0.3%	156	0.8%	
Automotive Repair & Maintenance 7 0.8% 25 0.1% Public Administration 10 1.1% 222 1.1% Unclassified Establishments 54 6.2% 54 0.3%	Food Services & Drinking Places	37	4.2%	822	4.2%	
Public Administration 10 1.1% 222 1.1% Unclassified Establishments 54 6.2% 54 0.3%	Other Services (except Public Administration)	64	7.3%	553	2.8%	
Unclassified Establishments 54 6.2% 54 0.3%	Automotive Repair & Maintenance	7	0.8%	25	0.1%	
	Public Administration	10	1.1%	222	1.1%	
Total 873 100.0% 19,551 100.0%	Unclassified Establishments	54	6.2%	54	0.3%	
	Total	873	100.0%	19,551	100.0%	

Opus Park Area



Opus Park Area

Data for all businesses in area	0 - 1 mile
Total Businesses:	640
Total Employees:	14,845
Total Residential Population:	9,147
Employee/Residential Population Ratio (per 100 Residents)	162

	Busin	esses	Emplo	oyees
by NAICS Codes	Number	Percent	Number	Percent
Agriculture, Forestry, Fishing & Hunting	0	0.0%	0	0.0%
Mining	0	0.0%	0	0.0%
Utilities	0	0.0%	0	0.0%
Construction	32	5.0%	659	4.4%
Manufacturing	47	7.3%	1,499	10.1%
Wholesale Trade	73	11.4%	2,087	14.1%
Retail Trade	59	9.2%	936	6.3%
Motor Vehicle & Parts Dealers	7	1.1%	113	0.8%
Furniture & Home Furnishings Stores	1	0.2%	8	0.1%
Electronics & Appliance Stores	8	1.2%	170	1.1%
Bldg Material & Garden Equipment & Supplies Dealers	3	0.5%	91	0.6%
Food & Beverage Stores	7	1.1%	100	0.7%
Health & Personal Care Stores	4	0.6%	187	1.3%
Gasoline Stations	0	0.0%	0	0.0%
Clothing & Clothing Accessories Stores	8	1.2%	55	0.4%
Sport Goods, Hobby, Book, & Music Stores	5	0.8%	27	0.2%
General Merchandise Stores	3	0.5%	17	0.1%
Miscellaneous Store Retailers	10	1.6%	50	0.3%
Nonstore Retailers	3	0.5%	118	0.8%
Transportation & Warehousing	4	0.6%	81	0.5%
Information	26	4.1%	1,129	7.6%
Finance & Insurance	64	10.0%	3,169	21.3%
Central Bank/Credit Intermediation & Related Activities	8	1.2%	181	1.2%
Securities, Commodity Contracts & Other Financial	19	3.0%	224	1.5%
Insurance Carriers & Related Activities; Funds, Trusts &	37	5.8%	2,764	18.6%
Real Estate, Rental & Leasing	43	6.7%	324	2.2%
Professional, Scientific & Tech Services	79	12.3%	1,693	11.4%
Legal Services	6	0.9%	38	0.3%
Management of Companies & Enterprises	3	0.5%	18	0.1%
Administrative & Support & Waste Management &	27	4.2%	190	1.3%
Educational Services	14	2.2%	203	1.4%
Health Care & Social Assistance	38	5.9%	1,022	6.9%
Arts, Entertainment & Recreation	4	0.6%	121	0.8%
Accommodation & Food Services	21	3.3%	648	4.4%
Accommodation	4	0.6%	326	2.2%
Food Services & Drinking Places	18	2.8%	322	2.2%
Other Services (except Public Administration)	46	7.2%	1,027	6.9%
Automotive Repair & Maintenance	10	1.6%	50	0.3%
Public Administration	2	0.3%	24	0.2%
Unclassified Establishments	58	9.1%	14	0.1%
Total	640	100.0%	14,845	100.0%

US 169/Excelsior Blvd. Area



US 169/Excelsior Blvd. Area

Data for all businesses in area		0 - 1 m	ile	
Total Businesses:		741		
Total Employees:		14,356	6	
Total Residential Population:		13,736	6	
Employee/Residential Population Ratio (per 100 Residents)		105		
	Busine	esses	Emplo	yees
by NAICS Codes	Number	Percent	Number	Percent
Agriculture, Forestry, Fishing & Hunting	0	0.0%	0	0.0%
Mining	1	0.1%	75	0.5%
Utilities	0	0.0%	0	0.0%
Construction	41	5.5%	337	2.3%
Manufacturing	24	3.2%	730	5.1%
Wholesale Trade	39	5.3%	987	6.9%
Retail Trade	122	16.5%	2,436	17.0%
Motor Vehicle & Parts Dealers	19	2.6%	512	3.6%
Furniture & Home Furnishings Stores	13	1.8%	148	1.0%
Electronics & Appliance Stores	8	1.1%	145	1.0%
Bldg Material & Garden Equipment & Supplies Dealers	8	1.1%	197	1.4%
Food & Beverage Stores	13	1.8%	426	3.0%
Health & Personal Care Stores	11	1.5%	162	1.1%
Gasoline Stations	0	0.0%	1	0.0%
Clothing & Clothing Accessories Stores	9	1.2%	156	1.1%
Sport Goods, Hobby, Book, & Music Stores	7	0.9%	26	0.2%
General Merchandise Stores	9	1.2%	489	3.4%
Miscellaneous Store Retailers	22	3.0%	164	1.1%
Nonstore Retailers	3	0.4%	10	0.1%
Transportation & Warehousing	15	2.0%	307	2.1%
Information	22	3.0%	451	3.1%
Finance & Insurance	46	6.2%	463	3.2%
Central Bank/Credit Intermediation & Related Activities	13	1.8%	330	2.3%
Securities, Commodity Contracts & Other Financial	13	1.8%	42	0.3%
Insurance Carriers & Related Activities; Funds, Trusts &	20	2.7%	91	0.6%
Real Estate, Rental & Leasing	45	6.1%	231	1.6%
Professional, Scientific & Tech Services	80	10.8%	4,667	32.5%
Legal Services	9	1.2%	44	0.3%
Management of Companies & Enterprises	2	0.3%	14	0.1%
Administrative & Support & Waste Management &	31	4.2%	186	1.3%
Educational Services	21	2.8%	359	2.5%
Health Care & Social Assistance	56	7.6%	978	6.8%
Arts, Entertainment & Recreation	12	1.6%	206	1.4%
Accommodation & Food Services	41	5.5%	813	5.7%
Accommodation	2	0.3%	10	0.1%
Food Services & Drinking Places	39	5.3%	803	5.6%
Other Services (except Public Administration)	99	13.4%	1,010	7.0%
Automotive Repair & Maintenance	22	3.0%	118	0.8%
Public Administration	5	0.7%	95	0.7%
Unclassified Establishments	39	5.3%	10	0.1%
Total	741	100.0%	14,356	100.0%

Ridgedale Area



Ridgedale Area

Data for all businesses in area	0 - 1 mile
Total Businesses:	653
Total Employees:	9,735
Total Residential Population:	6,140
Employee/Residential Population Ratio (per 100 Residents)	159

Employee/Residential Population Ratio (per 100 Residents)	159					
	Businesses Employ			yees		
by NAICS Codes	Number	Percent	Number	Percent		
Agriculture, Forestry, Fishing & Hunting	1	0.2%	1	0.0%		
Mining	1	0.2%	3	0.0%		
Utilities	0	0.0%	0	0.0%		
Construction	24	3.7%	112	1.2%		
Manufacturing	8	1.2%	119	1.2%		
Wholesale Trade	18	2.8%	138	1.4%		
Retail Trade	172	26.3%	4,512	46.3%		
Motor Vehicle & Parts Dealers	4	0.6%	329	3.4%		
Furniture & Home Furnishings Stores	12	1.8%	121	1.2%		
Electronics & Appliance Stores	10	1.5%	164	1.7%		
Bldg Material & Garden Equipment & Supplies Dealers	5	0.8%	29	0.3%		
Food & Beverage Stores	10	1.5%	498	5.1%		
Health & Personal Care Stores	25	3.8%	208	2.1%		
Gasoline Stations	0	0.0%	0	0.0%		
Clothing & Clothing Accessories Stores	68	10.4%	927	9.5%		
Sport Goods, Hobby, Book, & Music Stores	15	2.3%	264	2.7%		
General Merchandise Stores	6	0.9%	1,752	18.0%		
Miscellaneous Store Retailers	16	2.5%	215	2.2%		
Nonstore Retailers	1	0.2%	4	0.0%		
Transportation & Warehousing	3	0.5%	10	0.1%		
Information	24	3.7%	354	3.6%		
Finance & Insurance	53	8.1%	567	5.8%		
Central Bank/Credit Intermediation & Related Activities	11	1.7%	327	3.4%		
Securities, Commodity Contracts & Other Financial	17	2.6%	83	0.9%		
Insurance Carriers & Related Activities; Funds, Trusts &	25	3.8%	157	1.6%		
Real Estate, Rental & Leasing	37	5.7%	218	2.2%		
Professional, Scientific & Tech Services	75	11.5%	420	4.3%		
Legal Services	12	1.8%	62	0.6%		
Management of Companies & Enterprises	1	0.2%	6	0.1%		
Administrative & Support & Waste Management &	26	4.0%	269	2.8%		
Educational Services	8	1.2%	104	1.1%		
Health Care & Social Assistance	68	10.4%	928	9.5%		
Arts, Entertainment & Recreation	6	0.9%	32	0.3%		
Accommodation & Food Services	33	5.1%	1,138	11.7%		
Accommodation	2	0.3%	123	1.3%		
Food Services & Drinking Places	31	4.7%	1,015	10.4%		
Other Services (except Public Administration)	55	8.4%	776	8.0%		
Automotive Repair & Maintenance	8	1.2%	196	2.0%		
Public Administration	4	0.6%	26	0.3%		
. asia , asiminar acion	7	0.070	20	3.3 /0		
Unclassified Establishments	35	5.4%	3	0.0%		
ondesting Establishments	33	31170	3	0.070		
Total	653	100.0%	9,735	100.0%		
iotai	000	100.070	5,755	100.070		

MN Hwy 101 & 7 Area



Hwy 7 & 101 Area

Data for all businesses in area	0 - 1 mile
Total Businesses:	277
Total Employees:	2,879
Total Residential Population:	6,124
Employee/Residential Population Ratio (per 100 Residents)	47

rotal Residential Population:	6,124						
Employee/Residential Population Ratio (per 100 Residents)	47						
	Businesses Emplo			ployees			
by NAICS Codes	Number	Percent		Percent			
Agriculture, Forestry, Fishing & Hunting	0	0.0%	0	0.0%			
Mining	0	0.0%	0	0.0%			
Utilities	0	0.0%	0	0.0%			
Construction	18	6.5%	77	2.7%			
Manufacturing	3	1.1%	14	0.5%			
Wholesale Trade	10	3.6%	40	1.4%			
Retail Trade	34	12.3%	602	20.9%			
Motor Vehicle & Parts Dealers	3	1.1%	23	0.8%			
Furniture & Home Furnishings Stores	0	0.0%	0	0.0%			
Electronics & Appliance Stores	3	1.1%	17	0.6%			
Bldg Material & Garden Equipment & Supplies Dealers	6	2.2%	46	1.6%			
Food & Beverage Stores	4	1.4%	277	9.6%			
Health & Personal Care Stores	4	1.4%	45	1.6%			
Gasoline Stations	0	0.0%	0	0.0%			
Clothing & Clothing Accessories Stores	3	1.1%	13	0.5%			
Sport Goods, Hobby, Book, & Music Stores	0	0.0%	0	0.0%			
General Merchandise Stores	1	0.4%	150	5.2%			
Miscellaneous Store Retailers	8	2.9%	31	1.1%			
Nonstore Retailers	2	0.7%	0	0.0%			
Transportation & Warehousing	2	0.7%	8	0.3%			
Information	12	4.3%	415	14.4%			
Finance & Insurance	25	9.0%	150	5.2%			
Central Bank/Credit Intermediation & Related Activities	6	2.2%	73	2.5%			
Securities, Commodity Contracts & Other Financial	12	4.3%	49	1.7%			
Insurance Carriers & Related Activities; Funds, Trusts &	7	2.5%	28	1.0%			
Real Estate, Rental & Leasing	14	5.1%	103	3.6%			
Professional, Scientific & Tech Services	56	20.2%	255	8.9%			
Legal Services	16	5.8%	70	2.4%			
Management of Companies & Enterprises	1	0.4%	1	0.0%			
Administrative & Support & Waste Management &	6	2.2%	23	0.8%			
Educational Services	4	1.4%	301	10.5%			
Health Care & Social Assistance	29	10.5%	338	11.7%			
Arts, Entertainment & Recreation	7	2.5%	108	3.8%			
Accommodation & Food Services	17	6.1%	254	8.8%			
Accommodation	1	0.4%	1	0.0%			
Food Services & Drinking Places	16	5.8%	253	8.8%			
Other Services (except Public Administration)	22	7.9%	189	6.6%			
Automotive Repair & Maintenance	1	0.4%	3	0.1%			
Public Administration	0	0.0%	0	0.0%			
Unclassified Establishments	19	6.9%	1	0.0%			
Total	277	100.0%	2,879	100.0%			
. 500.	_,,	_00.070	2,073	100.070			

Page 30 Marquette Advisors

KEY POINTS: DEMOGRAPHICS & ECONOMIC CONDITIONS

The following are key points from our analysis of local and regional demographics and economic conditions, relating to current and future housing needs in Minnetonka:

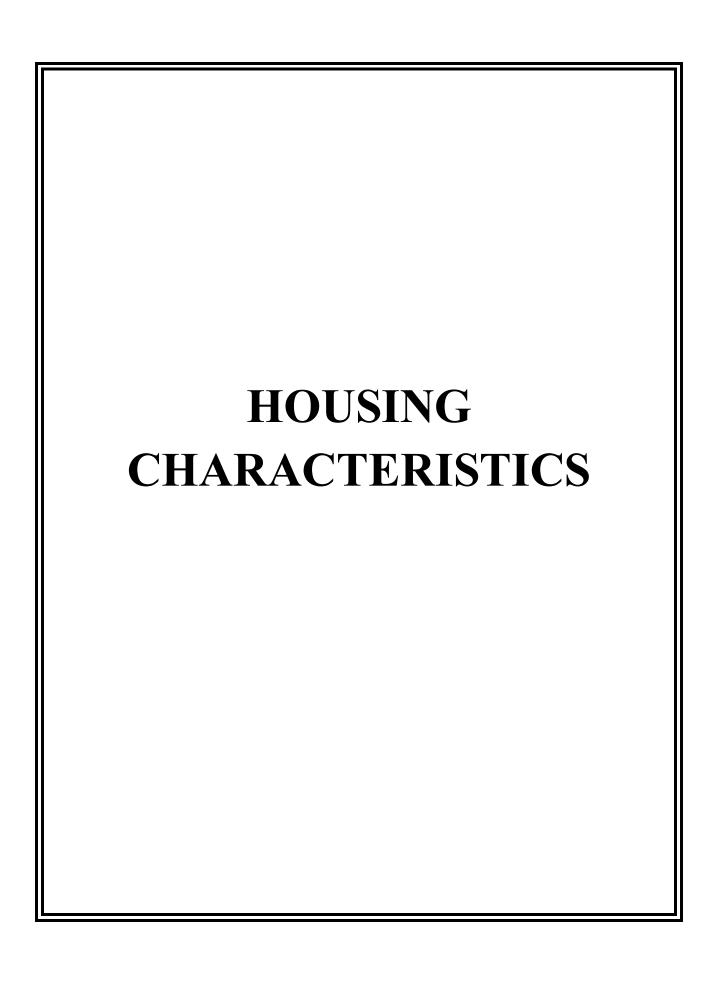
Population, Household & Employment Growth ó Minnetonka had an estimated 51,752 residents and 22,717 households in 2016. Employment in the community was estimated at 44,788. Minnetonka has accounted for just 1.3% of metro area household growth since 2010. Forecasts by both ESRI and the Met Council project that Minnetonka will experience a fairly modest increase in household growth. ESRI projects average annual growth of 177 households/year over the next five years in Minnetonka. The Met Council forecasts suggest Minnetonka will add an average of 240 households per year between 2020 and 2030, decreasing to 170 per year between 2030 and 2040. These forecasts equate to 1.5% to 2.0% of expected Twin Cities metro area household growth. We believe these forecasts are in fact conservative, especially considering the deep and diverse base of employers in Minnetonka.

Presently, Minnetonka accounts for 2.6% of metro area employment. The Met Council projects that Minnetonka will account for more than 3.6% of regional employment growth over the next 20 years. We believe an opportunity exists for Minnetonka to capture a larger share of regional household growth in the coming years; however, this will require a ramp-up in construction of new housing products, inclusive of varied for-sale and rental housing options throughout the community. Given current land use, it is clear that this will require higher development densities, and in many cases creative public private partnerships will be necessary due to rising land and construction costs.

An Aging Resident Base -- Senior households prominent in Minnetonka, with higher incomes compared to metro area -- In Minnetonka, the median household income for households ages 65-74 was estimated at \$76,457 in 2016, compared to \$58,732 for the metro area. The median for Minnetonka households aged 75+ was \$43,668, compared to \$36,436 for the metro area. The large number of senior households in Minnetonka, and the comparatively higher incomes of that senior resident base, are variables which attract senior housing developers. The increase in senior housing construction in and around the city recently relates largely to these data points.

Significant number of households age 55-64 -- Also of note is the large group of older adult households ages 55-64 in Minnetonka, comprising an estimated 5,214 households in 2016, and their affluence, with a median income of \$107,639. Many in this group will age into their õempty nestö and/or retirement years over the next 5-10 years. Based on the current trend, many will continue to õage in place,ö remaining in their single- family homes. Others may consider senior housing alternatives, although senior housing products with age restrictions and meals/care offerings typically attract a somewhat older renter profile (typically 75+). Our assessment of household age & income data, paired with housing market factors, suggest that there may be an opportunity for developers to attract households who fall into the categories of õaging adult,ö õactive senior citizen,ö and/or õempty nesterö to alternative housing products such as condos or new rental apartment products targeting this demographic specifically. Age-restricted senior cooperative developments also fall into this category, and have been well received in Minnetonka.

Jobs / Housing Balance ó Minnetonka has a strong and expanding business community. However, given the very limited production of new housing units in the community over several years, paired with low turnover rates in the existing housing stock with many seniors aging in place, much of the Minnetonka-based workforce resides elsewhere. This relates in part to housing affordability, certainly, as documented in this chapter. However, scarcity of housing is perhaps more the issue. While Minnetonka@ housing stock, its rentals specifically, is relatively affordable, the fact is they are at near full capacity, with vacancy rates at 2.0% or lower for much of the apartment stock. Meanwhile, there is limited supply of home purchase opportunities in Minnetonka due to rising values and low turnover rates. In addressing future housing plans, the City should work to improve this jobs / housing balance through infill construction, redevelopment at higher densities, and the provision of life-cycle housing products which are sensitive to the needs of the current and future resident and worker base.



INTRODUCTION

This section provides a snapshot of the current housing supply in the City of Minnetonka. The primary data source in this case is the 2015 American Community Survey (ACS) from the US Census. Note that later report chapters on the rental, senior and for-sale housing markets account for 2015-2017 new construction activity and adjusted inventories. So, while the data presented in this chapter does not in all cases align with current market inventories as presented elsewhere in the report, the intent of this chapter is to provide a profile of the Minnetonka housing stock and recent trends/changes in supply, drawing comparisons to the surrounding Primary Market Area (PMA) and the Twin Cities Metro Area, as well as the state and US as a whole. US Census/ACS survey data, ocurrento as of 2015, provides the most comprehensive mechanism for analyzing the housing stock and drawing these comparisons.

Additionally, we provide an overview of the housing stock within each of the defined Village Center Study Areas within the City of Minnetonka. Also presented is a summary of housing affordability in Minnetonka, comparing housing costs with household income groups, and a discussion of households with excess housing cost burden.

Presented below and on the following page is a summary of the Minnetonka housing stock, with a comparison to the Minnetonka PMA as a whole, and the Twin Cities Metro Area. This is followed by a discussion of individual data points.

	ng Characteristics S ity of Minnetonka, I						
	City of Minner	tonka	Minnetonka	PMA	Twin Cities Me	etro Area	
	2015 Estimate	Percent	2015 Estimate	Percent	2015 Estimate	Percent	
HOUSING INVENTORY							
Total housing units	23,825		160,355		1,206,738		
Occupied housing units	22,676	95.2%	152,794	95.3%	1,150,154	95.3%	
Vacant housing units	1,149	4.8%	7,561	4.7%	56,584	4.7%	
HOUSING TENURE							
Occupied housing units	22,676		152,794		1,150,154		
Owner-occupied	15,995	70.5%	105,254	68.9%	785,412	68.3%	
Renter-occupied	6,681	29.5%	47,540	31.1%	364,742	31.7%	
UNITS IN STRUCTURE							
Total housing units	23,825		160,355		1,206,738		
1-unit, detached	13,308	55.9%	87,901	54.8%	705,956	58.5%	
1-unit, attached	2,535	10.6%	20,259	12.6%	136,368	11.3%	
2 units	131	0.5%	1,336	0.8%	32,815	2.7%	
3 or 4 units	476	2.0%	2,375	1.5%	26,100	2.2%	
5 to 9 units	253	1.1%	4,154	2.6%	29,698	2.5%	
10 to 19 units	249	1.0%	5,550	3.5%	50,258	4.2%	
20 or more units	6,818	28.6%	38,482	24.0%	209,824	17.4%	
Mobile home	41	0.2%	280	0.2%	15,366	1.3%	
Boat, RV, van, etc.	14	0.1%	18	0.0%	353	0.0%	
Boat, RV, van, etc.	14		18	0.0%	-,		

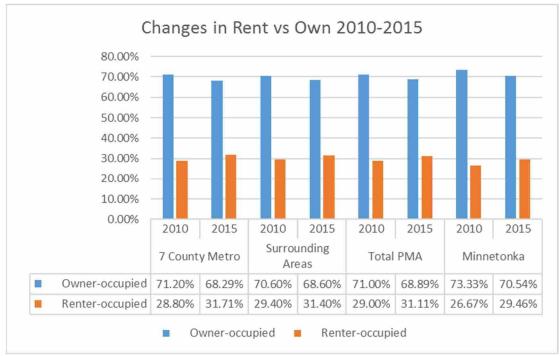
Housing Characteris	tics Summary (US C innetonka, Minnetor	ensus/ACS	Survey Data, 201	5) Contin	ued	
City of M	<u> </u>					
		City of Minnetonka		PMA	Twin Cities Met	
YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT	2015 Estimate	Percent	2015 Estimate	Percent	2015 Estimate	Percent
Total housing units	23.825		160,355		1,206,738	
Built 2014 or later	23,823	0.1%	131	0.1%	1,130	0.1%
Built 2010 to 2013	84	0.1%	1,558	1.0%	14,582	1.2%
Built 2000 to 2009	1,221	5.1%	17,669	11.0%	160,119	13.3%
Built 1990 to 1999	3,356	14.1%	22,794	14.2%	168,283	13.9%
Built 1980 to 1989		26.9%	34,917	21.8%	182,888	15.2%
Built 1970 to 1979	6,415	18.2%	27,598	17.2%		15.2%
Built 1960 to 1969	4,336				186,473	
	3,181	13.4%	19,567	12.2%	129,086	10.7%
Built 1950 to 1959	3,797	15.9%	20,585	12.8%	130,991	10.9%
Built 1940 to 1949	504	2.1%	7,746	4.8%	50,459	4.2%
Built 1939 or earlier	907	3.8%	7,790	4.9%	182,727	15.1%
# of BEDROOMS						
Total housing units	23,825		160,355		1,206,738	
No bedroom	167	0.7%	2,390	1.5%	25,050	2.1%
1 bedroom	3,464	14.5%	23,152	14.4%	165.252	13.7%
2 bedrooms	6,258	26.3%	42,759	26.7%	314,838	26.1%
3 bedrooms	6,969	29.3%	43,527	27.1%	375,753	31.1%
4 bedrooms	5,348	22.4%	35,108	21.9%	248,655	20.6%
5 or more bedrooms	1,619	6.8%	13,419	8.4%	77,190	6.4%
VEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVER INTO LINE						
YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT Occupied housing units	22,676		152,794		1,150,154	
Moved in 2015 or later	242	1.1%	2,694	1.8%	17,517	1.5%
Moved in 2010 to 2014	6,460	28.5%	45,445	29.7%	351,996	30.6%
Moved in 2000 to 2009	6,947	30.6%	51,668	33.8%	399,011	34.7%
Moved in 1990 to 1999	4,296	18.9%	28,975	19.0%	198,007	17.2%
Moved in 1980 to 1989	2,556	11.3%	13,593	8.9%	95,563	8.3%
Moved in 1979 and earlier	2,175	9.6%	10,419	6.8%	88,060	7.7%
	,		,		·	
HOME VALUE DISTRIBUTION						
Owner-occupied units	15,995		105,254		785,412	
Less than \$50,000	395	2.5%	2,264	2.2%	28,927	3.7%
\$50,000 to \$99,999	669	4.2%	3,719	3.5%	38,301	4.9%
\$100,000 to \$149,999	760	4.8%	6,553	6.2%	105,382	13.4%
\$150,000 to \$199,999	1,775	11.1%	12,128	11.5%	168,165	21.4%
\$200,000 to \$299,999	4,956	31.0%	28,673	27.2%	227,328	28.9%
\$300,000 to \$499,999	5,188	32.4%	32,769	31.1%	155,089	19.7%
\$500,000 to \$999,999	1,927	12.0%	16,014	15.2%	52,708	6.7%
\$1,000,000 or more	325	2.0%	3,134	3.0%	9,512	1.2%
MORTGAGE STATUS						
Owner-occupied units	15,995		105,254		785,412	
Housing units with a mortgage	11,015	68.9%	75,260	71.5%	578,737	73.7%
Housing units without a mortgage	4,980	31.1%	29,994	28.5%	206,675	26.3%

Housing Characteristics City of Minne			Survey Data, 201 vin Cities Metro A		ued		
	City of Minne	tonka	Minnetonka	PMA	Twin Cities Me	tro Area	
	2015 Estimate	Percent	2015 Estimate	Percent	2015 Estimate	Percent	
SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS							
Housing units with a mortgage	11,015		75,260		578,737		
Less than \$500	64	0.6%	489	0.6%	5,148	0.9%	
\$500 to \$999	790	7.2%	5,569	7.4%	61,150	10.6%	
\$1,000 to \$1,499	2,380	21.6%	15,061	20.0%	166,617	28.8%	
\$1,500 to \$1,999	2,416	21.9%	18,244	24.2%	161,130	27.8%	
\$2,000 to \$2,499	1,968	17.9%	13,814	18.4%	89,051	15.4%	
\$2,500 to \$2,999	1,440	13.1%	8,543	11.4%	43,491	7.5%	
\$3,000 or more	1,957	17.8%	13,540	18.0%	52,150	9.0%	
MONTHLY OWNER COSTS AS A % OF HH INCOME							
Housing units with a mortgage	11,015		75,101		577,102		
Less than 20.0 percent	4,912	44.6%	35,706	47.5%	255,084	44.2%	
20.0 to 24.9 percent	1,749	15.9%	12,087	16.1%	102,609	17.8%	
25.0 to 29.9 percent	1,064	9.7%	8,253	11.0%	69,159	12.0%	
30.0 to 34.9 percent	820	7.4%	5,084	6.8%	42,191	7.3%	
35.0 percent or more	2,470	22.4%	13,971	18.6%	108,059	18.7%	
GROSS RENT RENTER HOUSEHOLDS							
Occupied units paying rent	6,510		46,398		355,124		
Less than \$500	490	7.5%	2,878	6.2%	36,845	10.4%	
\$500 to \$999	1,590	24.4%	15,944	34.4%	163,251	46.0%	
\$1,000 to \$1,499	3,008	46.2%	18,456	39.8%	106,969	30.1%	
\$1,500 to \$1,999	999	15.3%	6,383	13.8%	35,255	9.9%	
\$2,000 to \$2,499	216	3.3%	1,643	3.5%	8,518	2.4%	
\$2,500 to \$2,999	133	2.0%	598	1.3%	2,423	0.7%	
\$3,000 or more	74	1.1%	496	1.1%	1,863	0.5%	
No rent paid	171	2.6%	1,142	2.5%	9,618	2.7%	
GROSS RENT AS A % OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME							
Occupied units paying rent	6,476		46,059		350,585		
Less than 15.0 percent	917	14.2%	7,138	15.5%	40,776	11.6%	
15.0 to 19.9 percent	1,117	17.2%	7,853	17.0%	47,353	13.5%	
20.0 to 24.9 percent	1,160	17.9%	7,298	15.8%	49,436	14.1%	
25.0 to 29.9 percent	914	14.1%	5,025	10.9%	42,885	12.2%	
30.0 to 34.9 percent	488	7.5%	4,066	8.8%	31,860	9.1%	
35.0 percent or more	1,880	29.0%	14,679	31.9%	138,275	39.4%	

Source: US Census, ACS Survey Data (2015)

HOUSING TENURE

The homeownership rate in Minnetonka, at 70.5%, is slightly higher when compared with the surrounding PMA and the metro area ó In Minnetonka, and throughout the metro area, we have seen slight declines in the homeownership rate. This relates to a variety of trends, both economic and lifestyle-oriented, which are discussed later in our analysis of apartment market conditions. A growing share of households, all types, and at all income levels, are showing a preference for renting. The shift also relates to the market cycle, as large numbers of apartments and senior rental housing communities have been built locally and throughout the region in recent years, while comparatively few new for-sale housing units have been delivered.

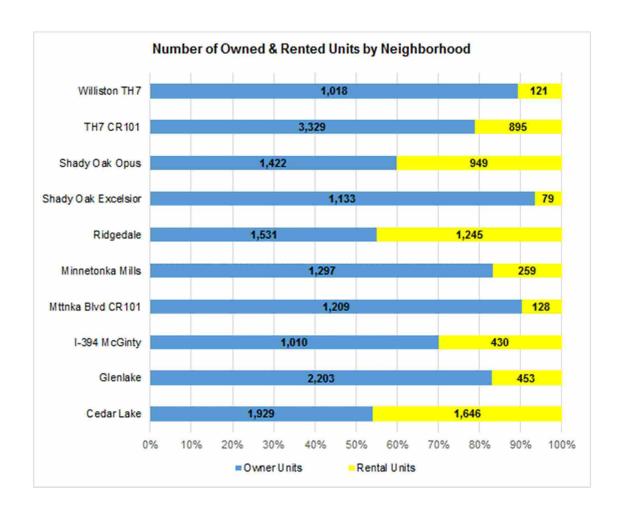


Source: American Community Survey (ACS) Housing Data (2015)

	Twin Cities Metro Area		Minneto	nka PMA	Minnetonka		
	<u>2010</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2010</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2010</u>	<u>2015</u>	
Owner-occupied	790,821	785,412	103,481	105,254	15,844	15,995	
Renter-occupied	319,896	364,742	42,262	47,540	5,763	6,681	

The Cedar Lake, Shady Oak/Opus, and Ridgedale areas have the largest numbers of rental units in Minnetonka. These are also the areas which have or are proximate to concentrated employment nodes. The Shady Oak-Excelsior village center study area has the smallest percentage of rental units.

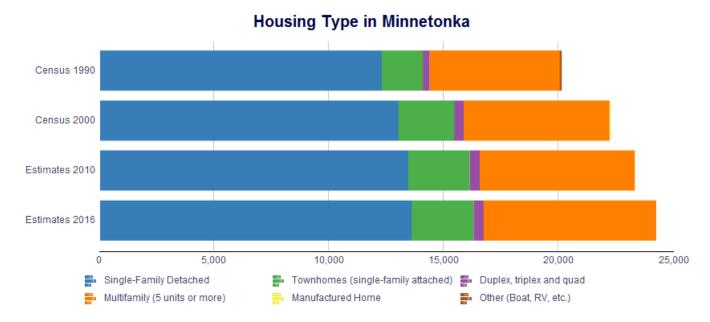
llage Center Owner Oo		oied	pied	Total	
Study Areas	No.	Pct.	No.	Pct.	
Williston TH7	1,018	89.4%	121	10.6%	1,139
TH7 CR101	3,329	78.8%	895	21.2%	4,224
Shady Oak Opus	1,422	60.0%	949	40.0%	2,371
Shady Oak Excelsior	1,133	93.5%	79	6.5%	1,212
Ridgedale	1,531	55.2%	1,245	44.8%	2,776
Minnetonka Mills	1,297	83.4%	259	16.6%	1,556
Mttnka Blvd CR101	1,209	90.4%	128	9.6%	1,337
I-394 McGinty	1,010	70.1%	430	29.9%	1,440
Glenlake	2,203	82.9%	453	17.1%	2,656
Cedar Lake	1,929	54.0%	1,646	46.0%	3,575



HOUSING TYPE (# of units in structure)

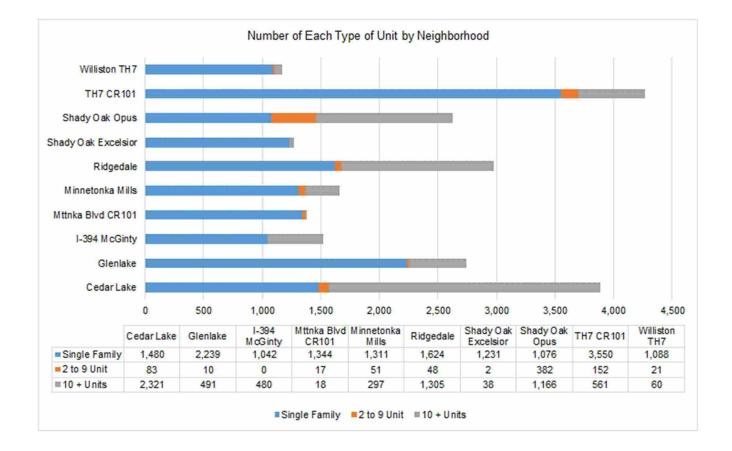
The mix of housing products by size/type of structure in Minnetonka is generally similar when compared to the PMA and the metro area. Detached single-family residences comprise 55.9% of the housing stock in the city, compared to 58.5% for the metro area. Minnetonka features a somewhat greater percentage of its inventory in buildings with 20+ units, comprising 28.6% of the city housing. This compares to 17.4% for the metro area. This includes larger rental and condominium complexes, as well as senior housing communities.

	City of Minnetonka		Minnetonka PMA			Twin Cities Metro Area		
	2015 Estimate	Percent	2015 Estimate	Percent		2015 Estimate	Percent	
UNITS IN STRUCTURE								
Total housing units	23,825		160,355			1,206,738		
1-unit, detached	13,308	55.9%	87,901	54.8%		705,956	58.5%	
1-unit, attached	2,535	10.6%	20,259	12.6%		136,368	11.3%	
2 units	131	0.5%	1,336	0.8%		32,815	2.7%	
3 or 4 units	476	2.0%	2,375	1.5%		26,100	2.2%	
5 to 9 units	253	1.1%	4,154	2.6%		29,698	2.5%	
10 to 19 units	249	1.0%	5,550	3.5%		50,258	4.2%	
20 or more units	6,818	28.6%	38,482	24.0%		209,824	17.4%	
Mobile home	41	0.2%	280	0.2%		15,366	1.3%	
Boat, RV, van, etc.	14	0.1%	18	0.0%		353	0.0%	



By neighborhood, or õVillage Center Study Area,ö the largest concentration of multi-unit buildings is in the Ridgedale, Shady Oak/Opus, and Cedar Lake areas, as shown below. Again, this includes by rental product, as well as condos and senior housing.

Village Center	Housing Type (by # of Units in Structure)										
Study Area	1, detached	1, attached	2	3 or 4	5 to 9	10 to 19	20 to 49	50 or more	Mobile home		
Williston TH7	1,022	66	20	0	1	11	0	49	0		
TH7 CR101	2,843	707	67	75	10	19	162	380	7		
Shady Oak Opus	386	690	0	232	150	64	274	828	0		
Shady Oak Excelsior	1,143	88	0	2	0	2	31	5	0		
Ridgedale	1,352	272	0	24	24	36	324	945	0		
Minnetonka Mills	1,191	120	15	33	3	25	196	76	0		
Mttnka Blvd CR101	1,193	151	0	0	17	0	0	18	24		
I-394 McGinty	1,021	21	0	0	0	8	124	348	0		
Glenlake	2,154	85	10	0	0	9	129	353	9		
Cedar Lake	1,088	392	27	22	34	53	554	1,714	. 0		
Source: US Census/AC	S Survey (2015)										

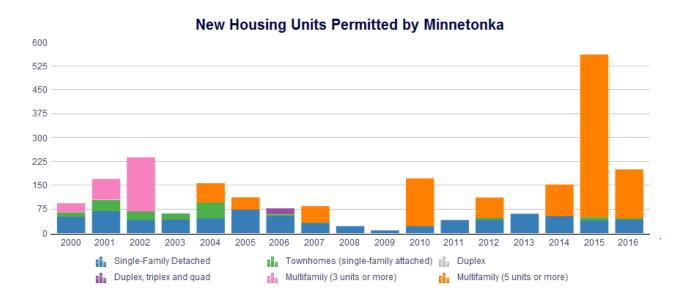


AGE OF THE HOUSING STOCK

Minnetonka features large numbers of homes constructed in the 1970s and 1980s, including both single family homes, as well as larger multi-unit buildings. Our analysis shows that Minnetonka features a number of large apartment complexes which were built in the 1980¢s, especially. It is also interesting to note the very few new units added in Minnetonka between 2000 and 2015.

	City of Minnetonka		Minnetonka	Minnetonka PMA		Twin Cities Me	tro Area
	2015 Estimate	Percent	2015 Estimate	Percent		2015 Estimate	Percent
YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT							
Total housing units	23,825		160,355			1,206,738	
Built 2014 or later	24	0.1%	131	0.1%		1,130	0.1%
Built 2010 to 2013	84	0.4%	1,558	1.0%		14,582	1.2%
Built 2000 to 2009	1,221	5.1%	17,669	11.0%		160,119	13.3%
Built 1990 to 1999	3,356	14.1%	22,794	14.2%		168,283	13.9%
Built 1980 to 1989	6,415	26.9%	34,917	21.8%		182,888	15.2%
Built 1970 to 1979	4,336	18.2%	27,598	17.2%		186,473	15.5%
Built 1960 to 1969	3,181	13.4%	19,567	12.2%		129,086	10.7%
Built 1950 to 1959	3,797	15.9%	20,585	12.8%		130,991	10.9%
Built 1940 to 1949	504	2.1%	7,746	4.8%		50,459	4.2%
Built 1939 or earlier	907	3.8%	7,790	4.9%		182,727	15.1%

We also obtained a summation of building permit activity for Minnetonka for 2000 through 2016, sourced from the Met Council Residential Building Permit Survey, as shown below. This demonstrates the considerable ramp-up on new construction apartments, as well as senior housing, in Minnetonka over the past 2+ years. Our *Apartment and Senior Housing Market Conditions* chapters provide a detailed profile of this new housing product, in terms of unit mix/sizes, rental rates and occupancy levels. Our analysis indicates that both renters and buyers have demonstrated a strong positive response to these new developments, which have enjoyed a brisk lease up or sell-out period.



OWNED HOUSING – MONTHLY OWNER COSTS

In Minnetonka, an estimated 68.9% of home owners had a mortgage in 2015, with 31.1% owning their homes offree and clear. This percentage is slightly higher compared to free-and-clear owners throughout the Minnetonka PMA and the metro area and reflects, in part, the large numbers of older adult home owners in the community.

Also shown below is a summary of monthly home owners costs, both on a gross dollar basis and also as a percentage of monthly household income. Noteworthy is the fact that in Minnetonka, an estimated 29.8% of home owners with a mortgage have a monthly housing cost of >30% of their incomes. In fact, this includes a full 22.4% who contribute more than 35% of their monthly incomes toward their housing cost. These figures are 4+% higher compared to the PMA and the metro area.

Also of note is the number of home owners in Minnetonka and throughout the PMA with a monthly cost of >\$2,500. In Minnetonka, nearly 31% of home owners with a mortgage pay more than \$2,500/month, compared to about 29% in the PMA and only 16.5% for the metro area.

The data reflect both the rising cost of ownership housing in Minnetonka, and the desirability of the community as a place to live. A disproportionate share of households in the community appear to be õstretchingö in order to afford their current home, at least based on the 30% of income affordability threshold typically used by housing analysts. Obviously this does not account for other living costs ó perhaps some households in Minnetonka are willing to contribute more toward their housing cost, but in turn are able to spend less on transportation or other costs.

	City of Minnetonka		Minnetonka	Minnetonka PMA		Twin Cities Metro Area	
	2015 Estimate	Percent	2015 Estimate	Percent	2015 Estimate	Percent	
MORTGAGE STATUS							
Owner-occupied units	15,995		105,254		785,412		
Housing units with a mortgage	11,015	68.9%	75,260	71.5%	578,737	73.7%	
Housing units without a mortgage	4,980	31.1%	29,994	28.5%	206,675	26.3%	
SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS							
Housing units with a mortgage	11,015		75,260		578,737		
Less than \$500	64	0.6%	489	0.6%	5,148	0.9%	
\$500 to \$999	790	7.2%	5,569	7.4%	61,150	10.6%	
\$1,000 to \$1,499	2,380	21.6%	15,061	20.0%	166,617	28.8%	
\$1,500 to \$1,999	2,416	21.9%	18,244	24.2%	161,130	27.8%	
\$2,000 to \$2,499	1,968	17.9%	13,814	18.4%	89,051	15.4%	
\$2,500 to \$2,999	1,440	13.1%	8,543	11.4%	43,491	7.5%	
\$3,000 or more	1,957	17.8%	13,540	18.0%	52,150	9.0%	
MONTHLY OWNER COSTS AS A % OF HH INCOME							
Housing units with a mortgage	11,015		75,101		577,102		
Less than 20.0 percent	4,912	44.6%	35,706	47.5%	255,084	44.2%	
20.0 to 24.9 percent	1,749	15.9%	12,087	16.1%	102,609	17.8%	
25.0 to 29.9 percent	1,064	9.7%	8,253	11.0%	69,159	12.0%	
30.0 to 34.9 percent	820	7.4%	5,084	6.8%	42,191	7.3%	
35.0 percent or more	2,470	22.4%	13,971	18.6%	108,059	18.7%	

MONTHLY RENTER COSTS

Below is a summary of monthly renter costs as of 2015 according to the ACS summary data. In Minnetonka, the percentage of renters paying more than 30% of their incomes toward their monthly housing cost was estimated at 36.5%, with 29.0% paying more than 35%. These percentages, while a concern, are actually lower in comparison to the PMA as a whole, where 40.7% pay more than 30% toward housing costs, and 48.5% for the Twin Cities metro area. The data reflects in part 1) the age/quality of the apartment stock in Minnetonka, much of which was constructed during the 1980s, and 2) the household income levels of Minnetonka residents, which on average are considerably higher compared to the metro area.

	City of Minnetonka		Minnetonka	Minnetonka PMA		Twin Cities Me	tro Area
	2015 Estimate	Percent	2015 Estimate	Percent		2015 Estimate	Percent
GROSS RENT RENTER HOUSEHOLDS							
Occupied units paying rent	6,510		46,398			355,124	
Less than \$500	490	7.5%	2,878	6.2%		36,845	10.4%
\$500 to \$999	1,590	24.4%	15,944	34.4%		163,251	46.0%
\$1,000 to \$1,499	3,008	46.2%	18,456	39.8%		106,969	30.1%
\$1,500 to \$1,999	999	15.3%	6,383	13.8%		35,255	9.9%
\$2,000 to \$2,499	216	3.3%	1,643	3.5%		8,518	2.4%
\$2,500 to \$2,999	133	2.0%	598	1.3%		2,423	0.7%
\$3,000 or more	74	1.1%	496	1.1%		1,863	0.5%
No rent paid	171	2.6%	1,142	2.5%		9,618	2.7%
GROSS RENT AS A % OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME							
Occupied units paying rent	6,476		46,059			350,585	
Less than 15.0 percent	917	14.2%	7,138	15.5%		40,776	11.6%
15.0 to 19.9 percent	1,117	17.2%	7,853	17.0%		47,353	13.5%
20.0 to 24.9 percent	1,160	17.9%	7,298	15.8%		49,436	14.1%
25.0 to 29.9 percent	914	14.1%	5,025	10.9%		42,885	12.2%
30.0 to 34.9 percent	488	7.5%	4,066	8.8%		31,860	9.1%
35.0 percent or more	1,880	29.0%	14,679	31.9%		138,275	39.4%

HOUSING AFFORDABILITY

We also examined the affordability of housing in Minnetonka, by comparing household incomes with the cost of housing in the community. For purposes of this analysis, we assume that housing is affordable if the monthly rent or mortgage payment consumes no more than 30% of a household income. This is the standard utilized by HUD and most industry analysts. In the table below, we compare the number of households in Minnetonka by income range, as a % of the area median income (õAMIÖ) as determined by HUD, with the number of housing units affordable within the designated rent/cost affordability range, also determined by HUD. The source of the housing unit and household counts by income/affordability range is the Twin Cities Metropolitan Council. The table shows the change in the housing stock and the number of households by income range over time, from 2010 to 2015.

Household Base & Affordable Housing Stock Matrix
of Households by Income Range vs. Affordable Housing Units by Cost/Rent Range
City of Minnetonka

		Numbe	r of Househo <u>lds b</u>	y Income (% of AM	l)	
	<30% AMI	31-50% AMI	51-60% AMI	61-80% AMI	>80% AMI	<u>Totals</u>
2010	1,723	1,950	1,073	1,826	15,329	21,901
2011	1,741	1,868	1,236	1,839	15,449	22,133
2012	1,589	2,053	1,279	1,843	15,469	22,233
2013	1,413	2,304	1,199	2,115	15,385	22,416
2014	1,553	2,175	1,072	1,566	16,111	22,477
2015	1,687	2,222	1,218	980	16,690	22,797
					ital Units Combined	
	<30% AMI	31-50% AMI	<u>51-60% AMI</u>	61-80% AMI	<u>>80% AMI</u>	<u>Totals</u>
2010	780	2,298	3,165	5,502	11,549	23,294
2011	755	2,282	2,716	4,658	13,022	23,433
2012	1,481	2,118	3,015	5,721	11,146	23,481
2013	1,248	1,715	2,882	5,143	12,592	23,580
2014	1,010	1,699	2,474	4,198	14,308	23,689
2015	859	1,752	3,245	4,009	13,862	23,727
		Number	of Rontal Units by	y Affordability Rang	10	
	<30% AMI	31-50% AMI	51-60% AMI	61-80% AMI	>80% AMI	Totals
2010						
2010 2011	666	842	2,210	1,883	832	6,433
2011	666 684	842 1,028	2,210 1,908	1,883 2,007	832 1,017	6,433 6,644
	666	842	2,210 1,908 2,101	1,883 2,007 2,038	832 1,017 1,138	6,433 6,644 6,936
2011 2012	666 684 956	842 1,028 703	2,210 1,908	1,883 2,007	832 1,017	6,433 6,644
2011 2012 2013	666 684 956 448	842 1,028 703 766	2,210 1,908 2,101 1,947	1,883 2,007 2,038 2,074	832 1,017 1,138 1,596	6,433 6,644 6,936 6,831
2011 2012 2013 2014	666 684 956 448 569	842 1,028 703 766 763	2,210 1,908 2,101 1,947 1,773	1,883 2,007 2,038 2,074 2,075	832 1,017 1,138 1,596 1,573	6,433 6,644 6,936 6,831 6,753
2011 2012 2013 2014	666 684 956 448 569	842 1,028 703 766 763 657	2,210 1,908 2,101 1,947 1,773 2,072	1,883 2,007 2,038 2,074 2,075	832 1,017 1,138 1,596 1,573 2,427	6,433 6,644 6,936 6,831 6,753
2011 2012 2013 2014	666 684 956 448 569	842 1,028 703 766 763 657	2,210 1,908 2,101 1,947 1,773 2,072	1,883 2,007 2,038 2,074 2,075 1,461	832 1,017 1,138 1,596 1,573 2,427	6,433 6,644 6,936 6,831 6,753
2011 2012 2013 2014	666 684 956 448 569 530	842 1,028 703 766 763 657	2,210 1,908 2,101 1,947 1,773 2,072	1,883 2,007 2,038 2,074 2,075 1,461 by Affordability Ra	832 1,017 1,138 1,596 1,573 2,427	6,433 6,644 6,936 6,831 6,753 7,147
2011 2012 2013 2014 2015 2010 2011	666 684 956 448 569 530 <30% AMI 114 71	842 1,028 703 766 763 657 Number o	2,210 1,908 2,101 1,947 1,773 2,072 f Ownership Units 51-60% AMI	1,883 2,007 2,038 2,074 2,075 1,461 by Affordability Ra 61-80% AMI	832 1,017 1,138 1,596 1,573 2,427	6,433 6,644 6,936 6,831 6,753 7,147
2011 2012 2013 2014 2015	666 684 956 448 569 530 <30% AMI	842 1,028 703 766 763 657 Number o 31-50% AMI 1,456	2,210 1,908 2,101 1,947 1,773 2,072 f Ownership Units 51-60% AMI 955	1,883 2,007 2,038 2,074 2,075 1,461 by Affordability Ra 61-80% AMI 3,619	832 1,017 1,138 1,596 1,573 2,427	6,433 6,644 6,936 6,831 6,753 7,147 <u>Totals</u> 16,861
2011 2012 2013 2014 2015 2010 2011	666 684 956 448 569 530 <30% AMI 114 71	842 1,028 703 766 763 657 Number o 31-50% AMI 1,456 1,254	2,210 1,908 2,101 1,947 1,773 2,072 f Ownership Units 51-60% AMI 955 808	1,883 2,007 2,038 2,074 2,075 1,461 by Affordability Ra 61-80% AMI 3,619 2,651	832 1,017 1,138 1,596 1,573 2,427 Inge >80% AMI 10,717 12,005	6,433 6,644 6,936 6,831 6,753 7,147 <u>Totals</u> 16,861 16,789
2011 2012 2013 2014 2015 2010 2011 2012	666 684 956 448 569 530 <30% AMI 114 71 525	842 1,028 703 766 763 657 Number o 31-50% AMI 1,456 1,254 1,415	2,210 1,908 2,101 1,947 1,773 2,072 f Ownership Units 51-60% AMI 955 808 914	1,883 2,007 2,038 2,074 2,075 1,461 by Affordability Ra 61-80% AMI 3,619 2,651 3,683	832 1,017 1,138 1,596 1,573 2,427 Inge ≥80% AMI 10,717 12,005 10,008	6,433 6,644 6,936 6,831 6,753 7,147 <u>Totals</u> 16,861 16,789 16,545
2011 2012 2013 2014 2015 2010 2011 2012 2013	666 684 956 448 569 530 ≤30% AMI 114 71 525 800	842 1,028 703 766 763 657 Number o 31-50% AMI 1,456 1,254 1,415 949	2,210 1,908 2,101 1,947 1,773 2,072 f Ownership Units 51-60% AMI 955 808 914 935	1,883 2,007 2,038 2,074 2,075 1,461 by Affordability Ra 61-80% AMI 3,619 2,651 3,683 3,069	832 1,017 1,138 1,596 1,573 2,427 Inge ≥80% AMI 10,717 12,005 10,008 10,996	6,433 6,644 6,936 6,831 6,753 7,147 <u>Totals</u> 16,861 16,789 16,545 16,749

Source: Twin Cities Metropolitan Council

When reviewing this data, and the differences from one year to the next, it is important to note that the supply of units by affordability level does not reflect entirely actual changes in inventory. Rather, the change reflects increases or decreases in housing prices (or rent levels) over time, in addition, of course, to the construction of new units. Shown below is a summary of the affordable housing supply by affordability level compared to the # of households by income range in 2010 and 2015.

	201	5			
	<30% AMI	31-50% AMI	51-60% AMI	61-80% AMI	Totals, 0-80% AMI
Owner Units by Affordabilty Range	329	1,095	1,173	2,548	5,145
Renter Units by Affordability Range	530	657	2,072	1,461	4,720
A) Total Units by Affordability Range	859	1,752	3,245	4,009	9,865
B) Households by Income Level	1,687	2,222	1,218	980	6,107
A - B = (Insufficient Supply) or Surplus of Units	(828)	(470)	2,027	3,029	3,758
	201				
	<30% AMI	31-50% AMI	51-60% AMI	61-80% AMI	Totals, 0-80% AMI
Owner Units by Affordabilty Range	114	1,456	955	3,619	6,144
Renter Units by Affordability Range	666	842	2,210	2,210	5,928
A) Total Units by Affordability Range	780	2,298	3,165	5,829	12,072
B) Households by Income Level	1,723	1,950	1,073	1,826	6,572
A - B = (Insufficient Supply) or Surplus of Units	(943)	348	2,092	4,003	5,500

It is interesting to note Minnetonkaøs supply of housing that is affordable to households earning <80% of AMI. If we compare the number of households <80% of AMI (6,107 in 2015) with the number of housing units affordable to them in the community (9,865 in 2015), it would appear that Minnetonka actually has an excess of affordable housing by more than 3,700 units. HOWEVER, while this supply of affordable housing is clearly an asset to the community, it is also an increasingly scarce asset.

- As shown on the table, between 2010 and 2015, the number of housing units affordable to households earning <80% of the area median income decreased by more than 2,200 residential units. Meanwhile, the number of households with incomes of <80% of AMI decreased by only 465.
- Further, while the data might suggest that in 2015 Minnetonka had a sufficient supply of housing units for those earning between 50-80% of AMI, based on the comparison of housing unit counts to households by income/affordability range, the data does not account for higher-income households occupying these affordable units, perhaps paying significantly less than 30% of their incomes toward this housing.
- Additionally, as discussed further in the *Apartment Market Conditions* chapter, Minnetonka has seen considerable increases in rental rates over the past several months. This includes a 7.4% increase in the average rent over the past 12 months as of 2017 Q2.

Excess Housing Cost Burden

Another way to examine housing affordability in the community is by measuring the number of households with õexcess housing cost burden.ö The U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD), defines õcost burdenedö households as those who pay more than 30% of their income for housing (either rent or mortgage) and may have difficulty affording necessities such as food, clothing, transportation and medical care. HUD defines various levels of cost-burden, as follows:

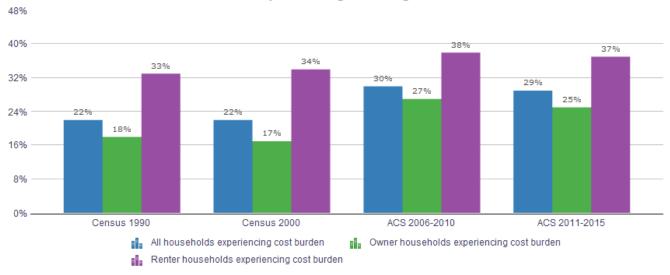
- õModerately cost-burdenedö households pay 35% or more of their income for housing.
- A household paying 50% or more of their income on housing is considered to be õseverelyö cost-burdened.

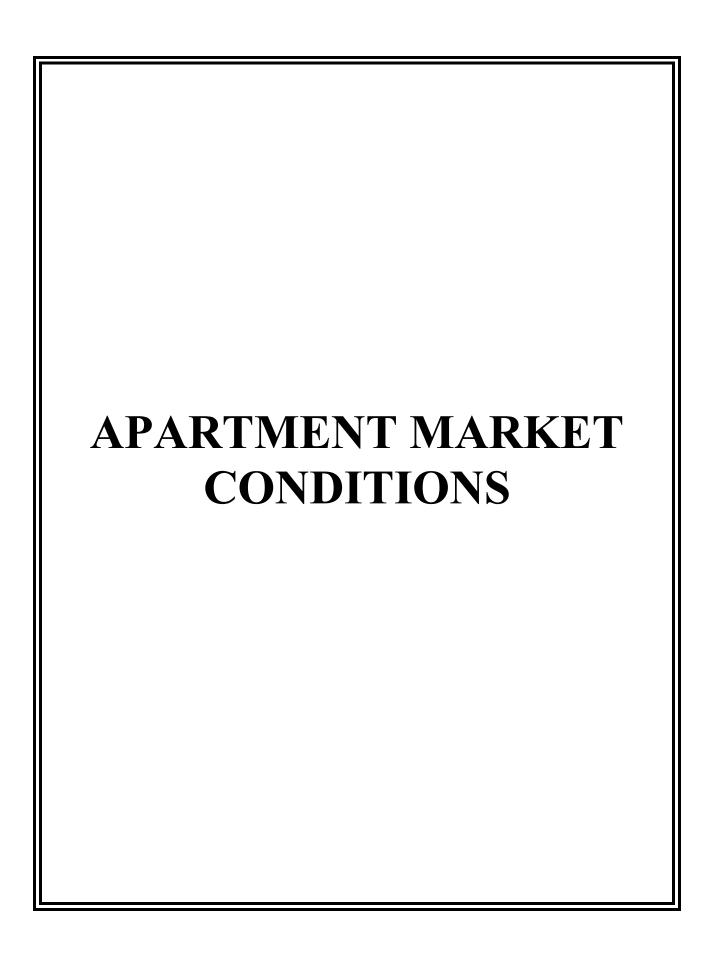
Housing Cost Burden in Minnetonka and Twin Cities Metro Area (2015)									
	Minneto	nka	Twin Cities Me	etro Area					
	Number	Number Pct.		Pct.					
Owner Households									
All owner Households	16,110		784,050						
Cost Burden < 30%	12,045	74.8%	601,980	76.8%					
Owner Cost Burden 30% to 50%	2,515	15.6%	114,215	14.6%					
Cost Burden > 50%	1,550	9.6%	64,525	8.2%					
Renter Households									
All owner Households	6,195		355,575						
Cost Burden < 30%	3,910	63.1%	189,025	53.2%					
Owner Cost Burden 30% to 50%	1,125	18.2%	78,360	22.0%					
Cost Burden >50%	1,160	18.7%	83,212	23.4%					
All Households									
All Households	22,305		1,139,625						
Cost Burden <30%	15,955	71.5%	791,005	69.4%					
Owner Cost Burden 30% to 50%	3,640	16.3%	192,575	16.9%					
Cost Burden > 50%	2,710	12.1%	147,737	13.0%					
Source: US Census/American Community Survey and Marquette Advisors									

The table shows that in 2015 an estimated 29% of Minnetonka households had excess housing cost burden at >30%, including a full 12% who were severely cost burdened, with housing payments equating to >50% of their incomes. The figures were similar for the metro area, with 30% having excess housing cost burden at >30% and 13% with severe housing cost burden at >50%.

Shown on the following page is a summary of housing cost burden estimates for the City of Minnetonka for 1990, 2000, 2010 and 2015, according to the US Census and ACS Survey data. Clearly, with strong demand for housing in Minnetonka, paired with rising home prices and apartment rents, a growing share of Minnetonka residents are feeling financial stress, with 29% of households experiencing housing cost burden in 2015, compared to 22% in 2000 and 1990.

Percent of Households Experiencing Housing Cost Burden in Minnetonka





INTRODUCTION

In this section, we first present a review and update of regional apartment market conditions. We then present an analysis of rent and vacancy information for general-occupancy market rate apartment properties, with a segmentation of rental product by class and by rent level. As well we evaluate the supply of contract-based and naturally occurring rental housing in Minnetonka. Next, we provide a review of the development pipeline, with a summary of projects planned or construction in Minnetonka. We conclude with our demand analysis, segmenting short- and long-term senior housing needs in Minnetonka by product type/service level.

REGIONAL APARTMENT MARKET CONDITIONS

Twin Cities Apartment Demand Trends

The graphic on the following page displays data on apartment unit absorption in comparison with job growth (losses) over the past several years for the Twin Cities Metro Area. Job growth was robust during the 1990¢s, particularly in the latter part of the decade, while apartment supply increases were nominal. The Twin Cities metro area added an average of 38,000 jobs per year between 1995 and 2000. During that time, the regional apartment market maintained occupancy levels of 98% and higher.

However, the recession of 2001/2002 led to the loss of about 42,000 jobs in the region over a two-year period. Meanwhile, the apartment market saw the metro-wide physical vacancy rate spike to 7.6% by 2003, with apartment owners offering deep rent concessions in an attempt retain current renters and lure others from competing properties. Between 2003 and 2007, the economy improved, with the Twin Cities region adding approximately 75,000 jobs. Meanwhile, we saw the absorption of nearly 6,700 market rate rental units over these four years, and a decline in the apartment vacancy rate to 4.2%.

A serious economic recession took a major toll on all real estate sectors nationally in 2008 and 2009, including the Twin Cities apartment market. In 2008 and 2009, the Twin Cities economy shed more than 106,000 jobs. The regional apartment market saw a spike in physical vacancy to 7.9% by the end of 2009. Negative absorption totaled nearly 3,500 apartment units during 2009. (This includes only those units in apartment complexes of 10+ units, thereby understating negative absorption since our surveys exclude smaller buildings, duplexes, and single family rentals.)

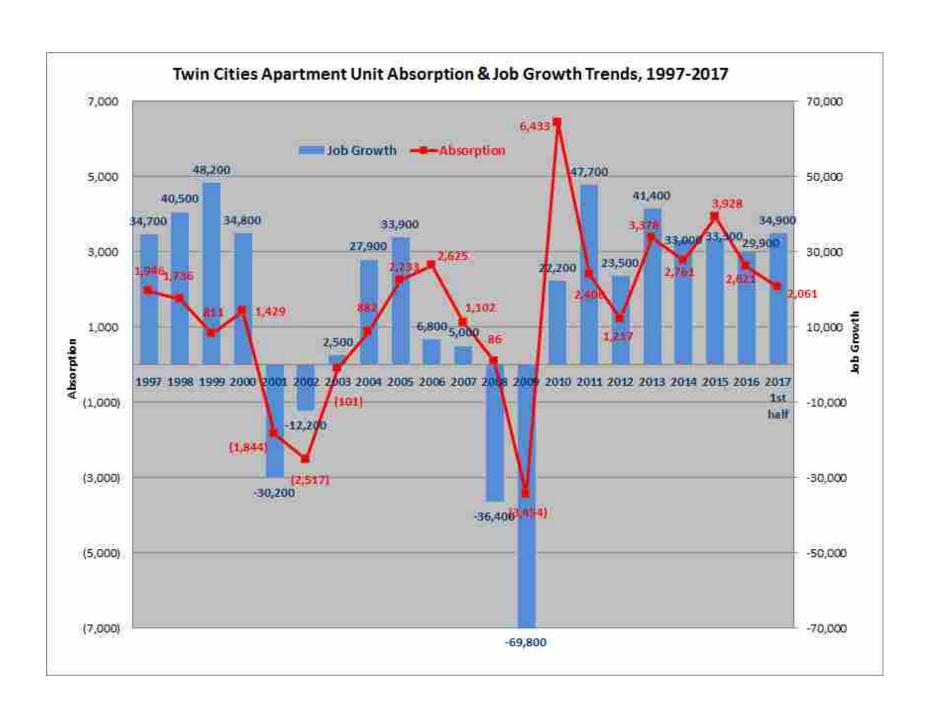
The recession of 2008/09 caused many Twin Cities renters to downsize, move in with a roommate, parents or other family members. 2010 brought dramatic improvement in the Twin Cities apartment market, spurred by economic improvement and modest job growth, along with a õdebundlingö of Twin Cities households, as improvement in the economy prompted many of these renters to move back into apartments. A total of 22,200 jobs were added in 2010, while apartment absorption totaled a record 6,433 units. At the same time, the apartment industry benefited to some degree from foreclosures in the housing market, with rental properties attracting many former

homeowners. During 2010, apartment vacancy in the Twin Cities Metro Area declined from 7.3% to 3.8%.

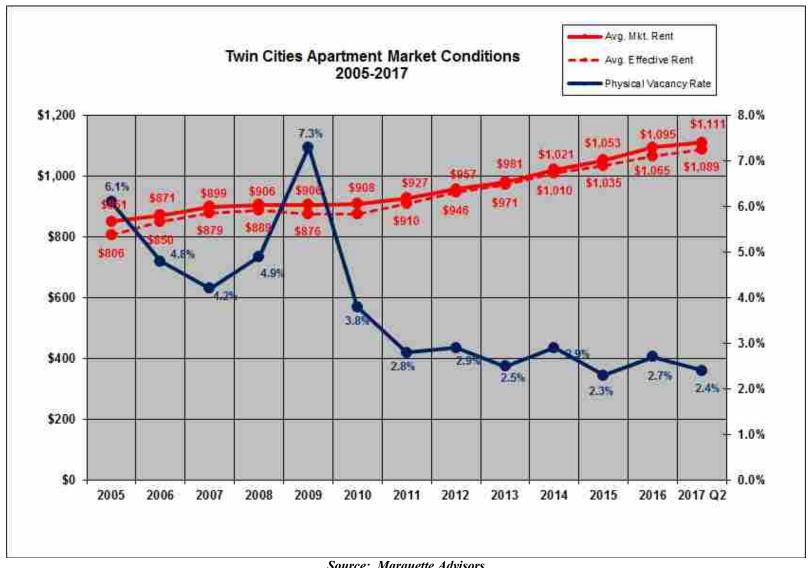
2011 and 2012 brought continued economic improvement, as another 67,000 jobs were added over this two-year period. Apartment vacancy declined to 2.9% by year-end 2012, as 2011 and 2012 absorption totaled more than 3,600 units, compared to fewer than 2,200 units added during this time through new construction. Urban submarkets led the resurgence in demand during 2011 and 2012, although the recovery became more widespread in 2012 and 2013, and continues to date, with sustained low vacancy and demand for all rental product types, at all rent levels, and in all submarkets. The Twin Cities apartment market has sustained a sub-3.0% vacancy rate since mid-2011.

Absorption totaled 4,656 units in 2016, following 3,922 units in 2015, following 2,761 in 2014 and 3,378 units in 2013. In spite of temporary vacancy adjustments in some active new construction submarkets such as Downtown and Uptown Minneapolis, the Twin Cities metro area vacancy rate at 2.7% (3.1% adjusted for new inventory) remained one of the lowest vacancy rates among all major U.S. markets at the end of 2016.

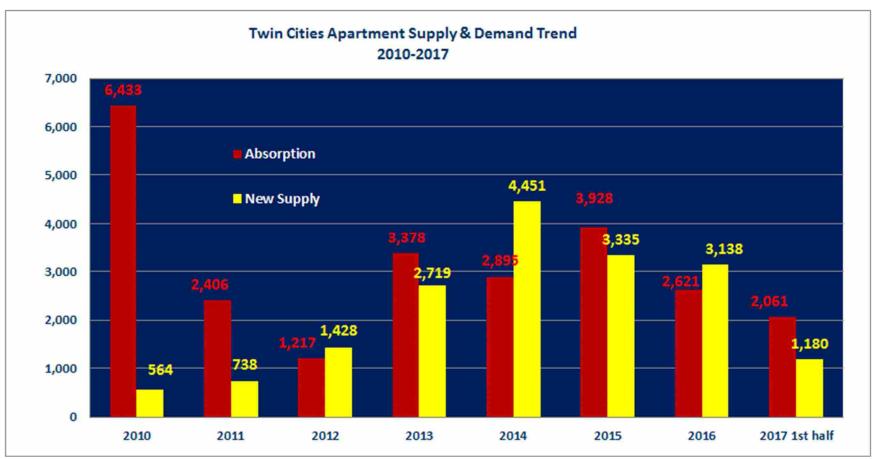
2017 to date has been a very strong year for the Twin Cities apartment market. Through the first half of 2017, we saw the absorption of 2,061 units. This compares to 2,621 units absorbed during all of 2016. Metro area apartment vacancy declined to 2.4% at mid-year 2017. Demand fundamentals remain strong. In particular, we note that Twin Cities businesses added 34,900 workers to their payrolls through the first six months of 2017. To put this into perspective -- this surpasses total annual job growth in the Twin Cities during each of the past three years.



Sources: Marquette Advisors (apartment absorption data); MN Dept. of Employment & Economic Development (job growth)



Source: Marquette Advisors



Source: Marquette Advisors

Twin Cities Apartment Supply Trends

Very few apartments were constructed leading into and during the 2008/2009 recession timeframe. This was followed by very modest supply increases from 2010-2012. Over a 10-year period through 2012, the Twin Cities region saw the construction of just 10,300 market rate apartments, compared to absorption of more than 13,400 units during this timeframe. With improving demand, and limited numbers of new units, we saw apartment occupancy levels improve to 97%+ by 2012.

Strong and sustained demand fundamentals, paired with improvement in the availability of capital for new developments, prompted more substantive supply increases commencing in 2013. That trend continues today. Approximately 13,700 new market rate apartments were constructed in the metro area between 2013-2016, with another 16,500 or so units under construction or proposed for 2017-2019.

Urban markets led the resurgence in construction during 2013 and 2014, with more deals starting to õpencil outö in prime suburban locations over the past 12-24 months. While suburban units accounted for just 27% of the regionøs new inventory in 2014, this figure increases to more than 50% in 2015 and nearly 65% in 2016. Roughly 50% to 55% of the expected new supply in the Twin Cities metro area in 2017-2019 is expected to be in suburban locations. The Edina and Bloomington markets in the south have several new projects underway or planned, while the west suburbs of St. Louis Park, Golden Valley and Minnetonka are now seeing an increase in development activity as well.

Renters have shown a positive response to central city developments, as well as dynamic õurbanö locations in Twin Cities suburbs, showing a preference for modern apartments which are highly õwalkable,ö proximate to major job centers, restaurants and shopping centers, as well as transit and/or major highways. Young Millennials are the key demand segment.

	Twin Cities Apart	ment Const	ruction Trend	d (as of 2017 Q1)		P	ct. Distrib	ution
						Twin Cities			
	DT Mpls.	Other Mpls	DT St. Paul	Other St. Paul	<u>Suburbs</u>	<u>Metro</u>	<u>Mpls</u>	St. Paul	Suburbs
2013	1,246	414	234	148	721	2,763	60%	14%	26%
2014	1,441	1,050	342	391	1,227	4,451	56%	16%	28%
2015	878	380	0	206	1,858	3,322	38%	6%	56%
2016	465	252	203	223	1,995	3,138	23%	14%	64%
Projected 2017	688	433	325	439	1,994	3,879	29%	20%	51%
Projected 2018	1,558	1,462	150	28	3,605	6,803	44%	3%	53%
Projected 2019	1,467	336	575	170	3,297	5,845	31%	13%	56%
							•		
Source: Marquette	e Advisors								

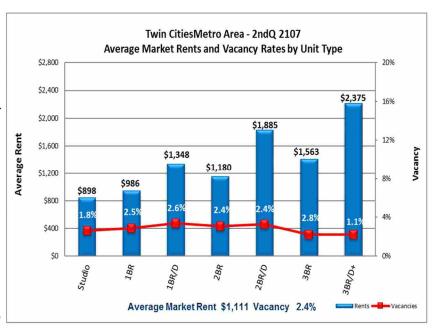
Twin Cities Metro Area Annual Apartment Construction by Submarket

										Fo	recast (as	of 2017 Q	11)	
	20	13	20	14	20	15	20	16	20	17	20	18	20	19
Submarket	No.	Pct.	No.	Pct.	No.	Pct.								
Mpls-Downtown	1,246	45.1%	1,441	32.4%	878	26.4%	465	14.8%	688	17.7%	1,558	22.9%	1,467	25.1%
Mpls-Non-Downtown	414	15.0%	1,050	23.6%	380	11.4%	252	8.0%	433	11.2%	1,462	21.5%	336	5.7%
St. Paul-Downtown	234	8.5%	342	7.7%	0	0.0%	203	6.5%	325	8.4%	150	2.2%	575	9.8%
St. Paul-Non-Downtown	148	5.4%	391	8.8%	206	6.2%	223	7.1%	439	11.3%	28	0.4%	170	2.9%
SW Suburban	491	17.8%	398	8.9%	661	19.9%	164	5.2%	1,147	29.6%	1,203	17.7%	1,145	19.6%
NW Suburban	0	0.0%	433	9.7%	128	3.9%	652	20.8%	416	10.7%	1,088	16.0%	994	17.0%
NC Suburban	230	8.3%	164	3.7%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	134	2.0%	493	8.4%
SC Suburban	0	0.0%	232	5.2%	984	29.6%	1,179	37.6%	431	11.1%	1,046	15.4%	0	0.0%
SE Suburban	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	134	2.0%	520	8.9%
NE Suburban	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	85	2.6%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	145	2.5%
Total	2,763	100.0%	4,451	100.0%	3,322	100.0%	3,138	100.0%	3,879	100.0%	6,803	100.0%	5,845	100.0%

Source: Marquette Advisors

Twin Cities Average Rents & Vacancy

The Twin Cities overall average market rent of \$1,111 at mid-year 2017 was up 1.5% for the quarter and +5.4% over a trailing 12-month period. This growth rate reflects rent increases at existing properties, as well as the opening of several new Class õAö apartment assets in the market over the past several months. Market rents have shown more substantial increases urban in submarkets such Downtown as Minneapolis, where considerable numbers of new luxury units have been These rent increases in the central city have been partially offset by modest declines in other suburban markets where many older õA-õ or õBö apartment assets are working harder to

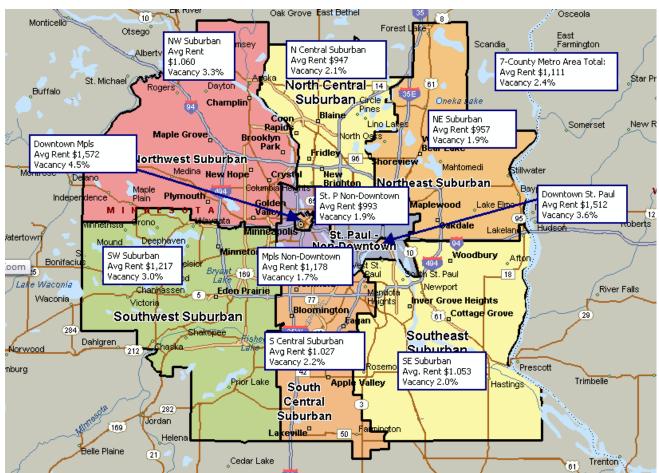


retain current renters who may be considering an upgrade to newer product, or in some cases purchasing a home. Clearly, though, all submarkets in the Twin Cities metro area remain quite healthy, as rental housing demand remains strong due to economic, demographic, and lifestyle/social factors.

Twin Cities Metro Area Average Rents & Vacancy Rate by Unit Type (2016 & 2017 Q2)

Unit Type	Units Surveyed	Units Vacant	Avg Rent 6/2017	Avg Rent 6/2016	% Change	Vacancy 6/2017	Vacancy 6/2016	Change
Studio	7,220	133	\$898	\$847	6.0%	1.8%	2.6%	-0.8%
One Bedroom	60,048	1,487	\$976	\$948	3.0%	2.5%	2.7%	-0.2%
One + Den	3,324	88	\$1,348	\$1,342	0.4%	2.6%	3.8%	-1.2%
Two Bedroom	56,167	1,370	\$1,180	\$1,155	2.2%	2.4%	2.9%	-0.5%
Two + Den	1,714	41	\$1,885	\$1,830	3.0%	2.4%	3.2%	-0.8%
Three Bedroom	6,688	187	\$1,563	\$1,412	10.7%	2.8%	2.9%	-0.1%
Three Den/Four+	548	6	\$2,375	\$2,216	7.2%	1.1%	3.5%	-2.4%
Total	135,709	3,312	\$1,111	\$1,078	3.1%	2.4%	2.9%	-0.5%

Market Rents & Vacancy Rates (2017 Q2) – Twin Cities Metro Area Primary Submarkets



^{*}Vacancy rates shown on graphic reflect the vacancy situation for <u>stabilized properties only</u>, not including all new properties in lease-up which have opened during the past 6 months.

Apartments - what are we building?

Unit Type	Unit Mix	Avg Stre	Avg Rent g	Rent PSF
Studio	14.4%	540	\$1,188	\$2.16
1BR	42.8%	781	\$1,419	\$1.86
1BR+Den	7.2%	904	\$1,656	\$1.83
2BR	30.3%	1 131	\$1,984	\$1.75
2BR+Den/3BR	5.4%	1,304	\$2,440	\$1.87
Total	100.0%	880	\$1,625	\$1.86
Everything else (And Charles	n per
Unit Type	Unit Mix	Avg Size	Avg Rent g	
Unit Type Studio	Unit Mix 4.8%	Avg Size 468	Avg Rent g. \$713 \$848	Rent PSF \$1.52 \$1.16
Unit Type	Unit Mix	Avg Size	\$713	\$1.52
Unit Type Studio 1BR 1BR+Den	Unit Mix 4.8% 44.0%	Avg Size 468 730	\$713 \$848	\$1.52 \$1.16
Unit Type Studio 1BR	Unit Mix 4.8% 44.0% 1.8%	Avg Size 468 730 984	\$713 \$848 \$1,166	\$1.52 \$1.16 \$1.19

Unit Mix (new construction)

- 2/3 Studios & 1BRs vs ½ in past
- Far fewer 2BR & 3BR units
- Targets single renters
- Empty nesters seeking larger units — a few more developments targeting this group now

Rent Premium

- Note \$650 gap between new product & apartments built pre-2010.
- This is why developers are looking at "value-add" investment opportunities
- "Started in city, now spreading to suburbs ó best in market locations first.
- "New construction rents: \$2.30+ psf (urban); \$1.90 to \$2.10+ psf (suburban) ó very õbest-in-marketö suburban sites \$2.00+ psf
- " Dynamic, dense, mixed-use environments ó well connected and õwalkableö locations are highly preferred (same principles apply in urban and suburban)
- "Highly amenitized buildings, emphasis on common areas. Smaller individual apartments; more emphasis on amenities.
- Design for single renters. Fewer couples and very few roommates in market.
- " Small, efficient units. Increasing popularity of Studio & õAlcoveö floorplans
- "Studio, Alcove, 1BR comprise 65% of mix today vs 40-50% in past
- Far fewer 2BR and 3BR units (changing somewhat right now)

<u>A concern? Most of the above fits young Millennial renter profile</u> -- But what about other market segments? What about empty nesters/older adults? What about Millennials as they age? Construction is focused on luxury ó what about workforce & affordable housing products? Need diversity in product & unit mix. Is there õsustainabilityö in what we are building?

Who is Today's Renter?

What is driving demand for rental apartments? And does this vary by product type? Presented below are answers to these two key questions.

Class õAö Rentals. Who is renting õluxuryö apartments in the Twin Cities?

- 1. Many are new to Twin Cities (in-migration trend)
- 2. Some turnover demand (õcannibalizationö as renters upgrade to new product).
- 3. We have a problem in the market when #2 outpaces #1. This leads to rising vacancy.
- 4. Overall preference for well located, urban housing
- 5. õRenters by Choice.ö Higher incomes, often less price sensitivity (depends).

Older õBö and õCö Apartments. Still sustain high occupancy levels

- 1. Similar household composition, but more õrenters by necessityö (economics)
- 2. Still some, but fewer õrenters by choice.ö More are renting out of necessity. Income/credit issues.

Millennials having a major impact on the apartment market, especially new construction Class A

- 1. Now are age 25-35 years old. Many have chosen to rent, rather than buy. Also prefer city over suburbs (generally), or õurbanö suburban location close to jobs, shopping/dining and amenities. Seeking õwalkabilityö and õconnectivity.ö
- 2. But ó whatøs next as they age into 30s? What comes after the Studio or 1BR apt in the city? (Potential for Minnetonka?) (LRT possibilities?)

Empty nesters: renting too, but smaller numbers due to mobility and product issues. Many have a home to sell and low motivation to do so. Others have considered rentals, but not interested based on quality or size of unit. Potential for oactive adulto rental product throughout Twin Cities. Minnetonka opportunity of many older adults and seniors aging in place.

Other groups: young couples, families (including immigrants, multi-generational families) but prefer larger rental homes and townhomes, rather than traditional apartments.

"Renters by Choice" --- Why Rent Rather than Buy?

In todayøs market, in the Twin Cities and other markets across the US, large numbers of households are choosing to rent, rather than buy, for a variety of reasons, both economic and lifestyle-related.

Economic Factors

- " Cost comparison, rent vs. buy
 - " Avg. rent 2BR apt = \$1,180/month in metro area & \$1,292 in Minnetonka).
 - " Avg. sale price \$265,000 in 2016 in Twin Cities = \$1,480/month (monthly mortgage + tax)
 - " Avg. sale price in Minnetonka \$355,000 in 2016 = \$2,100/month (mortgage + tax)
 - "And what does that does \$265,000 buy in today's market? Or \$355,000 in Minnetonka? How does that compare to apartment quality and range of amenities? Possible home rehab/updates needed on top of acquisition price? At what cost? Over what period of time?
 - And what about savings & down payment requirements?
 - Down payment requirements higher in many cases.
 - " Avg. price \$265,000: 5% down payment = \$13,250
 - " Avg. price \$355,000: 5% down payment = \$17,750
- " High debt levels ó impact of college debt ó
 - MN ranks 4th highest nationally in college debt.
 - 70% have õsignificantö college debt. Avg. nearly \$40,000 per student.
- Mobility ó job/career changes; resale issue and timing

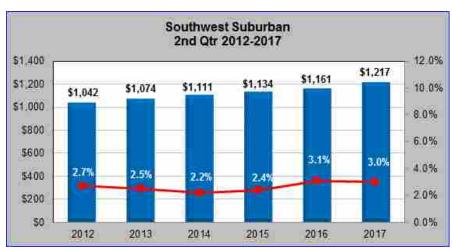
Lifestyle Factors

- " Maintenance-free living
 - Smaller households (single renters opting for Studio or 1BR). May not make sense to buy a larger SF home, or even a condo
- " Preference for õshiny & newö ó and \$265,000 doesnøt buy that, obviously.
- " Lifestyle appeal of modern apartments ó <u>amenities</u>, gathering spaces. Important to Millennials especially.
- " Prefer urban locations (simply more modern rental options there than ownership)

SOUTHWEST SUBURBAN MARKET CONDITIONS

The southwest suburban market has a total inventory of about 29,000 market rate apartments. The graph at right and the table below summarize historical market conditions for the submarket compared to the seven-county metro area as a whole.

SW metro avg. rent \$1,217 (a full 9.5% higher than the metro average) -- The average



rent in the submarket increased by 4.8% over a trailing 12 month period ending 2017 Q2. Year-to-date, rents are up 2.0% through June 2017 in the SW suburban market. Rent growth in the submarket has averaged 3.5% annually over the past five years, slightly outpacing the 3.4% average annual rent increase for the metro area as a whole during this timeframe.

Sustained low-vacancy -- Our 2017 Q2 survey showed a SW metro area vacancy rate of 3.0%, compared to 2.4% for the metro area as a whole. The adjusted vacancy rate was 3.2%, including new properties still in lease-up. Submarket vacancy has remained below 4.0% since mid-2011, with sustained demand for apartments, buoyed by a strong economy, significant corporate presence and employment growth in the southwest metro area.

	Mari		- Supply/Der outhwest Su Twin Cities	ıburban Ma	rket	ends		
			I win Cities	Metro Are	a			
			Southwe	st Surburb	an Submarke	et		
	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017 Q2
Total Units *	27,132	27,132	27,186	27,677	28,075	28,736	28,900	29,006
New Supply	133	0	54	491	398	661	164	270
Vacant Units	2,062	922	924	952	931	988	723	917
Vacancy Rate	7.6%	3.4%	3.4%	3.4%	3.3%	3.4%	2.5%	3.2%
Occupied Units	25,070	26,210	26,262	26,725	27,144	27,748	28,178	28,089
Absorption	(444)	1,140	52	463	420	604	429	(89)
Avg. Rent	\$993	\$1,006	\$1,051	\$1,081	\$1,118	\$1,141	\$1,193	\$1,217
Rent Grow th	-0.4%	1.3%	4.5%	2.9%	3.4%	2.1%	4.6%	2.0%
			Twi	n Cities Me	tro Area			
	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017 Q2
Total Units *	168,870	169,608	171,036	173,799	178,190	181,525	184,663	185,843
New Supply	564	738	1,428	2,763	4,391	3,335	3,138	1,180
Vacant Units	6,417	4,749	4,960	4,345	5,969	5,377	5,899	5,018
Vacancy Rate	3.8%	2.8%	2.9%	2.5%	3.4%	3.0%	3.2%	2.7%
Occupied Units	162,453	164,859	166,076	169,454	172,221	176,148	178,764	180,825
Absorption	6,433	2,406	1,217	3,378	2,767	3,928	2,621	2,061
Avg. Rent	\$908	\$927	\$957	\$981	\$1,021	\$1,053	\$1,095	\$1,111
Rent Grow th	0.2%	2.1%	3.2%	2.5%	4.1%	3.1%	4.0%	1.5%
* Unit supply includ	les <u>market rate</u> apa	rtments in com	nplexes with 1	0+ units. Ex	cludes subsid	ized apartmei	nts and senio	rs housing.
** Note that vacano	cy as shown includ	es both stabili	zed propertie	es <u>and</u> new u	units still in le	ase-up.		
Source: Marque	otto Advisors							

The southwest submarket has accounted for approximately 12% of new market rate apartment construction in the Twin Cities metro area and 16% of absorption over the past 5+ years -- the southwest submarket has seen the construction of 2,038 new market rate apartments since January 2011, while absorption in the submarket totaled 3,019 units. With absorption outpacing construction, the southwest metro area has maintained a consistently low vacancy rate during this timeframe.

MINNETONKA MARKET CONDITIONS

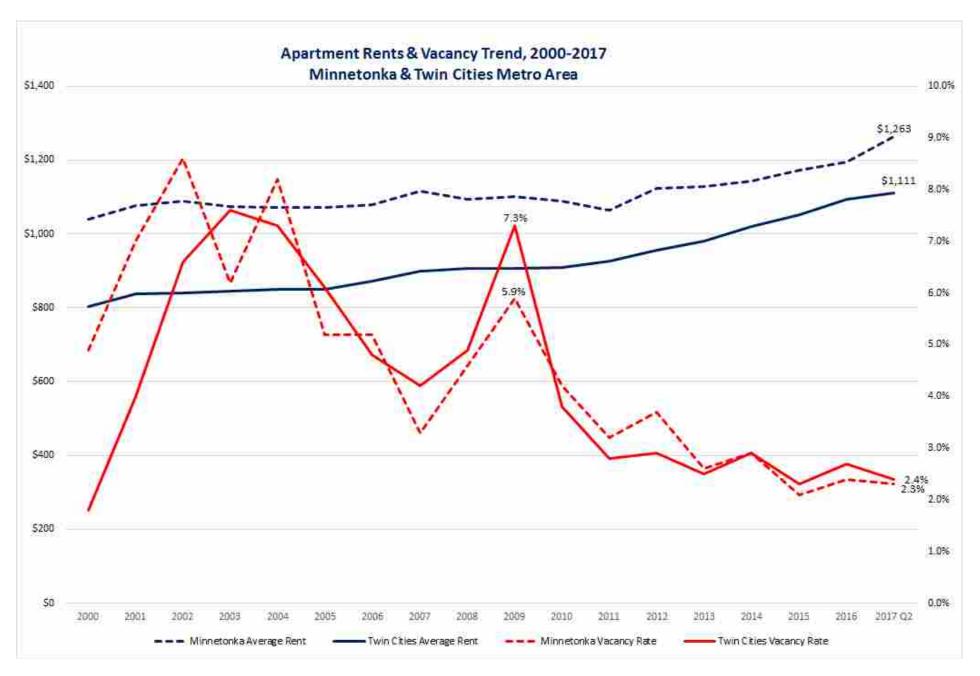
The City of Minnetonka contains approximately 7,100 total rental housing units in 2017. This includes the following building/product types:

- 4,406 market rate apartments (buildings w/10+ units)
- 686 age-restricted senior rental units
- 564 affordable apartment units (contract based affordable @<60% of AMI)
- 1,444 (approximately) rental units in small buildings of <10 units, including rented SF homes, townhomes, etc.

This section of our analysis is focused on the market rate apartment stock in the City of Minnetonka, comprising 4,406 units. Minnetonka apartments continue to report low vacancy levels. At mid-year 2017, Minnetonka apartment communities featured a combined 2.3% vacancy rate, holding steady over the past year. Meanwhile, the average rent was \$1,263, a full 7.4% higher than one year ago. Landlords have been more aggressive with rent increases over the past year, recognizing the strong demand fundamentals inherent to the Minnetonka market and sustained low vacancy over many months. The 7.4% year-over-year rent increase reflects, in part, the addition of new luxury developments within the market (The Overlook & 1700 Residences), and thus is not entirely a õsame storeö growth rate.

City of Minnetonka (Market Rate Apartments) Average Rents & Vacancy Rate by Unit Type (2016 & 2017 Q2)

Unit Type	Units Surveyed	Units Vacant	Avg Rent 6/2017	Avg Rent 6/2016	% Change	Vacancy 6/2017	Vacancy 6/2016	Change
Studio	76	2	\$932	\$938	-0.6%	2.6%	3.9%	-1.3%
One Bedroom	1,568	33	\$1,107	\$1,015	9.0%	2.1%	2.2%	-0.1%
One + Den	160	7	\$1,309	\$1,183	10.7%	4.4%	1.9%	2.5%
Two Bedroom	1,931	39	\$1,292	\$1,233	4.8%	2.0%	2.7%	-0.7%
Two + Den	12	0	\$1,758	\$1,505	16.8%	1.0%	2.0%	-1.0%
Three Bedroom	262	9	\$1,752	\$1,682	4.1%	3.4%	2.0%	1.4%
Three Den/Four	23	1	\$4,387	\$2,293	91.3%	4.3%	0.0%	4.3%
Total	4,032	91	\$1,263	\$1,175	7.4%	2.3%	2.4%	-0.1%



^{*}Vacancy rates shown on the graph are for stabilized properties only and does not include new developments still in lease-up.

Minnetonka accounts for small share of regional apartment construction recently – The city of Minnetonka has seen the addition of just 509 new market rate apartments over the past 10 years, with 457 of those units opening in the city during the past 2-1/2 years. With sustained low vacancy rates, and rising rents, developers find Minnetonka ripening for new development as deals are starting to opencil outo in prime locations with good access to jobs and amenities.

Minnetonka accounts for 2.7% of new apartment units built over the past five years in the metro area, and about 2.8% of metro area absorption during this time. It is important to note that absorption in Minnetonka has been held down by the limited availability of apartment units, with low vacancy over several years and modest supply increases.

Considering current rent levels and low vacancy, we anticipate that developers will continue to seek opportunities for new apartment construction in Minnetonka in the coming months, such that the city should account for an increasing share of both construction and absorption going forward. However, this will depend on a variety of factors, including the availability of well-located development sites, as well as zoning/entitlement and the willingness of the city to support necessary density for such projects to be financially viable.

		ket Tracker -	City of M					
			Twin Cities	Metro Area	a			
				Minneton	ka			
	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017 Q2
Total Units *	3,949	3,949	3,949	3,949	3,949	4,122	4,286	4,406
New Supply	0	0	0	0	0	173	164	120
Vacant Units	166	126	146	103	115	87	107	101
Vacancy Rate	4.2%	3.2%	3.7%	2.6%	2.9%	2.1%	2.5%	2.3%
Occupied Units	3,783	3,823	3,803	3,846	3,834	4,035	4,179	4,305
Absorption	67	40	(20)	43	(12)	201	143	126
Avg. Rent	\$1,088	\$1,124	\$1,064	\$1,128	\$1,142	\$1,172	\$1,196	\$1,263
Rent Growth	-1.2%	3.3%	-5.3%	6.0%	1.2%	2.6%	2.0%	5.6%
			Twi	n Cities Me	tro Aroa			
	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017 Q2
Total Units *	168.870	169,608	171,036	173,799	178,190	181,525	184.663	185.843
New Supply	564	738	1,428	2,763	4,391	3,335	3,138	1,180
Vacant Units	6,417	4,749	4,960	4,345	5,969	5,377	5,899	5,018
Vacancy Rate	3.8%	2.8%	2.9%	2.5%	3.4%	3.0%	3.2%	2.7%
Occupied Units	162,453	164,859	166,076	169,454	172,221	176,148	178,764	180,825
Absorption	6,433	2,406	1,217	3,378	2,767	3,928	2,621	2,061
Avg. Rent	\$908	\$927	\$957	\$981	\$1,021	\$1,053	\$1,095	\$1,111
Rent Growth	0.2%	2.1%	3.2%	2.5%	4.1%	3.1%	4.0%	1.5%
* Unit supply include			•				nts and senio	rs housing
** Note that vacanc	y as shown includ	es both stabili	ized propertie	es <u>and</u> new u	ınits still in le	ase-up.		

Survey of Minnetonka Apartment Communities - Class "A", "B" and "C"

Presented on the following pages is detailed information on rents and vacancies for surveyed apartment properties in Minnetonka, segmented by Class. Class determinations are based on age & quality considerations. Class A assets include four new construction properties which have opened in Minnetonka during the past 2 years, totaling 493 apartment units. The Class B inventory is considerably larger in Minnetonka, comprising 15 properties and 3,222 total units, most of which were constructed during the 1980s and 1990s. Lastly, the Class C inventory comprises four 1970s-constructed properties with a total of 372 units.

Surveyed Apartme	Market Rents ar ent Comparable					
	Units	<u>Vacanc</u>	<u>y</u>			
	Surveyed	No.	Pct.	Avg. Size (SF)	Avg. Rent *	Rent PS
Total All Surveyed Properties						
Stu	74	1	1.4%	549	\$956	\$1.7
1BR	1,551	35	2.3%	812	\$1,098	\$1.3
1+Den	211	1	0.5%	981	\$1,294	\$1.3
2BR	1.864	47	2.5%	1,119	\$1,290	\$1.1
2BR+Den/3BR	369	8	2.2%	1,509	\$1,709	\$1.1
BBR+Den/4BR	18	1	5.6%	2,076	\$2,293	\$1.1
Total	4,087	93	2.3%	1,024	\$1,253	\$1.2
i otal	4,007		2.070	1,024	Ψ1,200	Ψ1.2
Class "A" Properties						
Stu	6	0	0.0%	531	\$1,335	\$2.5
1BR	272	3	1.1%	737	\$1,541	\$2.0
1+Den	32	0	0.0%	763	\$1,712	\$2.2
2BR	150	4	2.7%	1,127	\$2,160	\$1.9
2BR+Den/3BR	33	0	0.0%	1,322	\$2,821	\$2.1
Total	493	7	1.4%	894	\$1,824	\$2.0
Class "B" Properties						
Stu	56	0	0.0%	540	\$947	\$1.7
1BR	1,173	30	2.6%	836	\$1,014	\$1.2
1+Den	158	1	0.6%	1,052	\$1,266	\$1.2
2BR	1,517	39	2.6%	1,129	\$1,235	\$1.0
2BR+Den	84	2	2.4%	1,471	\$1,462	\$0.9
3BR	216	6	2.8%	1,588	\$1,715	\$1.0
3BR+Den	6	0	0.0%	1,600	\$1,908	\$1.1
4BR	12	1	8.3%	2,314	\$2,485	\$1.0
Total	3,222	79	2.5%	1,053	\$1,195	\$1.1
Class "C" Properties			2.201			•
Stu	12	1	8.3%	600	\$808	\$1.3
1BR	106	2	1.9%	736	\$888	\$1.2
1+Den	21	0	0.0%	780	\$860	\$1.1
2BR	197	4	2.0%	1,035	\$1,048	\$1.0
3BR	36	0	0.0%	1,303	\$1,225	\$0.9
Total	372	7	1.9%	947	\$1,030	\$1.0
* Average monthly rents shown include 1 careas s	nace					
* Average monthly rents shown include 1 garage s	pace.					

- Our survey shows that there is consistent demand across all property groups, with A/B/C vacancy rates reported at 1.4%, 2.5% and 1.9%, respectively, at mid-year 2017.
- Class A rents averaged \$1,824 (\$2.04 psf), compared to \$1,195 (\$1.13 psf) for Class B and \$1,030 (\$1.09 psf) for Class C apartments in Minnetonka.
- There is a clear variance in unit mix and sizes, also, as Class A new construction apartments tend to have a higher percentage of 1BR units compared to the older apartment communities in Minnetonka. We calculate an average size of 894 sf for the Class A buildings, compared to 1,053 sf (Class B) and 947 sf (Class C).
- Also of note is the success of the recently completed Class A luxury developments in Minnetonka, with each of these assets reporting <2.6% vacancy as of our recent survey date, while commanding a better than 50% premium over Class B apartment rents. From our interviews with property managers and leasing agents, we understand that the impact of these projects and their lease-up upon the existing rental properties in Minnetonka was quite modest. Rather than attracting renters from existing apartments in the community, these developments were successful in attracting new residents to the Minnetonka, many who have recently relocated to the Twin Cities metro area for a new job.

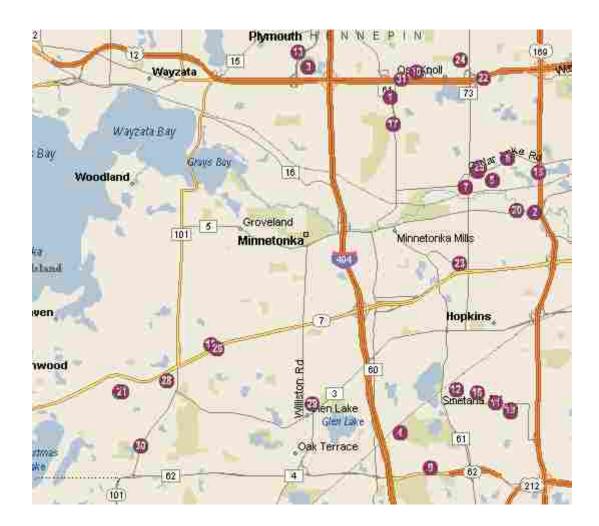
				Cit	y of Mir	netonka	_		, , , , ,			, , ,		
	Year	Unit		Vac	cancy	Ma	rket							
Property Name/Location	Built	Types	Total	No.	Pct.	Rental	Rates*	Avg.	Unit S	Sizes	Avg.	Rent	PSF	Avg.
Class "A" Properties														
1700 Residences	2017	Stu	6	0	0.0%	\$1.295 -	- \$1,375	\$1.335	522 -	539	531	\$2.55 -	\$2.48	\$2.52
1700 Plymouth Rd		1BR	48	1	2.1%	. ,	\$1,695	\$1,598	731 -	966	849	\$1.75 -		\$1.88
Minnetonka		1+Den	8	0	0.0%		\$2,095	\$1,895	894 -	1.000	947	\$2.10 -		\$2.00
		2BR	43	2	4.7%		\$2,495	\$2,195	996 -	1.424	1,210	\$1.75 -		\$1.81
		2BR+Den/3BR	10	0	0.0%		- \$3,295	\$2,945	1,236 -	1.549	1,393	\$2.13 -		\$2.1
		Total	115	3	2.6%		- \$3,295	\$1,945	,	1,549	1,021	\$1.75 -	-	\$1.90
The Overlook	2016	Studio	0	0	N/A	N/A	- N/A	N/A	N/A -	N/A	N/A	N/A -	N/A	N/A
9731 Minnetonka Blvd.	20.0	1BR	47	0	0.0%	\$1,400	- \$1.575	\$1,488	587 -	906	747	\$1.74 -	\$2.39	\$1.99
Minnetonka		1+Den	19	0	0.0%	\$1,495	- \$1,650	\$1,573	825 -	947	886	\$1.74 -		\$1.7
		2BR	29	1	3.4%	\$1,650	- \$2,095	\$1,873	855 -		1,054	\$1.67 -		\$1.78
		2+Den	4	0	0.0%	\$2,150	- \$2,250	\$2,200	1,259 -		1,259	\$1.79 -		\$1.75
		Total	99	1	1.0%	\$1,400	- \$2,250	\$1,645		1,259	884	\$1.67 -		\$1.8
The letter d Decidence	2015	0, 1, 4,1					N//0							
The Island Residences	2015	Studio/Alcove	0	0	N/A	N/A -		N/A	N/A -		WA	N/A -	N/A	N/A
501 Carlson Parkway		1BR	95	2	2.1%	\$1,405	. ,	\$1,580	595 -		711	\$2.12 -		\$2.22
Minnetonka		1+Den	5	0	0.0%	\$1,950		\$1,950	877 -		877	\$2.22 -		\$2.22
		2BR 2+Den	54	1	1.9%	\$2,290	. ,	\$2,363	1,145 -		1,151	\$2.11 -		\$2.05
			9	0	0.0%	. ,	\$2,610	\$2,610	1,121 -		1,121	\$2.33 -		\$2.33
		3BR/PH Total	10 173	<u>0</u>	0.0%		\$3,135	\$3,135	1,457 -	,	1,457 892	\$2.15 -	-	\$2.15 \$2.2 2
		I Otal	1/3	3	1.7%	\$1,405	- \$3,135	\$1,978	595 -	1,457	892	\$2.00 -	\$∠.36	\$2.2
Chase at Nine Mile Creek	2016	Stu	0	0	N/A	N/A	- N/A	N/A	N/A -	N/A	N/A	N/A -	N/A	N/A
5709 Row land Road		1BR	82	0	0.0%	\$1,395	\$1,595	\$1,495	638 -	782	695	\$2.04 -	\$2.19	\$2.1
Minnetonka		1+Den	0	0	N/A	N/A	- N/A	N/A	N/A -	N/A	N/A	N/A -	N/A	N/A
		2BR	24	0	0.0%	\$1,785	\$2,195	\$1,990	878 -	1,251	1,015	\$1.75 -	\$2.03	\$1.9
		2+Den/3BR	0	0	N/A	N/A		N/A	N/A -	N/A	N/A	N/A -	N/A	N/A
		Total	106	0	0.0%	\$1,395	- \$2,195	\$1,607	638 -	1,251	767	\$1.75 -	\$2.19	\$2.09

		Survey of Ma	arket F			ent Comm nnetonka	nunities	June 20	017				
	Year	Unit		Va	cancy	Mar	ket						
Property Name/Location	Built	Types	Total	No.	Pct.	Rental		Avg.	Unit S	sizes	Avg.	Rent PSF	Avg.
Class "B" Properties		71									-		
Class B Floperties													
Brier Creek	1986	Stu	17	0	0.0%	\$825 -	\$875	\$850	490 -	520	505	\$1.68 - \$1.68	\$1.68
10641 Greenbrier Rd		1BR	123	4		\$995 -	1 1	\$1,085	758 -	868	813	\$1.31 - \$1.35	
Minnetonka		1+Den	8	1		\$1,225 -		\$1,275	870 -	900	885	\$1.41 - \$1.47	
		2BR	45	0		\$1,250 -		\$1,300	1,028 -	.,	1,079	\$1.20 - \$1.22	
			193	5	2.6%	\$825 -	\$1,350	\$1,122	490 -	1,129	851	\$1.20 - \$1.68	\$1.32
Cedar Hills	1987	1BR	122	5	4.1%	\$890 -	\$905	\$898	679 -	744	712	\$1.22 - \$1.31	\$1.26
11050 Cedar Hills Blvd		2BR	152	4	2.6%	\$1,050 -	\$1,080	\$1,065	981 -	1,080	1,031	\$1.00 - \$1.07	\$1.03
Minnetonka			274	9	3.3%	\$890 -	\$1,080	\$990	679 -	1,080	888	\$1.00 - \$1.31	\$1.11
On day Balada Tayyah aya	4007	400	00	_	0.00/	©4.400	64 040	04.400	4.070	4.070	4.070	D1 00 D1 15	64.40
Cedar Pointe Townhomes	1997	1BR	20	0		\$1,139 -	\$1,240	\$1,190	1,078 -	1,078	1,078	\$1.06 - \$1.15	\$1.10
11229 Cedar Pointe Dr		1+Den	12	0		\$1,225 -	\$1,321	\$1,273	1,100 -	1,100	1,100	\$1.11 - \$1.20	1
Minnetonka		2BR	20	2		\$1,550 -	* /		1,327 -		1,467	\$1.06 - \$1.17	-
		2BR+Den	12	3		\$1,750 -		\$1,838	1,400 -		1,400	\$1.25 - \$1.38	
		3BR 3BR+Den	70 6	0		\$1,695 -	* /		1,537 - 1,600 -		1,537	\$1.10 - \$1.26 \$1.14 - \$1.25	
						\$1,820 -		\$1,908			1,600		
		4BR	12 152	7		\$2,395 - \$1,139 -	\$2,575 \$2,575	\$2,485 \$1,723	2,221 - 1,078 -	2,407	2,314 1,486	\$1.07 - \$1.08 \$1.06 - \$1.38	\$1.07 \$1.16
			152	/	4.0%	\$1,139 -	\$2,575	Φ1,723	1,076 -	2,407	1,400	\$1.00 - \$1.30	\$1.10
Cedar Ridge	1980	1BR	108	3		\$759 -	\$779	\$769	812 -		812	\$0.93 - \$0.96	\$0.95
10201 S. Cedar Lake Rd		2BR	72	1	1.4%	\$879 -	\$979	\$929	1,040 -	1,200	1,120	\$0.82 - \$0.85	\$0.83
Minnetonka			180	4	2.2%	\$759 -	\$979	\$833	812 -	1,200	935	\$0.82 - \$0.96	\$0.89
Chasewood Gates	1988	1BR	52	1	1.9%	\$900 -	\$995	\$948	715 -	895	805	\$1.11 - \$1.26	\$1.18
6100 Chasew ood Pkw y		2BR	154	3		\$1,125 -		\$1,210	1,005 -		1,039	\$1.12 - \$1.21	\$1.17
Minnetonka			206	4	1.9%	\$900 -		\$1,144	715 -	1,072	980	\$1.11 - \$1.26	\$1.17
0.000	1005	0.		_	0.00/			0000	222		200	04.50 04.50	04.55
Cliffs of Minnetonka	1985	Stu	6	0		\$909 -	\$949	\$929	600 -	600	600	\$1.52 - \$1.58	\$1.55
12300 Marion Rd		1BR	117	1	0.9%		\$1,199	\$1,075	845 -	000	898	\$1.12 - \$1.26	\$1.20
Minnetonka		1+Den	62	0			\$1,359	\$1,219	1,187 -		1,187	\$0.91 - \$1.14	\$1.03
		2BR	190	5			\$1,359	\$1,229	1,187 -		1,372	\$0.87 - \$0.93	\$0.90
		2BR+Den	66	1	1.5%		\$1,649	\$1,404	1,505 -	,	1,505	\$0.77 - \$1.10	\$0.93
		3BR	15 456	7		\$1,479 -	\$1,979	\$1,729	1,556 - 600 -	1,923	1,740 1,246	\$0.95 - \$1.03 \$0.77 - \$1.58	\$0.99 \$0.98
			456		1.5%	ф 9 09 -	\$1,979	\$1,226	600 -	1,923	1,246	φυ.// - φ1.56	\$0.90
Consrvatory	1985	1BR	120	4	3.3%	\$760 -	\$819	\$790	854 -	954	904	\$0.86 - \$0.89	\$0.87
10681 Smetana		2BR	198	7	3.5%	\$920 -	\$1,030	\$975	1,100 -	1,200	1,150	\$0.84 - \$0.86	\$0.85
Minnetonka			318	11	3.5%	\$760 -	\$1,030	\$905	854 -	1,200	1,057	\$0.84 - \$0.89	\$0.86
Deer Ridge Townhomes	1995	2BR	33	0	0.0%	\$1,635 -	\$1,665	\$1,650	1,400 -	1 500	1,450	\$1.11 - \$1.17	\$1.14
5190 Nolan Drive	1333	3BR	77	2		\$1,750 -		\$1,750	1,400 -	,	1,775	\$0.81 - \$1.25	\$0.99
o roo rolan biro		OBIT	110	2		\$1,635 -		\$1,720	1,400 -		1,678	\$0.81 - \$1.25	\$1.03
Gates at Carlson Center	1989	1BR	216	4		\$975 -	Ψ.,σσσ	\$1,020		1,040	883	\$1.02 - \$1.34	-
300 Carlson Pkw y		1+Den	30	0		\$1,113 -		\$1,289	1,040 -	.,0.0	1,040	\$1.07 - \$1.41	\$1.24
Minnetonka		2BR	183	3		\$1,196 -			1,015 -		1,099	\$1.18 - \$1.30	
		2BR+Den	6	_	0.070			\$1,355	1,234 -	1,-01	1,=01	\$1.02 - \$1.18	
			435	7	1.6%	\$975 -	\$1,538	\$1,189	725 -	1,234	989	\$1.02 - \$1.41	\$1.20
Hunter's Ridge	1980	Studio/Alcove	15	0	0.0%	\$880 -	\$910	\$895	556 -	556	556	\$1.58 - \$1.64	\$1.61
19000 Stratford		1BR	55	0			\$1,665		696 -		696	\$1.36 - \$2.39	\$1.88
Minnetonka		2BR	53	2		\$1,100 -		\$1,180	939 -		963	\$1.17 - \$1.28	
			123	2		\$880 -	\$1,665	\$1,202	556 -	986	794	\$1.17 - \$2.39	\$1.51
	100-	400										04.47	
Minnetonka Hills	1987	1BR	75			\$980 -			767 -		861	\$1.17 - \$1.28	
2828 Jordan Avenue S		2BR	161	9		\$1,125 -			1,003 -		1,028	\$1.12 - \$1.31	
Minnetonka		3BR	5			\$1,565 -		\$1,635	1,125 -		1,338	\$1.10 - \$1.39	
			241	13	5.4%	\$980 -	\$1,705	\$1,195	767 -	1,550	982	\$1.10 - \$1.39	\$1.22
Raspberry Woods	1999	1BR	32	0	0.0%	\$1,315 -	\$1.315	\$1,315	891 -	967	929	\$1.36 - \$1.48	\$1.42
920 Feltl Ct.	1555	2BR	32	0		\$1,625 -		\$1,625	1,183 -		1,270	\$1.20 - \$1.37	\$1.42
Minnetonka			64	0		\$1,315 -				1,357	1,100	\$1.20 - \$1.48	
IVIII II IOTOTINA			0-1	U	0.070	ψ1,515 -	ψ1,023	Ψ1,-10	091 -	1,337	1, 100	ψ1.20 - ψ1.40	ψ1.04

	5	Survey of Marke			rtment f Minne		ties Ju	ıne 2017				
	Year	Unit		Vac	cancy	Mar	ket					
Property Name/Location	Built	Types	Total	_	Pct.	Rental I		Avg.	Unit Sizes	Avg.	Rent PSF	Avg.
Class "B" Properties (Continued)												
Regency Woods	1988	Studio/Alcove	18	0	0.0%	\$1,075 -	\$1,100	\$1,088	540 - 540	540	\$1.99 - \$2.04	\$2.01
2200 S Plymouth Rd		1BR	110	3	2.7%	\$1,160 -	\$1,260	\$1,210	688 - 933	811	\$1.35 - \$1.69	\$1.49
Minnetonka		1+Den	46	0	0.0%	\$1,285 -	\$1,340	\$1,313	893 - 893	893	\$1.44 - \$1.50	\$1.47
		2BR	108	2	1.9%	\$1,420 -	\$1,635	\$1,528	1,072 - 1,094	1,083	\$1.32 - \$1.49	\$1.41
			282	5	1.8%	\$1,075 -	\$1,635	\$1,340	540 - 1,094	911	\$1.32 - \$2.04	\$1.47
Saddlewood Park	1985	2BR	37	0	0.0%	\$1,375 -	\$1,395	\$1,385	1,382 - 1,382	1,382	\$0.99 - \$1.01	\$1.00
16863 Saddlew ood		3BR	36	0	0.0%	\$1,430 -	\$1,495	\$1,463	1,325 - 1,434	1,380	\$1.04 - \$1.08	\$1.06
Minnetonka			73	0	0.0%	\$1,375 -	\$1,495	\$1,423	1,325 - 1,434	1,381	\$0.99 - \$1.08	\$1.03
Southhampton	1988	1BR	23	1	4.3%	\$1,050 -	\$1,050	\$1,050	739 - 739	739	\$1.42 - \$1.42	\$1.42
5455 Smetana Dr		2BR	79	1	1.3%	\$1,320 -	\$1,320	\$1,320	953 - 953	953	\$1.39 - \$1.39	\$1.39
Minnetonka		3BR	13	1	7.7%	\$1,685 -	\$1,685	\$1,685	1,238 - 1,258	1,248	\$1.34 - \$1.36	\$1.35
			115	3	2.6%	\$1,050 -	\$1,685	\$1,307	739 - 1,258	944	\$1.34 - \$1.42	\$1.39
* Rents shown include a garage space.												

	Year	Unit		Va	cancy	Mar	ket					
Property Name/Location	Built	Types	Total	No.	Pct.	Rental I	Rates*	Avg.	Unit Sizes	Avg.	Rent PSF	Avg.
Class "C" Properties												
Belgrove	1970	1BR	12	0	0.0%	\$800 -	\$870	\$835	710 - 785	748	\$1.11 - \$1.13	\$1.12
10100 Minnetonka Blvd		2BR	18	1	5.6%	\$900 -	\$1,050	\$975	983 - 1,000	992	\$0.92 - \$1.05	\$0.98
Minnetonka			30	1	3.3%	\$800 -	\$1,050	\$919	710 - 1,000	894	\$0.92 - \$1.13	\$1.03
Stratfordwood II Townhomes	1974	1BR	4	0	0.0%	\$875 -	\$915	\$895	600 - 680	640	\$1.46 - \$1.35	\$1.40
18900 Stratford		2BR	14	1	7.1%	\$1,025 -	\$1,125	\$1,075	1,080 - 1,080	1,080	\$0.95 - \$1.04	\$1.00
Minnetonka		3BR	24	0	0.0%	\$1,300 -	\$1,300	\$1,300	1,349 - 1,349	1,349	\$0.96 - \$0.96	\$0.96
			42	1	2.4%	\$875 -	\$1,300	\$1,186	600 - 1,349	1,192	\$0.95 - \$1.46	\$1.00
Stratfordwood I	1973	Studio/Alcove	12	1	8.3%	\$795 -	\$820	\$808	600 - 600	600	\$1.33 - \$1.37	\$1.35
18900 Stratford		1BR	66	2	3.0%	\$895 -	\$975	\$935	700 - 805	753	\$1.28 - \$1.21	\$1.24
Minnetonka		1+Den	21	0	0.0%	\$860 -	\$860	\$860	780 - 780	780	\$1.10 - \$1.10	\$1.10
		2BR	144	2	1.4%	\$995 -	\$1,195	\$1,095	1,018 - 1,034	1,026	\$1.16 - \$0.98	\$1.07
		3BR	12	0	0.0%	\$1,150 -	\$1,300	\$1,225	1,210 - 1,210	1,210	\$0.95 - \$1.07	\$1.01
			255	5	2.0%	\$795 -	\$1,300	\$1,027	600 - 1,210	924	\$0.95 - \$1.37	\$1.11
Wilshire Wood	1972	1BR	24	0	0.0%	\$850 -	\$850	\$850	700 - 700	700	\$1.21 - \$1.21	\$1.21
10925 Wayzata Blvd		2BR	21	0	0.0%	\$1,125 -	\$1,125	\$1,125	1,100 - 1,100	1,100	\$1.02 - \$1.02	\$1.02
Minnetonka		·	45	0	0.0%	\$850 -	\$1,125	\$978	700 - 1,100	887	\$1.02 - \$1.21	\$1.10

	Class A Properties									
1	1700 Residences	1700 Plymouth Rd								
2	The Overlook	9731 Minnetonka Blvd.								
3	The Island Residences	501 Carlson Parkway								
4	Chase at Nine Mile Creek	5709 Row land Road								
	Class B Properties									
5	Brier Creek	10641 Greenbrier Rd								
6	Cedar Hills	11050 Cedar Hills Blvd								
7	Cedar Pointe Townhomes	11229 Cedar Pointe Dr								
8	Cedar Ridge	10201 S. Cedar Lake Rd								
9	Chasewood Gates	6100 Chasew ood Pkw y								
10	Cliffs of Minnetonka	12300 Marion Rd								
11	Consrvatory	10681 Smetana								
	Deer Ridge Townhomes	5190 Nolan Drive								
-	Gates at Carlson Center	300 Carlson Pkw y								
14	Hunter's Ridge	19000 Stratford								
15	Minnetonka Hills	2828 Jordan Avenue S								
16	Ras pherry Woods	920 Feltl Ct.								
	Regency Woods	2200 S Plymouth Rd								
18	Saddlewood Park	16863 Saddlew ood								
19	Southhampton	5455 Smetana Dr								
	Class C Properties									
20	Belgrove	10100 Minnetonka Blvd								
	Stratfordwood I & II Townhomes	18900 Stratford								
22	Wilshire Wood	10925 Wayzata Blvd								
	Contract Based Affordable P	roperties								
	The Overlook	9731 Minnetonka Blvd.								
	Chase at Nine Mile Creek	5709 Row land Road								
	Stratford Wood Apartment Homes	18900 Stratford Road								
	Minnetonka Mills Townhomes	11390 Minnetoka Mills Rd								
	Boulevard Gardens	11333 Fairfield Rd. W								
	Cedar Hills Townhomes	10860 Cedar Bend Rd								
	Clear Spring Rd Residences	4735 Clear Spring Rd.								
	Embrooke & Golden Valley TH	5400 Smetana Drive								
	Excelsior Court	5125 Porter Ave.								
29	Glen Lake Landing	5416 Beacon Hill Rd.								
	Minnetonka Heights	5809 S County Road 101								
31	The Ridge Apts	12708 Wayzata Blvd.								



AFFORDABLE RENTAL HOUSING SUPPLY

Contract-based Affordable Housing Properties

We have also worked to identify affordable apartment communities in Minnetonka. Presented on the following page is a listing of affordable units (by % of AMI) in subsidized apartment buildings in the City of Minnetonka. The contract-based affordable rental housing supply comprises 564 total units at this time, as shown on the table on the following page. Our analysis indicates that each of these properties presently maintains a very high occupancy level, generally in excess of 98%, with several properties at 100% and a waiting list.

Naturally Occurring Affordable Housing

As well, within the Marquette Advisors database, we identified a total of 4,950 onaturally occurring affordable rentals (onother in market rate buildings which are affordable at <80% of AMI. Presented below is a summary of the affordable rental housing supply in Minnetonka, distributed by neighborhood and by Pct. Of AMI range. These totals include both the contract-based units and the naturally occurring affordable units in 2017.

City of Minnetonka Affordable Rental Housing Supply by Neighborhood and Pct. of AMI (2016)												
Neighborhood	30% of AMI	50% of AMI	60% of AMI	80% of AMI	Totals (<80% of AMI)							
Cedar Lake	71	614	701	124	1,509							
Glen Lake	316	0	101	3	420							
I-395 McGinty	0	0	195	256	452							
Minnetonka Blvd CR 101	0	0	0	0	0							
Minnetonka Mills	0	0	0	0	0							
Ridgedale	0	542	516	248	1,306							
Shady Oak Excelsior	0	0	0	0	0							
Shady Oak Opus	52	570	164	101	887							
TH7 & CR 101	169	288	463	20	940							
Williston TH7	0	0	0	0	0							
City of Minnetonka	608	2,014	2,140	752	5,514							
Sources: Marquette Adv	Sources: Marquette Advisors; Housing Link											

<u> </u>	•	THOTOGRAPIC INCIDENT	Tiouding Ou	ppr) (com	tract-Based) City	01 IVIIIIII	Market					Tota
				Prim ary		Total	Rate (non-					Affordable
Name	Address	Sub-Market	School Dist.		Expiration Dates	Units	restricted)		50%AMI	60%AM	80%AMI	
The Overlook	9731 Minnetonka Blvd.	Cedar Lake	Hopkins	MHFA	7/1/44	100	80		20	00 703 1111		2
Chase on the Creek	5709 Row land Rd	Shady Oak & Opus	Hopkins	LIHTC	Not Provided	106	84		22			2:
Boulevard Gardens	11333 Fairfield Rd. W	Ridgedale	Hopkins	HUD	5/13/16	46	1		45			4:
Cedar Hills Townhomes	Multiple Addresses	Cedar Lake	Hopkins	HUD	12/5/26	30	0	30				3
Clear Spring Rd Residences	4735 Clear Spring Rd.	TH7 & CR 101	Minnetonka	MHFA	9/28/26	12	0	12				1:
Embrooke & Golden Valley TH	Multiple Addresses	Shady Oak & Opus	Hopkins	HUD	12/29/16	54	8	46				4
Excelsior Court	5125 Porter Ave.	TH7 & CR 101	Minnetonka	HUD	9/1/16	24	1		23			2
Glen Lake Landing	5416 Beacon Hill Rd.	Glen Lake	Hopkins	HUD	4/23/31	97	0	97				9
Minnetonka Heights	Multiple Addresses	TH7 & CR 101	Minnetonka	HUD	1/1/27	172	20	90		62		15
Minnetonka Mills TH	Multiple Addresses	Cedar Lake	Hopkins	MHFA	4/26/26	30	2	28				2
Stratford Wood	Multiple Addresses	TH7 & CR 101	Minnetonka	HUD	9/3/20	123	98	25				2
The Ridge Apts	12708 Wayzata Blvd.	Ridgedale	Wayzata	MHFA	10/22/44	64	0		64			6
					Total Units	652	294	328	174	62	2 0	56
*Does not include naturally-	occuring affordable h	ousing units in mar	ket rate (non-	restricted) r	ental properties.							
Sources: Housing Link; MN	Housing Finance Age	ncy										

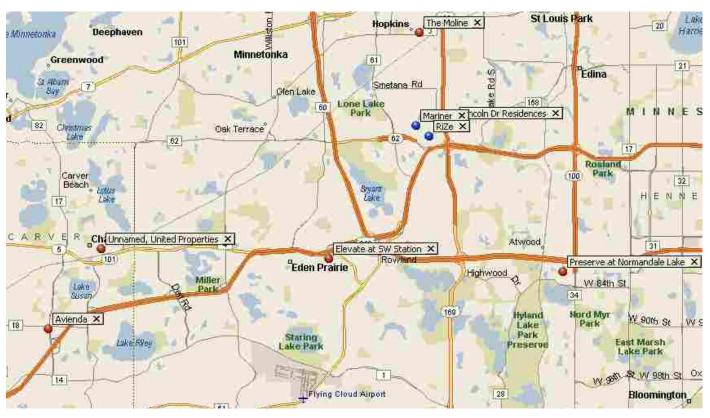
It is of note, certainly, that more than 75% of the current rental housing stock within the City of Minnetonka would be considered affordable housing at <80% of AMI. Moreover, nearly 90% of the affordable housing stock is naturally occurring, and is not in contract-based affordable rental properties. The supply of affordable rental units in Minnetonka relates in part to the age of the apartment stock, with the majority of this stock being constructed during the 1980\omegas. Concerns of note relating to the supply of affordable rental housing within Minnetonka are as follows:

- Very limited production of new affordable housing in Minnetonka ó we noted two active development proposals in Minnetonka, featuring a combined 49 affordable rental units.
 While this is positive, this level of production is clearly insufficient relative to current and anticipated future demand.
- Shrinking supply of affordable housing ó this relates to rising rents in the community due to strong demand and sustained low vacancy rates. Each year, with rising rents, more renters with modest incomes are effectively õpriced outö of the Minnetonka market, such that they need to evaluate housing options elsewhere, or live with õexcess housing cost burden.ö
- Expiring affordability contracts ó expiring contracts also pose a threat, as owners of
 contract based affordable housing may consider omark to marketo opportunities with
 renovations and corresponding rent increases that are certain to displace lower income
 renters.

DEVELOPMENT PIPELINE

As noted previously, the strength of the area economy paired with sustained high occupancy levels and rising rental rates have prompted an increase in apartment construction in the southwest metro area. According to our market information and interviews with city planners and other housing professionals familiar with this market, we identified a total of eight pending apartment developments in the area, featuring a combined 1,884 total units. This includes two (2) proposed developments in Minnetonka, with a combined 568 units, anticipated to deliver in 2019 and 2020. A map of the pending developments is provided below, followed by a brief description of each project.

Apartment Development Pipeline – SW Metro Area Blue Dots = Minnetonka developments



Apartment Development Pipeline -- Minnetonka & Surrounding Market Area (as of July 2017) Projected

					Projected		U	nit Counts	
Project Name	Developer	Location	City	Status	Occupancy Date	Notes	Market Rate	Affordable	Total
						Planned luxury apartment community featuring			
		10101 Bren				322 total units, including 10% (32 units)			
RiZe at Opus Park	LeCesse Corp.	Road East	Minnetonka	Proposed	Spring 2019	affordable at 60% of AMI.	290	32	322
						Proposed 246 units, including 191 market rate			
		10400, 10500,				and separate building with 55 units,			
	New port Midw est	10550 Bren				affordable at 60% of AMI. Pursuing tax			
The Mariner	LLC	Road East	Minnetonka	Proposed	Spring 2020	credits through MHFA.	191	55	246
		12900				Will include 222 units and 12,000+ sf of			
Elevate at SW		Technology				commercial space. 20% affordability			
Station	Timberland	Dr.	Eden Prairie	Proposed	Spring 2019	component at 50% of AMI.	177	45	222
						Four-story building, featuring 250 garage			
Lincoln Drive		5901 Lincoln		Under		spaces and another 120 surface parking			
Residences	Opus	Drive	Edina	Construction	Spring/Summer 2018	spaces on site.	244	0	244
						6 story mixed-use building with 130 market-			
						rate apartments and an 18,000-square-foot			
		525 78th				Aldi store. Preliminary Plat Approval has been			
Unnamed	United Properties	Street	Chanhassen	Proposed	Fall 2018	granted.	130	0	130
						300 apartments considered, along with big-			
Avienda (formerly		Lyman &			Unknow n - Phase I,	box & inline commercial space. Preliminary			
"The Quadrant")	Level 7 Development	Pow ers Blvd.	Chanhassen	Proposed	2020	Plat Approval has been granted.	300	0	300
						119 one-bedrooms, 103 tw o-bedrooms, 13			
		8th St. &		Under		three-bedrooms and six one-level, walk-up			
The Moline	Doran Development	Excelsior Blvd.	Hopkins	Construction	Summer/Fall 2017	units	241	0	241
		5650							
Norman Pointe		American		Under		Five-story multi-family building with a two			
Residential	CIP (Lincoln, NE)	Blvd. W.	Bloomington	Construction	Fall 2017	level underground parking garage.	179	0	179
						TOTALS	1,752	132	1,884
							,		•

RiZE at Opus Park - LeCesse - SciCom industrial property redevelopment (proposed) ó Florida developer LeCesse Corporation is planning an apartment development with 322 units in a six-story building on a 7.9-acre site at 10101 Bren Road East in the Opus Business Park, adjacent to the United Health Group property. The project will displace a former industrial building (SciCom) and related surface parking, with a new upscale apartment community. Amenities will include a fitness center and expansive outdoor pool deck, community room, theater room, and rooftop terrace with fire pit. The city has granted approval to the project, which will feature



luxury apartments, with 90% of the units unrestricted and 10% of the inventory to be affordable at 60% of AMI. Construction is expected to begin this Fall 2017, with a likely Spring 2019 delivery. The unit mix will feature 60% Studio & 1BR layouts, as shown below, with an overall average unit size of 944 sf. Rents for the market rate units are expected to range from approximately \$1,400 to \$2,500+, with an average of about \$2.00 psf.

Planned unit mix & sizes:

Unit Type	Floorplan	Unit SF	Total SF	Unit Count	% of Total
Studio	E1	644	22,540	35	11%
1 Bed, 1 Bath	A1	748	62,832	84	26%
1 Bed, 1 Bath	A2	859	21,475	25	8%
1 Bed, 1 Bath	A2 Alternate	931	18,620	20	6%
1 Bed, 1 Bath, Den	A3	912	27,360	30	9%
2 Bed, 2 Bath	B1	1,082	48,600	45	14%
2 Bed, 2 Bath	B2	1,194	47,760	40	12%
2 Bed, 2 Bath	B3	1,218	34,104	28	9%
2 Bed, 2 Bath, Den	B4D	1,372	20,580	15	5%
Totals/Averages		944	303,961	322	100%



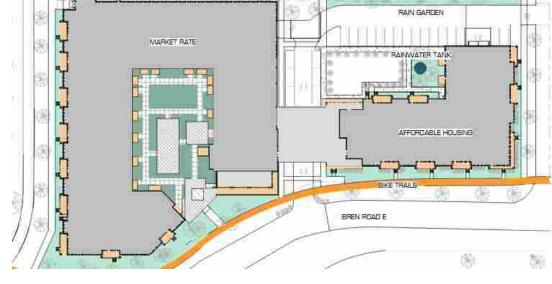
RIZE AT OPUS PARK

The Mariner – Newport Midwest LLC – (proposed) 6 Developer Newport Midwest LLC is planning a mixed income development that would feature 196 market rate units and 55 LIHTC units in two buildings, also within the Opus Business Park on Bren Rd. E. The development team is pursuing a LIHTC application through the MN Housing Finance Agency. The 55-unit affordable building would include apartments affordable at 60% of AMI. The project is in concept review with the City of Minnetonka, while the LIHTC application is pending, with an anticipated November 2017 award date. If successful with the LIHTC application, the developer is expected to break ground in Spring 2018, with a late 2019 or early 2020 completion date.

Unit Type	Number of Units
1 BR	11
2 BR	27
3 BR	13
2 BR - LTH*	2
3 BR - LTH*	2
TOTAL	55

Unit Type	Number of Units
Studio	38
188	90
2 BR	52
3 BR	11
TOTAL	191





Edina

Lincoln Drive Residences - Opus Development - Lincoln Drive, east of US 169 (Under Construction) -- The Lincoln Drive Residences will comprise 244 units, all at market rate, in a four-story building, featuring 250 garage spaces and another 120 surface parking spaces on site. This development is under construction with a projected Spring/Summer 2018 opening date. The apartments are designed around a south-facing central courtyard, and will offer a variety of units ranging from 585 square feet to 1,350 square feet, as well as a covered walkway to an enclosed game room and entertainment space, an outdoor pool, a bocce ball court and a fire pit. Its exterior elevations feature patterns of angled walls and recessed balconies facing Hwy. 169. The site, on the Nine Mile Creek Regional Trail, is across Hwy. 169 from UnitedHealthøs Minnetonka corporate headquarters is shared by another office building that was recently leased to Childrenøs Hospitals and Clinics. The health care provider signed a deal last year for about 200,000 square feet in that structure, in which it is consolidating about 650 administrative workers now spread across five leased locations in the Twin Cities metro area. The units are expected to rent for \$2.25 to \$2.40+ psf, with with several larger floorplans targeting affluent empty nesters from the west Edina market. Given the product, price point, expected rent/renter profile, and staggered delivery timing, we believe that the Lincoln Drive Residences are in fact very well differentiated from both of the contemplated Minnetonka development, such that there will be sufficient market demand for all three of the nearby developments as they come online in 2018 and 2019/2020.



Chanhassen

Unnamed (Aldi/Frontier Building Site) – United Properties – (proposed) – United Properties has proposed a 130-unit apartment complex and an 18,000 square foot Aldi Store at 525 W. 78th Street in Chanhassen, (immediately west of the Chanhassen Dinner Theatres), and is seeking \$1,300,000 in TIF financing from the city for demolition of the existing Frontier Square Building, and development of an underground parking lot below the proposed Aldi grocery store. Although formal approval has not been granted, and no building plans have been finalized, in a work session in December 2016, the city council of Chanhassen approved starting the TIF authorization process. We assume for purposes of our analysis that construction will be underway later this year with a late 2018 or early 2019 delivery. Rents and unit mix have not yet been determined, or published. Considering the location and timing, (if it is approved and built) we do not anticipate that this will

pose significant lease-up competition to the new Minnetonka developments noted. The locations are well differentiated, while RiZe and The Mariner in the Opus Park will provide a superior product and amenity package, at a prime location with excellent proximity to major employers, notably United Health Group.



"Avienda" formerly known as "The Quadrant" of Level 7 **Development LLC – (proposed)** -- In Chanhassen, local developer Scott Carlston with õLevel 7 Development LLCö has plans to transform 110 acres of farmland near Hazeltine National Golf lifestyle Club to center. incorporating mix a commercial and residential uses. The site, at the southwest corner of Lyman Boulevard and Powers Boulevard near Hwy 212 had once been considered by the MN Vikings for a new practice and



headquarters facility. However, the Vikings have since decided to build on an alternate site in Eagan. As such, the development group is working on plans to move ahead with a phased, mixed-use development. We understand that the first phase will incorporate 78 acres and will include an apartment complex with around 300 units, 435,000 sf of commercial retail/restaurant space, a movie theater and 40,000 sf of office space. At this time, it is uncertain whether Level 7 will pursue the apartment project themselves, or partner with another development group. Carlston noted recently he has significant interest from a variety of local and national development groups. It is unlikely that the described development phase would deliver prior to late 2019 or early 2020 due to the size and complexity of the project, and its current status. As such, we do not expect that this will be a relevant competitor to the noted Minnetonka projects during their lease-up.

Hopkins

The Moline – Doran Development – (nearing completion, currently pre-leasing) – Bloomington-based Doran Development & Construction is nearing completion of an upscale development with 241 apartments on a site at 810 Excelsior Boulevard in downtown Hopkins. Amenities will include a fitness center, community room, outdoor pool & spa, and a large terrace with outdoor kitchen, dining and lounge areas, and fire pits. The Doran project will feature a location which is clearly differentiated from RiZe at Opus Park in Minnetonka. Additionally, we note current strong demand for apartments in Minnetonka and the surrounding suburbs. We expect that The Moline will reach a stabilized occupancy level prior to the opening of RiZe at Opus Park. Considering the delivery dates and locations, we do not expect that The Moline will pose substantive competition to RiZe or The Mariner.



West Bloomington

The Preserve at Normandale Lake, 5650 American Blvd. – CIP Development -- (Under Construction) -- In Bloomington, a 179-unit apartment complex is under construction on a site within the Norman Pointe Office Park. The project developer is Lincoln, NE-based Commercial Investment Properties (CIP). Construction commenced in Spring 2016. A Summer/Fall 2017 opening date is expected. The unit mix will be: 29 studio/alcove units, 79 one bedroom units, 5 one bedroom with den units, 61 two bedrooms, and 5 three bedroom units. Rents have not been made public, although we expect a luxury product profile. Current rents at nearby Covington could be a good indicator of the likely rent schedule here. We expect that these units, too, will be priced generally around \$2.00+ psf. The Norman Pointe development is expected to come online in midto late-2017 and is thus expected have reached stabilized occupancy prior to the 2019/2020 opening dates for RiZe at Opus Park and The Mariner, and will thus not be a significant competitor during lease-up. Additionally, the locations are clearly distinguished, with The Preserve being peripheral to but outside the subject market area. We expect there will be sufficient market demand for both projects, which feature excellent access to freeways and major employment nodes.

Summary – Development Pipeline

To summarize, the suburban Twin Cities apartment development pipeline has become a considerably more active in recent months. Developers are targeting prime sites with good access to amenities, highway & transit connections, and employment nodes. Minnetonka developments (RiZE at Opus Park and The Mariner) are well located within the community relative to key job centers and transportation/transit connections, notably the future Opus station along SW-LRT. As well, they are clearly distinguished from competitive developments in adjacent communities, in terms of location, product design, and price point. We expect that both projects will enjoy a brisk lease-up, while having a fairly modest impact on occupancy levels at existing Minnetonka apartment properties.

KEY POINTS: APARTMENT MARKET CONDITIONS

Existing apartment properties in Minnetonka and the surrounding market area communities have experienced low vacancy levels for several months, generally in the 2-4% range. Market rents for new-construction modern apartments in the Minnetonka and throughout the SW metro area average approximately \$2.00 to \$2.10 psf (\$1,800/month) at this time, varying somewhat based on location, quality and unit size/mix. Recent luxury apartment developments in Minnetonka have been well received, inclusive of four new properties with a combined 493 units built since 2015, all of which have experienced a rapid absorption and today feature low vacancy rates of <2.5%.

Our analysis indicates there is strong demand for general occupancy apartment product in Minnetonka, ranging from affordable rentals to luxury apartments. Given the strong market fundamentals, with rising rents and low vacancy, paired with demand generators and other attractiveness factors relating to Minnetonka such as connectivity and freeway access, future LRT, and an expanding base of employers, we expect increasingly strong developer interest in Minnetonka over the next several months. Our demand forecast and development recommendations by product type and price point are outlined in the following section, with a discussion regarding optimal locations for apartment development in Minnetonka over time.

RENTAL HOUSING DEMAND ANALYSIS

Presented on the following page is a summary of our projections of rental housing demand for Minnetonka over the coming 20-year period, segmented into 5-year increments. Our forecast takes into account a variety of growth factors.

Regional Household Growth

Independent growth forecasts by the Twin Cities Metropolitan Council and ESRI Business Information Solutions have also been evaluated. We note that ESRI and Met Council forecasts suggest that the Twin Cities Metro Area will grow at a rate of about 12,200 to 12,500 households per year over the next 10 years, and then slowing somewhat to between 11,300 and 11,700 households per year.

Since demand for senior housing units is separately calculated (see Senior Housing chapter), and is primarily need/care-based, in this section of our analysis we isolate on projected non-senior household growth, which is projected to account for approximately 75% of overall household growth in the metro area, based on our review of reports by both ESRI and the Met Council.

Minnetonka Capture Rate

In determining a reasonable capture rate (i.e. market share) for the City of Minnetonka, we have examined historical growth and the population/household and employment composition of Minnetonka within the context of the Twin Cities metro area. We note that Met Council forecasts suggest that Minnetonka will capture about 2% of regional household growth through 2030. We believe this is in fact conservative, considering the appeal of Minnetonka due to the following factors:

- <u>Lifestyle factors</u> ó availability of parks, trails, community facilities, shopping/dining options, and high-quality schools
- <u>Connectivity factors</u> ó Minnetonkaøs location within the metro area, and the access to key transportation corridors. Drive-time analysis. Future Southwest LRT and enhanced connectivity to jobs centers and commercial nodes.
- Economic base ó Minnetonka features a sizable and diverse base of employers, many of whom are in an expansion mode, attracting new employees not only from within the metro area, but nationally and internationally as well. We anticipate that many of these new employees will find favor with housing options within the Minnetonka community, assuming an adequate supply of new, appropriately priced and designed housing units are available to accommodate this demand.

Presently, an estimated 2.6% of metro area employment is based in the City of Minnetonka. Moreover, Met Council forecasts indicate that Minnetonka businesses will account for more than 3.6% of metro area employment growth through 2040.

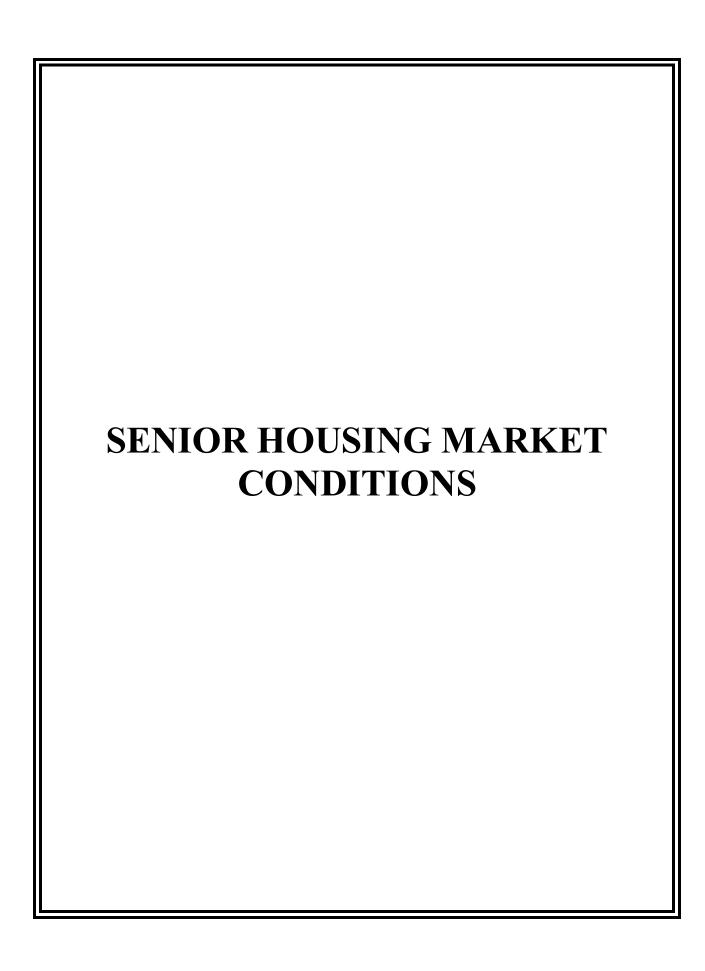
	Pr	ojected Gene		y Apartment Der Minnetonka	nand (Non-Se	nior)			1
		1-5 Y	ears	5-10`	Years	10-15	Years	15-20	Years
		Total	Avg./Yr.	Total		Total		Total	
Tw in Cities Metro Area Household Grow th ¹	-	62,500	12,500	61,000	12,200	58,500	11,700	56,500	11,300
Estimated % of this grow th being non-senior households ²	+	75%	12,000	75%		75%	,	75%	
Minnetonka Estimated Potential Market Share (%) ²	x	2.5%		3.0%		2.5%		2.5%	
Minnetonka Estimated Potential Household Growth	=	1,172	234	1,373		1,097		1,059	
Fatiguated 0/ of House shalles at 0 COO/ of ANN		4.507		450/		450/		450/	
Estimated % of Households at 0-60% of AMI	х	15%		15%		15%		15%	
Estimated % of Households 61-80% of AMI	х	5%		5%		5%		5%	
Estimated % of Households 81-100% of AMI	х	15%		15%		15%		15%	
Estimated % of Households 100%+ of AMI	Х	65%		65%		65%		65%	
Estimated % Renters at 0-60% of AMI	х	100%		100%		100%		100%	
Estimated % Renters at 61-80% of AMI	х	100%		100%		100%		100%	
Estimated % Renters at 81-100% of AMI	х	100%		100%		100%		100%	
Estimated % Renters at 100%+ of AMI	х	50%		50%		25%		25%	
Rental Demand 0-60% of AMI	-	176	35	206	41	165	33	159	32
Rental Demand 61-80% of AMI	=	59	12	69	14	55		53	
Rental Demand 81-100% of AMI	=	176	35	206	41	165	33	159	32
Rental Demand 100%+ of AMI (Market Rate)	1=1	381	76	446	89	178	36	172	
Total Rental Housing Demand (Non-Senior)	=[791	158	926	185	562	112	543	109
 Household grow th forecasts by Marquette Advisors base An estimated 25% of metro area household grow th is exp Minnetonka market share estimates by Marquette Advisors 	ected	d to be under <	65 (excluding s	eniors) based on i	review of ESRI	and Met Council e	estimates.		
	1	32 3371017							
Source: Marquette Advisors	+								

Considering the economic base of the community, and the various attractiveness factors noted herein, we estimate that Minnetonka has the potential to capture between 2.5% (years 1-5) and 3.0% (years 5-10) of metro area household growth. The increase in capture rate and growth in Minnetonka in years 5-10 accounts for the completion of SW-LRT and increasing developer and renter demand during this period, corresponding with this and station-area planning & development.

Next, we estimate household growth by income level (as a % of AMI) and by tenure, based on the current community household income composition, also factoring in future growth and the community employment base by industry sector and salary range.

In total, we estimate potential demand for approximately 2,800 new general-occupancy rental housing units in Minnetonka over the next 20 years, or an average of 140 units per year. The table on the following page shows the breakdown of demand in five-year increments, both short and long-term, and the estimated distribution of demand by affordability level, as a % of AMI. It is also important to note that this reflects *potential* demand from renters seeking a rental apartment in Minnetonka, assuming that an adequate supply of appropriately priced, designed and well-located rental units are constructed to meet this demand. Whether or not this level of construction occurs is dependent upon a variety of factors, inclusive of these and others:

- Availability of development sites
- Receptiveness of the community to higher density residential development, particularly in key commercial and employment nodes, and near LRT.
- Public-private partnerships, relating not only to affordable housing products, but in some cases market rate, depending on land and construction costs.



INTRODUCTION

In this section, we begin with a discussion of the various senior housing product types, the population typically served, and the level and type of care provided by each. We also examine pertinent demographic and economic data related to the older adult and senior population in Minnetonka. This is followed by a summary of the current senior housing supply and market conditions, including occupancy and market rental rates for various senior housing product types and service levels. We conclude with our demand analysis, segmenting short- and long-term senior housing needs in Minnetonka by product type/service level.

SENIOR HOUSING PRODUCT TYPES

Senior housing is typically defined as an age-restricted housing product designed specifically to service seniors, generally age 55+ or 65+. The market has developed a wide range of product types over the past several years. The primary senior housing product types and a brief description of each is summarized below. The choice of product will depend on the level of care needed on a case-by-case situation, in addition to household income levels and financial assets.

Older Adult or "Adult-Few Services" Properties ó This is the least service-intensive of all senior housing products. These properties offer virtually no support services or health care, but restrict tenancy to those ages 55 and older. Typically, these senior housing communities will attract persons aged 65 and older, with around 1/2 of this type of housing being occupied by couples. Apartment-style rentals are most popular, although condominiums, cooperatives and townhomes have also been developed throughout the Twin Cities region. Some of these communities do provide limited activities for residents. Some also offer limited services such as transportation to/from medical appointments or shopping centers.

Independent Senior Housing ó This product group is also occasionally referred to as õCongregateö Senior Housing, and offers support services such as transportation, meals and housekeeping. These services are offered either for an additional cost (a-la-carte), or included in the monthly rents/fees. This type of senior housing tends to attract an older and more frail resident population (generally age 75+) compared to õadult-few servicesö senior housing. Independent senior housing with services is also more likely to be occupied by a single person (75% to 85% of units).

Assisted Living 6 Assisted Living and Memory Care housing are the most service-intensive product types, and offer the highest level of services, just short of those available in a skilled care/nursing home environment. Assisted living typically includes meal service to all residents (included in the monthly fee), along with all of the support services found in independent housing. The most distinguishing feature of an Assisted Living community is that it also provides 24-hour staffing and emergency

response, along with the availability of personal care assistance (assistance with bathing, dressing, grooming, etc.). Assisted living facilities tend to attract people aged 80+ who need assistance with the ADL¢s (activities of daily living) mentioned above. Assistance with certain ADL¢s (those noted herein) is usually included in the monthly rent, while in fewer cases there is a separate charge based on the care needs of the resident.

Memory Care ó This type of senior housing is a specialized Assisted Living product, specifically designed and programmed for persons afflicted with Alzheimerøs disease or other dementia related problems. These facilities include all of the same services as Assisted Living, plus additional safety through secured-access doors and/or wander-guard systems. They also feature a higher staff-to-resident ratio. Furthermore, special active (stimulating) and passive (calming) programming is involved to respond to the specific needs of the resident base.

SENIOR DEMOGRAPHICS

The demand for senior housing in Minnetonka will include mainly income-qualified senior households currently living in the community (likely in an aging single-family residence) who have a current need (or future need) and/or desire for a multifamily living environment. The type of living environment and level of care will depend on a variety of factors ó primarily relating to mobility and care needs, as well as their financial situation. In the forthcoming paragraphs we summarize our analysis of the current and projected senior household base in Minnetonka. This analysis facilitates our projections of current and future demand for varied senior housing products in the community, currently and over time.

Senior Household Incomes

The table on the following page shows the number of senior households in Minnetonka by age and income range, estimated for 2016 and 2021, sourced from ESRI Business Information Solutions. The primary market segment for senior housing (with services) is generally defined as seniors ages 75+ with incomes of about \$35,000+. Some seniors with lower incomes may also be õincomequalifiedö for senior housing if they own their homes or have other savings. Somewhat younger households ages 55-74 comprise a secondary market, generally for Senior condos or cooperatives, Adult/Few Services and Independent senior products.

We note that in 2016, Minnetonka had an estimated 1,984 senior households age 75+ with incomes of \$35,000+, with that total projected to increase to 2,376 households by 2021. Including seniors ages 65-74 increases the õincome-qualifiedö household base to 4,942 in 2016, expanding to 61,67 households in 2021. In total, we note that the age 65+ household base in the market area is projected to increase from 6,822 in 2016 to 8,198 in 2021, reflecting a 20% increase over this five-year period.

# o1	Senior Housel	olds by A			ge, 2016-	2021		
	С	urrent Es	tim ates	(2016)				
	55-	64	65	-74	75	j+	Tota	al 55+
Household Income	No.	%	No.	%	No.	%	No.	%
Less than \$15,000	205	3.9%	156	4.3%	357	11.1%	718	6.0%
\$15,000-\$24,999	143	2.7%	206	5.7%	410	12.8%	759	6.3%
\$25,000-\$34,999	229	4.4%	293	8.1%	458	14.3%	980	8.1%
\$35,000-\$49,999	354	6.8%	407	11.3%	575	17.9%	1,336	11.1%
\$50,000-\$74,999	704	13.5%	705	19.5%	636	19.8%	2,045	17.0%
\$75,000-\$99,000	723	13.9%	510	14.1%	217	6.8%	1,450	12.0%
\$100,000-\$149,999	1,128	21.6%	577	16.0%	308	9.6%	2,013	16.7%
\$150,000-\$199,999	663	12.7%	312	8.6%	108	3.4%	1,083	9.0%
\$200,000+	1,065	20.4%	447	12.4%	140	4.4%	1,652	13.7%
Total Households	5,214	100.0%	3,613	100.0%	3,209	100.0%	12,036	100.0%
Median Income	\$107	639	\$76	,457	\$43,	668	\$81	,223
modium modino		,000	4. 5	,	Ψ 10 ,		\	,
		Project	ions (20	21)				
	55-	64	65	-74	75	i+	Tota	ıl 55+
Household Income	No.	%	No.	%	No.	%	No.	%
Less than \$15,000	157	3.2%	196	4.3%	412	11.2%	765	5.8%
\$15,000-\$24,999	112	2.3%	225	5.0%	450	12.2%	787	6.0%
\$25,000-\$34,999	166	3.4%	299	6.6%	449	12.2%	914	7.0%
\$35,000-\$49,999	309	6.3%	492	10.9%	683	18.5%	1,484	11.3%
\$50,000-\$74,999	447	9.1%	600	13.3%	523	14.2%	1,570	12.0%
\$75,000-\$99,000	665	13.5%	675	15.0%	279	7.6%	1,619	12.3%
\$100,000-\$149,999	1,195	24.3%	848	18.8%	484	13.1%	2,527	19.3%
\$150,000-\$199,999	772	15.7%	501	11.1%	188	5.1%	1,461	11.1%
\$200,000+	1,100	22.3%	675	15.0%	219	5.9%	1,994	15.2%
Total Households	4,923	100.0%	4,511	100.0%	3,687	100.0%	13,121	100.0%
Median Income	\$119	797	\$89	,740	\$45,	714	\$88	,646
	1	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		,	+,			,
		Change	, 2015-2	020				
	55-		65	-74	75		Tota	ıl 55+
Household Income	No.	%	No.	%	No.	%	No.	%
Less than \$15,000	-48	-23.4%	40	25.6%	55	15.4%	47	6.5%
\$15,000-\$24,999	-31	-21.7%	19	9.2%	40	9.8%	28	3.7%
\$25,000-\$34,999	-63	-27.5%	6	2.0%	-9	-2.0%	-66	-6.7%
\$35,000-\$49,999	-45		85	20.9%	108	18.8%	148	11.1%
\$50,000-\$74,999	-257	-36.5%	-105	-14.9%	-113	-17.8%	-475	-23.2%
\$75,000-\$99,000	-58	-8.0%	165	32.4%	62	28.6%	169	11.7%
\$100,000-\$149,999	67	5.9%	271	47.0%	176	57.1%	514	25.5%
\$150,000-\$199,999	109	16.4%	189	60.6%	80	74.1%	378	34.9%
\$200,000+	35	3.3%	228	51.0%	79	56.4%	342	20.7%
Total Households	-291	-5.6%	898	24.9%	478	14.9%	1,085	9.0%
Median Income	\$12,	158	\$13	,283	\$2,0)46	\$7.	423
					, ,-			

Tenure by Age of Householder

As seniors age, they may no longer desire, or be able or willing to maintain their single-family homes. Some prefer to move to housing that offers them greater freedom from maintenance and/or offers support services. Seniors and/or their caregivers or adult children typically begin to consider senior housing alternatives as they age into their 70¢s ó some earlier, some even later, depending on their health/mobility, care needs, and finances.

In addition to current income sources, many senior households are able to derive additional income to be used for senior housing by investing the proceeds from the sale of a single-family home. This supplemental income can be used to cover the costs associated with residency and care in a senior housing community. The table below shows data on the tenure by age of householder for the older adult and senior households in Minnetonka, according to 2010 Census data.

		r Tenure k f Minnetor	•						
			IKU CI IWI	T OILIOS IV	ICTIO AICT	•			
				City of Mi	nnetonka				
	55-0	64	65-	74	75	5+	Total 55+		
	Own	Rent	Own	Rent	Own	Rent	Own	Rent	
Number of Households	4,267	602	2,247	341	2,111	894	8,625	1,837	
Homeow nership Rate	88%		879	%	70	%	82%	6	
					Metro Ar				
	55-0	64	65-	74	75	5+	Total	55+	
	Own	Rent	Own	Rent	Own	Rent	Own	Rent	
Number of Households	162,595	34,355	85,347	17,988	67,268	30,734	315,210	83,077	
Homeow nership Rate	83%		83%		69	%	79%		
Source: U.S. Census-2	010								

Home ownership rates typically decline as householder age. In Minnetonka, we note that about 87% of households aged 65 to 74 owned their homes (2,247 households) in 2010, compared to 70% of those age 75+ (2,111 households). The home ownership rate Minnetonka seniors is slightly greater than that for the Twin Cities metro area as a whole; especially among seniors under age 75. This statistic from 2010 could be considered a pre-cursor of demand for independent senior housing concepts in Minnetonka. Not surprisingly, the community has two recently completed senior cooperative developments, including Applewood Pointe, as well as Zvago at Glen Lake.

Home Values & Resale Trends

The table below presents a summary of home sales data for Minnetonka and the Twin Cities Metro Area as a whole, over the past year (trailing 12 months as of 6/30/17). This data is sourced from the Regional Multiple Listing Service (Northstar MLS). Home values will help dictate the amount of equity a senior will be able to derive upon the sale of their home, which in many cases is utilized towards monthly fees for senior housing.

	Trailing 12 months	by Price Range (as of June 30, 2017 n Cities Metro Area)
	Number of Sales b	y Price Range	
	City of	Tw in Cities	Minnetonka Share (%)
Price Range	Minnetonka	Metro Area	of Metro Area Transactions
<\$100,000	23	1,509	1.5%
\$100,000-199,999	175	15,822	1.1%
\$200,000-299,999	233	17,196	1.4%
\$300,000-399,999	232	8,169	2.8%
\$400,000-499,999	109	4,029	2.7%
\$500,000-599,999	90	1,925	4.7%
\$600,000-699,999	35	978	3.6%
\$700,000+	65	1,688	3.9%
Total Sales	962	51,316	1.9%
Average Sale Price	\$369,331	\$266,624	
Median Sale Price	\$325,450	\$225,512	

The average sale price in Minnetonka, at \$369,331, was considerably higher compared to the metro area average at \$266,624. This is indicative of both the quality of, and demand for homes in Minnetonka. A majority of senior homeowners own their homes õfree and clear,ö and thus would have access to a sizeable financial resource in the equity they can realize from the sale of their homes. While the interest earned on investing these funds can help to offset the monthly costs associated with living in a senior housing facility, many seniors are also willing to begin spending down assets in order to live in a housing environment which meets their lifestyle preferences and care needs. For example, a senior who owns his or her home outright and has a home valued at \$369,331 (the average sale price in Minnetonka over the past 12 months) would likely be able to derive approximately \$343,000 from the sale of their home after factoring in marketing/real estate commissions and moving costs at roughly 7%. Should this equity be invested in an interest-bearing account with a 3% annual return, it would produce an income of \$10,300 annually (about \$860/month). This income could be used to partially off-set the cost of senior housing, without spending down assets.

Also of note is the number of transactions in the City as a % of metro area sales. In Minnetonka, there were a total of 962 sale transactions over the past 12 months, accounting for about 1.9% of regional home sales activity over the past year. On a gross basis, the number of transactions in

Minnetonka is about what we would expect, since Minnetonka accounts for about 2.0% of all owner-occupied housing units in the metro area, according to our analysis of Census (ACS) statistics. However, Minnetonka share of regional sales transactions varies considerably by price point. We note that Minnetonka accounts for a much lower share of regional sales under \$300,000, only about 1.2% of metro area transactions over the past year. This is an indicator of two key trends in Minnetonka:

- 1) Limited supply of affordable home purchase opportunities within the City of Minnetonka at <\$300,000. This poses a challenge for prospective first-time homebuyers in the community.
- 2) Seniors aging in place within the community ó while local assessor data and Met Council statistical analyses indicate that Minnetonka does in fact feature a substantial supply of homes valued at <\$300,000, few of these homes are actually coming to market. In many cases, these are somewhat older homes (1960\sigma & 1970\sigma product) occupied by older adults and seniors who are \tilde{o}aging in place.\tilde{o}

MINNETONKA SENIOR HOUSING SUPPLY

Presented on the following page is a summary of the current supply of senior housing in Minnetonka. We have included a summary of Adult/Few Services, Independent, Assisted Living and Memory Care housing in the community. Senior housing supply information is sourced from Maxfield Research, with current rental information verified by Marquette Advisors.

Minnetonka features a total of 2,922 age-restricted senior housing units. This includes 694 ownership units (condo and co-op units) and 2,228 rental units. Minnetonka¢s senior housing inventory is primarily market rate. The rental inventory includes a total of 83 contract-based affordable senior units, including 42 at Westridge and another 41 units at Beacon Hill.

The current low vacancy rate at 3.7% collectively for the properties is an indicator of pent-up demand for additional senior units in the market area. We note that vacancy rates are consistently low across all properties and service levels, indicating that there has been a positive market response to all varieties of senior housing in the market area.

Two additional senior campus developments are in the works (Cherrywood Pointe and Crest Ridge) which will bring another 245 combined rental units to market in 2017 and 2018. The details of these projects are discussed later in this chapter.

	Senior Housing Sup City of Minnetonk July 2017			
	Year	Number of	Number	
Property Name	Built	Units	Vacant	% Vacant
Adul	t/Few Services Ow	nership		
Zvago Sr. Cooperative	2016	54	2	3.7%
Applew ood Pointe of Minnetonka	2016	89	0	0.0%
•	Subtotal	143	2	1.4%
Adult/Few \$	Services Rental (No	one Applicable)		
Indepen	dent with Services (Congregate)		
Westridge	1998	102	0	0.0%
Beacon Hill	1995	107	1	0.9%
The Glenn	2011	69	0	0.0%
Ridgepointe I & II	1986/1988	274	12	4.4%
	Subtotal	552	13	2.4%
	Assisted Living			
Brookdale Minnetonka	1995	64	7	10.9%
Sunrise of Minnetonka	2005	44	0	0.0%
Brookdale Minnetonka	1996	41	5	12.2%
Elder Homestead	1986	75	0	0.0%
Beacon Hill Commons	1995	136	1	0.7%
The Glenn	2011	50	2	4.0%
	Subtotal	410	15	3.7%
	Memory Care			
Brookdale Minnetonka	1999	35	0	0.0%
Sunrise of Minnetonka	1995/2007	30	1	3.3%
Emerald Crest	1998	36	2	5.6%
Elder Homestead II	1986	20	0	0.0%
The Glenn	2011	24	1	4.2%
	Subtotal	145	4	2.8%
	TOTAL	829	31	3.7%
Source: Maxfield Research and Const	ulting LLC			

The tables on the next several pages provide detailed information regarding unit mix and rents/pricing for all senior housing product types throughout the Minnetonka market.

Adult/Few Services – Condos and Cooperatives

Minnetonka has a total of 143 total adult condo/co-op units, with two major developments coming opening last year, including Applewood Point (89 units) and Zvago-Glen Lake (54 units). The market response to both projects has been very positive. Just 2 units remain available at Zvago,

while Applewood Pt. has no units remaining, and has a waiting list. Pricing ranges considerably within the coop properties, from less than \$50,000 to more than \$500,000, depending on the deposit/entry fee. Monthly fees range from approximately \$800 to \$2,000 per month.

Adult/Few Services -- Rental

Minnetonka presently has no age-restricted senior rentals without services. This product/service category has been surpassed by the cooperative model in recent years, with Twin Cities active seniors showing a preference for this product & ownership category over traditional senior rentals. Others have opted for non-age restricted market rate apartments, while those with current or anticipated care needs (or their spouse) have shown a preference for senior housing with available services.

Independent Sr. Housing with Services (Congregate)

Minnetonka offers 552 total independent senior housing units with available services, with a low vacancy rate of just **2.4%** in July 2017. Base rents averaged **\$1,820** (\$1.98 psf) for this product group, varying widely from \$1,395 to \$3,360 per month, depending on the unit type & size, property characteristics and level of service provided. It is important to note, however, that these are <u>base rents</u>, with additional charges for meals and services based on the individual needs of the resident, with those meals/services purchased a-la-carte on a per-service or package basis.

Assisted Living

There are a total of 329 assisted living units in Minnetonka, with a reported **4.6%** vacancy rate in July 2017. The average monthly rent was **\$4,070** (\$7.92 psf) for the Assisted Living residences. Contrasting from the Independent property group, where services are typically purchased separately on a package or a-la-carte basis, Assisted Living properties typically include all meals and needed care services in the monthly rent.

Memory Care

There are a total of 145 specialized Memory Care units in the Minnetonka market, with just 4 vacancies (2.8%) in July 2017. Average rents are somewhat higher than traditional Assisted Living, due to the staffing and care requirements associated with Dementia residents. The average monthly fee for Memory Care housing in Minnetonka was \$4,260 as of July 2017, or \$7.74 psf, with an average suite size of 551 sf.

Senior Housing Communities City of Minnetonka, MN

Red dots = existing
Yellow dots = proposed or under construction



UNIT MIX/SIZE/COST & OCCUPANCY COMPARISON

City of Minnetonka Senior Cooperative Housing July 2017

				Unit	Mix/Sizes/Pricing		
Property Name/Location	Occp. Date	Units/ Vacant	Unit Mix	Size (Sq. Ft.)	Entry Fee/ Sale Price	Monthly Rent/ Fee	Description
				SENIOR COOPERA	TIVES		
Applewood Pointe of Minnetonka 12201 Minnetonka Boulevard	2016 (Spring)	89 0 0.0%			\$37,500 - \$427,500	\$800 - \$2,000	Pricing ranges from \$250,000-\$450,000. Entry share pricing ranges from 15% to 95%
Zvago / Glen Lake 14301 Stewart Lane	2016 (Fall)	54 2 3.7%	10 - 1BR 10 - 2BR 20 - 2BR+D 14 - 3BR	779 - 1,012 1,239 - 1,367 1,349 - 1,541 1,911	\$200,000 \$500,000		
Total / Average Vacant Units		143 2	1.4%	1,314	\$291,250	\$1,400	

Source: Maxfield Research and Consulting, LLC

SENIOR HOUSING COMMUNITIES -- Independent City of Minnetonka -- Unit Supply, Occupancy & Monthly Rates July 2017

INDEPENDENT (Congregate w/Optional Services)

Property Name/Location	Year Opened	No. of Units	Vacant	Unit Mix	Unit Size	Monthly Rent/Fees	Monthly Rent/Sq. Ft.	Comments
West Ridge (MR/AFF) 11201 Fairfield Road	1998	60	0	10 - 1BR 50 - 2BR	721 - 744 869 - 1,092	\$1,395 - \$1,425 \$1,725 - \$2,299	\$1.93 - \$1.92 \$1.99 - \$2.11	All utilities included except phone and cable. Congregate residents pay electric. Meals, hskpg addtl chg.; UG pkg. \$50/mo.
Beacon Hill Terrace (MR/AFF) 5330 Beacon Hill Road	1995	66	1	27 - 1BR 20 - 1BR/D 19 - 2BR	793 - 980 876 - 937 1,009 - 1,406	\$1,201 - \$1,373 \$1,344 - \$1,512 \$1,529 - \$2,874	\$1.40 - \$1.51 \$1.53 - \$1.61 \$2.04 - \$1.52	All utilities included except electric, phone and cable TV. Dining and hskpg are additional charge; UG pkg. \$50/mo extra.
The Glenn 5300 Woodhill Road	2011	69	0	33 - 1BR 17 - 1BR/D 19 - 2BR	576 - 828 892 - 1,130 925 - 1,236	\$1,532 - \$1,898 \$1,962 - \$2,402 \$2,487 - \$2,683	\$2.29 - \$2.66 \$2.20 - \$2.13 \$2.17 - \$2.69	All utilities included except electric, phone and cable TV. Dining and hskpg are additional charge; UG pkg. \$60/mo extra.
Ridge pointe I and II 12600 and 12800 Marion Lane	1986 1988	274	12	133 - 1BR 23 - 1BR/D 73 - 2BR 45 - 2BR/D	590 - 800 778 - 816 806 - 1,375 1,011 - 1,600	\$940 - \$1,740 \$1,530 - \$1,750 \$1,550 - \$2,320 \$2,585 - \$3,360	\$1.59 - \$2.18 \$1.97 - \$2.14 \$1.92 - \$1.69 \$2.56 - \$2.10	All utilities included except telephone and cable TV; UG parking \$60/mo extra. Three dinner meals per mo. And continental breakfast included; all others at extra charge.
Total / Averages		469	13	2.8%	920	\$1,820	\$1.98	

Note: Westridge includes 42, 1BR units that are affordable; these have been excluded from the table. Beacon Hill Terrace includes 41 units of income-restricted independent rentals; these are excluded from table.

Source: Maxfield Research and Consulting, LLC

SENIOR HOUSING COMMUNITIES -- Assisted Living City of Minnetonka -- Unit Supply, Occupancy & Monthly Rates July 2017

				ASSISTED I	LIVING			
	Year	No. of				Monthly	Monthly	
Property Name/Location	Opened	Units	Vacant	Unit Mix	Unit Size	Rent/Fees	Rent/Sq. Ft.	Comments
Brookdale Minnetonka 500 Carlson Parkw ay	1999	86	7	66 - Std. 20 - 1BR	304 - 520 566 - 721	\$3,295 - \$4,720 \$4,795 - \$4,840	\$9.08 - \$10.84 \$6.71 - \$8.47	All utilities included except telephone and cable. Deposit equal to one month's rent; three meals per day; hskp, and linens included. Scheduled transp. Included; 2nd person chrg. \$900/mo.
Sunrise of Minnetonka 18707 Excelsior Blvd.	2005	39	0	19 - Std. 12 - 1BR 8 - 2BR	330 - 400 400 - 700 500 - 600	\$4,085 - \$4,085 \$4,150 - \$4,350 \$2,890 - \$2,890 (Double Occup.)	\$10.21 - \$12.38 \$6.21 - \$10.38 \$4.82 - \$5.78	All utilites included except telephone; three meals per day; w eekly hskp; w eekly linens; transportation included; personal care extra; three levels of care.
Brookdale Minnetonka 14505 Minnetonka Drive	1996	78	5	63 - Std. 15 - 1BR	237 - 503 488 - 501	\$3,295 - \$4,750 \$4,750 - \$4,840	\$9.44 - \$13.90 \$9.66 - \$9.73	All utilities included except phone and cable. \$1,000 community fee; three meals/day, w eekly hskp; transp.; w eekly linens Included; detached gar. \$60/mo.
Eder Homestead 11400 4th Street North	1986	30	0	16 - Std. 12 - 1BR 1 - 2BR	400 - 400 575 - 600 900 - 900	\$2,655 - \$2,725 \$2,760 - \$2,840 \$3,465 - \$3,465	\$6.81 - \$6.64 \$4.73 - \$4.80 \$3.85 - \$3.85	All utilities incl. except phone and cable. Cmmty fee - \$995; 2nd occupant-\$650/mo; linens/laundry, personal care extra
Beacon Hill Commons 5300 Beacon Hill Road	1995	42	1	12 - Std. 26 - 1BR 4 - 2BR	393 - 393 535 - 640 935 - 935	\$2,551 - \$2,551 \$2,743 - \$3,057 \$3,418 - \$3,418	\$6.49 - \$6.49 \$4.78 - \$5.13 \$3.66 - \$3.66	All utilities are incl.; \$1,500 community fee two meals/day included; hskp. Included Laundry/linen; personal care extra chrg. Second occupant fee: \$800
The Glenn 5300 Woodhill Road	2011	54	2	46 - 1BR 2 - 1BR/D 6 - 2BR 12 - Care Suites	589 - 732 928 - 943 928 - 943 362 - 362	\$3,121 - \$3,880 \$3,912 - \$3,912 \$4,184 - \$4,211 \$8,930 - \$8,930 (All Inclusive)	\$5.30 - \$5.30 \$4.15 - \$4.22 \$4.47 - \$4.51 \$24.67 - \$24.67	All utilities are incl.; \$1,000 community fee, three meals per day included; weekly housekeeping and linen service; transp. Included; personal care additional charge
Total / Averages		329	15	4.6%	514	\$4,070	\$7.92	1

Source: Maxfield Research and Consulting, LLC

SENIOR HOUSING COMMUNITIES -- Memory Care City of Minnetonka -- Unit Supply, Occupancy & Monthly Rates July 2017

M EM ORY CARE

Ye ar	No. of				Monthly	Monthly	
Opened	Units	Vacant	Unit Mix	Unit Size	Rent/Fees	Rent/Sq. Ft.	Comments
1999	35	0	9 - Studio 27 - 1BR 5 - 2BR	262 - 548 554 - 720 868 - 976	\$2,156 - \$3,264 \$3,232 - \$3,702 \$3,167 - \$4,128	\$5.96 - \$8.23 \$5.14 - \$5.83 \$4.23 - \$3.65	All utilities, and eletric, included except telephone and cable. Studio units are reserved for Elderly Waivers.
1995/	30	1	18 - 1BR	674 - 815	\$2,732 - \$2,859	\$3.51 - \$4.05	All utilities included except electric, phone and
2007			4 - 1BR+D	898 - 988	\$3,006 - \$3,168	\$3.21 - \$3.35	cable TV.; three meals/day incl. and weekly hskpo
(converted)			8 - 2BR	1,112 - 1,252	\$3,569 - \$3,633	\$2.90 - \$3.21	
1998	36	2	24 - Suites 12 - Suites 3 Shared Suites-EW	200 - 200 300 - 300	\$5,410 - \$5,410 \$5,910 - \$5,910	\$27.05 - \$27.05 \$19.70 - \$19.70	All utilities/basic cable incl. Personal care packages, five levels additional; three meals per day, daily housekeeping, linens/laundry
1986	20	0	20 - Studio	270 - 390	\$3,525 - \$3,610	\$9.26 - \$13.06	All utilities included except phone. Three meals peday, weekly housekeeping, weekly linens; all other services additional charge
2011	24	1	28 - Studio	423 - 489	\$4,064 - \$4,355	\$8.91 - \$9.61	All utilities included except phone. Three meals peday, weekly housekeeping, weekly linens; all other services additional charge
	145	4	2.8%	551	\$4,260	\$7.74	
	Ope ned 1999 1995/ 2007 (converted) 1998	Ope ned Units 1999 35 1995/ 2007 (converted) 30 2007 (converted) 1998 36 1986 20	Opened Units Vacant 1999 35 0 1995/ 2007 (converted) 30 1 1998 36 2 1986 20 0	Ope ned Units Vacant Unit Mix 1999 35 0 9 - Studio 27 - 1BR 5 - 2BR 1995/ 5 - 2BR 30 1 18 - 1BR 4 - 1BR+D 2007 (converted) 8 - 2BR 1998 36 2 24 - Suites 12 - Suites 12 - Suites 3 Shared Suites-EW 1986 20 0 20 - Studio	Ope ned Units Vacant Unit Mix Unit Size 1999 35 0 9 - Studio 262 - 548 27 - 1BR 554 - 720 5 - 2BR 868 - 976 1995/ 30 1 18 - 1BR 674 - 815 2007 4 - 1BR+D 898 - 988 (converted) 8 - 2BR 1,112 - 1,252 1998 36 2 24 - Suites 200 - 200 12 - Suites 300 - 300 3 Shared Suites-EW 1986 20 0 20 - Studio 270 - 390	Opened Units Vacant Unit Mix Unit Size Rent/Fees 1999 35 0 9 - Studio 262 - 548 \$2,156 - \$3,264 27 - 1BR 554 - 720 \$3,232 - \$3,702 \$3,167 - \$4,128 1995/ 30 1 18 - 1BR 674 - 815 \$2,732 - \$2,859 2007 4 - 1BR+D 898 - 988 \$3,006 - \$3,168 (converted) 8 - 2BR 1,112 - 1,252 \$3,569 - \$3,633 1998 36 2 24 - Suites 200 - 200 \$5,410 - \$5,410 12 - Suites 300 - 300 \$5,910 - \$5,910 3 Shared Suites-EW	Opened Units Vacant Unit Mix Unit Size Rent/Fees Rent/Sq. Ft. 1999 35 0 9 - Studio 262 - 548 \$2,156 - \$3,264 \$5.96 - \$8.23 27 - 1BR 554 - 720 \$3,232 - \$3,702 \$5.14 - \$5.83 5 - 2BR 868 - 976 \$3,167 - \$4,128 \$4.23 - \$3.65 1995/ 30 1 18 - 1BR 674 - 815 \$2,732 - \$2,859 \$3.51 - \$4.05 2007 4 - 1BR+D 898 - 988 \$3,006 - \$3,168 \$3.21 - \$3.35 (converted) 8 - 2BR 1,112 - 1,252 \$3,569 - \$3,633 \$2.90 - \$3.21 1998 36 2 24 - Suites 200 - 200 \$5,410 - \$5,410 \$27.05 - \$27.05 12 - Suites 300 - 300 \$5,910 - \$5,910 \$19.70 - \$19.70 3 Shared Suites-EW 270 - 390 \$3,525 - \$3,610 \$9.26 - \$13.06

DEVELOPMENT PIPELINE

As of July 2017, three major senior housing developments are in the works in Minnetonka, which are expected to bring a total of 347 new units to market over the next several months. This includes *Cherrywood Pointe*, by Minneapolis-based developer United Properties. The property, to be managed by Ebenezer, will include 100 new units, with a mix of independent housing with services, assisted living, and memory care suites. Cherrywood Pointe is being constructed at 2004 Plymouth Road, just south of Ridgedale Center, with an expected November 2017 opening date. We understand that, to date, 31 units have been pre-leased, including mostly independent senior apartments.

The second major development planned for Minnetonka is *Crest Ridge Senior Living*, which is programmed for a site near the SE corner of I-394 and Hopkins Crossroad. This is a development by Minnetonka-based Opus Development, also in partnership with Ebenezer. A total of 147 units are planned, ranging from independent to memory care suites. The project is expected to begin construction later this year, with a likely opening date of late 2018 or early 2019.

RM Sr. Living & Walker Methodist -- Recently, Long Lake, MN-based RM Senior Living, in partnership with Walker Methodist, has proposed a 100-unit senior campus at 17710 Old Excelsior Boulevard, south of MN-Hwy 7 and west of MN-Hwy 101. The project is expected to commence in late 2017 with a late 2018 or early 2019 delivery date, featuring a mix of 71 independent and assisted living units, 24 memory care suites and 5 skilled care suites.

These three developments are typical of the type of senior housing developments currently being built across the Twin Cities, offering a continuum of care, allowing for seniors to age in place when/if their care needs progress. These developments attract primarily older seniors, generally age 75+. The inclusion of assisted living and memory care components, along with independent housing with services, is a model that can generate attractive returns for developers. Meanwhile, senior cooperatives, such as those recently completed in Minnetonka (Applewood & Zvago), can be also be profitable for developers, while adult/few services rental products for seniors are challenging on a stand-alone basis when comparing the cost of construction with prospective rental rates. Also, many active seniors seeking a rental housing alternative have shown a preference for non-age restricted apartments, many of which have been completed throughout the Twin Cities metro area.

	Senior Housing Development Pipeline, as of July 2017 Minnetonka										
		ı			Proc	duct Type/Service					
Project	Developer / Operator	Location	Total Units	Соор	Condo	Independent w/Services		,			
Cherrywood Pointe	United Properties / Ebenezer	2004 Plymouth Rd.	100			72	22	6		Under construction, with anticipated November 2017 opening. Reportedly, 31 units have been reserved, mostly Indep. Living units.	
Crest Ridge	Opus Development / Ebenezer	10955 Wayzata Blvd. (SE quadrant of I-394 & Hopkins Crossroad)	147			75	52	20		Expected to begin construction later in 2017, with late 2018/early 2019 delivery.	
Old Excelsior Sr. Living	RM Sr. Living / Walker Methodist	10170 Old Excelsior Blvd.	100			38	33	24		Construction expected to commence late 2017, late 2018 or early 2019 completion.	
		Total by Product/Service Level	347	0	0	185	107	50	5		

Sources: City of Minnetonka; Marquette Advisors

SENIOR HOUSING DEMAND ESTIMATES

Presented below is a summary of our demand estimates for senior housing in Minnetonka. Short term demand and long-term demand estimates are provided, accounting for projected new supply currently in development in the community, and growth in the age/income qualified base between 2017-2022. Short-term demand is estimated to comprise 659 units for the time period 2017-2022. A total of 342 new units are projected to be built over the next 2 years, partially offsetting this demand. In projecting longer-term demand for 2022-2027, we deduct for the projected new construction units, and then adjust for anticipated growth in the age/income qualified senior base in the coming five years. These calculations indicate that there will likely be demand for 608 senior units in Minnetonka over the 2022 to 2027 timeframe.

In particular, our analysis indicates there is considerable demand for õindependentö and õadult/few servicesö housing for active seniors, with 370 such units in demand over the short term (2017-2022). Accounting for anticipated new construction and demand growth over time, we expect that by 2022 there will be demand for 320 new adult/few services and independent senior units in Minnetonka.

_	Senior Housing Demand Summary by Product Type/Service Level City of Minnetonka								
	Short Term	Long-Term							
Product Type/Service Level	Demand (1-5 yrs)	Demand (5-10 yrs)							
Adult/Few Services & Independent	370	320							
Assisted Living	192	199							
Memory Care	97	89							
Total	659	608							
Source: Marquette Advisors									

The following paragraphs outline our detailed calculations of market demand for senior housing in Minnetonka. Our calculations are summarized by product type, and are based upon our review of the age/income-qualified senior resident base in comparison with the supply of senior housing units available in the city, both short-term (1-5 yrs) and long-term (5-10 yrs).

Adult/Few Services & Independent ("Congregate") Senior Housing Demand

In determining demand for independent & congregate senior housing, we estimate the potential market to include those households that are both age- and income-qualified. Seniors age 55 and older are defined as the age-qualified market, although such developments typically attract seniors age 65 and older. Detailed demand calculations are shown the following page.

• The minimum household income required to afford adult/few services or independent senior housing is estimated at approximately \$35,000 per year. Additionally, however, we include senior homeowners with incomes of \$25,000 to \$34,999, since these seniors may be able to supplement their incomes with the proceeds from the sale of their home. Our calculations indicate there are an estimated 23,585 older adult and senior households in the

market area with incomes of \$35,000+, as well as those within incomes of \$25,000 to \$34,999 who own their homes.

Short-Term Demand (2017-2022)	Age 55-64	Age 65-74	Age 75+	Tot
Estimated Households with incomes of \$25,000-\$34,999	233	285	462	98
(times) Homeownership Rate	88%	87%	70%	79
(equals) Potential Market	205	248	323	7
(plus) Estimated Income Qualified Household Base (\$35,000+ Income)	4,596	3,183	2,123	9,9
(equals) Potential Local Market Base	4,801	3,431	2,446	10,6
(times) Product Short-Term Capture Rate	1.0%	5.0%	20.0%	7.
(equals) Short-Term Demand Potential (local)	51	181	515	7
(
(plus) Estimated Additional Demand from Outside the Market Area @ 20%	16	57	163	
()	16 66	57 238	163 678	
(plus) Estimated Additional Demand from Outside the Market Area @ 20% (equals) Total Short Term Demand Potential Compare to # of Existing Adult/Few Services & Independent Senior Housing Units (equals) Projected Short-Term Unit Surplus or (Shortage) (Next 5 Years as of 2017)	66	238	678	(3
(plus) Estimated Additional Demand from Outside the Market Area @ 20% (equals) Total Short Term Demand Potential Compare to # of Existing Adult/Few Services & Independent Senior Housing Units				
(plus) Estimated Additional Demand from Outside the Market Area @ 20% (equals) Total Short Term Demand Potential Compare to # of Existing Adult/Few Services & Independent Senior Housing Units (equals) Projected Short-Term Unit Surplus or (Shortage) (Next 5 Years as of 2017)	66	238	678	(3
(plus) Estimated Additional Demand from Outside the Market Area @ 20% (equals) Total Short Term Demand Potential Compare to # of Existing Adult/Few Services & Independent Senior Housing Units (equals) Projected Short-Term Unit Surplus or (Shortage) (Next 5 Years as of 2017) Long-Term Demand (2022-2027)	66 Age 55-64	238 Age 65-74	678 (Age 75+	(3 T
(equals) Total Short Term Demand From Outside the Market Area @ 20% (equals) Total Short Term Demand Potential Compare to # of Existing Adult/Few Services & Independent Senior Housing Units (equals) Projected Short-Term Unit Surplus or (Shortage) (Next 5 Years as of 2017) Long-Term Demand (2022-2027) Estimated Households with incomes of \$25,000-\$34,999	Age 55-64	238 Age 65-74 292	678 [Age 75+	(3 T
plus) Estimated Additional Demand from Outside the Market Area @ 20% (equals) Total Short Term Demand Potential Compare to # of Existing Adult/Few Services & Independent Senior Housing Units (equals) Projected Short-Term Unit Surplus or (Shortage) (Next 5 Years as of 2017) Long-Term Demand (2022-2027) Estimated Households with incomes of \$25,000-\$34,999 (times) Homeownership Rate (equals) Potential Market	Age 55-64 174 88%	238 Age 65-74 292 87%	678 Age 75+ 493 70%	(S
plus) Estimated Additional Demand from Outside the Market Area @ 20% (equals) Total Short Term Demand Potential Compare to # of Existing Adult/Few Services & Independent Senior Housing Units (equals) Projected Short-Term Unit Surplus or (Shortage) (Next 5 Years as of 2017) Long-Term Demand (2022-2027) Estimated Households with incomes of \$25,000-\$34,999 (times) Homeownership Rate (equals) Potential Market (plus) Estimated Income Qualified Household Base (\$35,000+ Income)	Age 55-64 174 88% 153	238 Age 65-74 292 87% 254	678 Age 75+ 493 70% 345	((3 T
plus) Estimated Additional Demand from Outside the Market Area @ 20% (equals) Total Short Term Demand Potential Compare to # of Existing Adult/Few Services & Independent Senior Housing Units (equals) Projected Short-Term Unit Surplus or (Shortage) (Next 5 Years as of 2017) Long-Term Demand (2022-2027) Estimated Households with incomes of \$25,000-\$34,999 (times) Homeownership Rate	Age 55-64 174 88% 153 4,322	238 Age 65-74 292 87% 254 3,904	678 Age 75+ 493 70% 345 2,635	(3 T
plus) Estimated Additional Demand from Outside the Market Area @ 20% (equals) Total Short Term Demand Potential Compare to # of Existing Adult/Few Services & Independent Senior Housing Units (equals) Projected Short-Term Unit Surplus or (Shortage) (Next 5 Years as of 2017) Long-Term Demand (2022-2027) Estimated Households with incomes of \$25,000-\$34,999 (times) Homeownership Rate (equals) Potential Market (plus) Estimated Income Qualified Household Base (\$35,000+ Income) (equals) Potential Local Market Base	Age 55-64 174 88% 153 4,322 4,475	238 Age 65-74 292 87% 254 3,904 4,158	Age 75+ 493 70% 345 2,635 2,980	(; T 10,
plus) Estimated Additional Demand from Outside the Market Area @ 20% equals) Total Short Term Demand Potential Compare to # of Existing Adult/Few Services & Independent Senior Housing Units equals) Projected Short-Term Unit Surplus or (Shortage) (Next 5 Years as of 2017) Long-Term Demand (2022-2027) Estimated Households with incomes of \$25,000-\$34,999 (times) Homeownership Rate equals) Potential Market plus) Estimated Income Qualified Household Base (\$35,000+ Income) equals) Potential Local Market Base (times) Product Short-Term Capture Rate	Age 55-64 174 88% 153 4,322 4,475 1.0%	238 Age 65-74 292 87% 254 3,904 4,158 5.0%	Age 75+ 493 70% 345 2,635 2,980 20.0%	(3 T 10,
plus) Estimated Additional Demand from Outside the Market Area @ 20% equals) Total Short Term Demand Potential Compare to # of Existing Adult/Few Services & Independent Senior Housing Units equals) Projected Short-Term Unit Surplus or (Shortage) (Next 5 Years as of 2017) Long-Term Demand (2022-2027) Estimated Households with incomes of \$25,000-\$34,999 (times) Homeownership Rate equals) Potential Market plus) Estimated Income Qualified Household Base (\$35,000+ Income) (equals) Potential Local Market Base (times) Product Short-Term Capture Rate (equals) Short-Term Demand Potential (local)	Age 55-64 174 88% 153 4,322 4,475 1.0%	238 Age 65-74 292 87% 254 3,904 4,158 5.0% 208	Age 75+ 493 70% 345 2,635 2,980 20.0% 596	10 11 7

- We then adjust to include appropriate short-term capture rates for each age cohort. These capture rates are based on our review of the income-qualified household base compared with the current resident base for independent senior housing communities in the metro area. We use 1% of households age 55 to 64, about 5% of households age 65 to 74, and 20% of households age 75 and older. This results in estimated short-term demand potential for 746 independent senior units from Minnetonka residents in the short term (2017-2022).
- Some additional demand will come from outside the community. We estimate that about 20% of the additional demand for independent senior rental housing will be generated by seniors currently residing outside the City of Minnetonka. This demand will consist primarily of parents of adult children living in the market area, individuals who live in neighboring cities, and have some orientation to the area, as well as former residents who may desire to return. This results in additional demand for 236 units in the short term.
- Adding potential demand from Minnetonka residents (746 units) to demand from outside the city (236 units) results in total short-term demand for 982 independent senior units between 2017, including age-restricted rentals and condo/co-op units with no services and independent senior housing (congregate) rentals.

• Next, we compare the estimated market demand with the current supply. We subtract the existing independent senior units in Minnetonka (612 units) from estimated demand (982 units), which indicates that as of 2017 there is unmet demand for an estimated 370 units in the market area. Our calculations indicate that unmet demand will comprise approximately 320 units in 2022, adjusting for projected new construction between 2017 and 2022 and growth in the age/income qualified senior population base.

Assisted Living Demand

The table below presents calculations of demand for assisted living units in Minnetonka, both in the short term (2017-2022) and long term (2022-2027). The availability of intensive support services such as meals, housekeeping, and personal care at assisted living facilities usually attracts older, frailer seniors. Hence, the age-qualified market for assisted living housing is defined for our analysis purposes as persons ages 75 and over.

Estimated Assisted Living Senior Housing Demand City of Minnetonka			
	Sho	ort Term (1-5	Long Term (5-
		yrs.)	10 yrs.)
Demond from Modest Area Conjuga Area 75 70		<u>2017-2022</u>	<u>2022-2027</u>
Demand from Market Area Seniors Ages 75-79 Market Area Population Ages 75-79		1.786	2 501
,	.,	,	2,501
(times) Percent Needing Assistance with ADL's	X	25% 447	25% 625
(equals) Estimated Sr's Ages 75-79 Needing Assistance with ADL's	-	447	625
Demand from Market Area Seniors Ages 80-84			
Market Area Population Ages 80-84		1,339	1,583
(times) Percent Needing Assitance with ADL's	х	33%	33%
(equals) Estimated Sr's Ages 80-84 Needing Assistance with ADL's	=	442	522
Demand from Market Area Seniors Ages 85+			
Market Area Population Age 85+		1,790	1,945
(times) Percent Needing Assitance with ADL's	х	50%	50%
(equals) Estimated Sr's Age 85+ Needing Assistance with ADL's	=	895	973
Total Market Area Seniors Ages 75+ Needing Assistance with ADL's	=	1,783	2,120
(times) Percent Income Qualified	х	90%	90%
(times) Potential Penetration Rate for Assisted Living Housing	X	30%	30%
(equals) Potential Assisted Living Demand from Market Area Seniors	=	482	572
(add) Additional Demand from Outside Market Area @ 20%	+	120	143
(equals) Potential Total Assisted Living Sr. Housing Units Supportable in Market Area	=	602	716
Compare to Existing Supply of Assisted Living Units		410	517
(equals) Excess Short-Term Unit Surplus or (Shortage) in Minnetonka (next 5 years)	=	(192)	(199)
Source: Marquette Advisors			

• The demand for assisted living housing is need-driven. According to statistics from the National Center for Health Statistics and Centers for Disease Control, about 50% of all seniors age 85+ need assistance with activities of daily living (õADLøsö), compared to

about 1/3 of those ages 80-84 and 25% of those ages 75-79. We apply these proportions to the Minnetonka senior population base, resulting in an estimated 1,783 total market area seniors needing assistance with ADL.

- An estimated 90% of Minnetonka seniors would be income-qualified, or have assets and savings such that they could afford market rate assisted living in 2017. We also estimate that around 30% of seniors needing assistance with ADL¢s will choose to move into an assisted living facility, with the other 70% able to remain in their home, or that of a family member, receiving assistance from another care giver. Applying the 90% income/asset qualification rate and a 30% penetration rate for assisted living housing results in demand potential for 482 assisted living units from Minnetonka seniors between 2017 and 2022.
- Next, we add demand from outside the city of Minnetonka, estimated at 20%, resulting in total demand for 602 assisted living units in the short term (2017-2022).
- Comparing the current assisted living unit supply (410 units) with potential demand (602 units) results in estimated current unmet demand for 192 additional units in the market area in the short-term (2017-2022). Long-term demand is estimated at 199 units (2022-2027), accounting for anticipated new assisted living supply and projected growth in the age/income qualified senior population base.

Memory Care Demand

The table below presents calculations of demand for specialized memory care housing in Minnetonka over the short term (2017-2022) and long term (2022-2027), adjusting for expected new supply and growth in the age/income qualified base of seniors requiring memory care housing in the community.

- Potential demand for memory care housing is calculated by multiplying the senior population totals (by age) by dementia incidence rates according to statistics from the Alzheimer

 Association. On this basis, we estimate that there are 1,382 Minnetonka seniors living with some form of dementia in 2015.
- An estimated 70% would be considered income or asset-qualified for specialized memory care housing. This includes most of those with incomes of at least \$60,000 annually and a smaller portion of those with incomes of <\$60,000 who own their homes. This figure is further reduced by 80%, as most age/income-qualified seniors with dementia remain in their homes or alternate care (such as adult foster care) due to the high cost associated with memory care facilities.

Estimated Memory Care Housing Demand City of Minnetonka	d 		
	Sho	Short-Term (1-5 Long-Term	
	yrs)		10 yrs)
		2017-2022	2022-2027
Demand from Market Area Seniors Ages 65-74			
Market Area Population Ages 65-74		6,304	7,764
(times) Dementia Indidence Rate	Х	1.5%	1.5%
(equals) Estimated Sr's Ages 65-74 with Dementia	=	95	116
Demand from Market Area Seniors Ages 75-84			
Market Area Population Ages 75-84		3,125	4,084
(times) Dementia Incidence Rate	Х	16%	16%
(equals) Estimated Sr's Ages 75-84 with Dementia	=	500	653
Demand from Market Area Seniors Ages 85+			
Market Area Population Age 85+		1,790	1,945
(times) Dementia Incidence Rate	Х	44%	44%
(equals) Estimated Sr's Age 85+ with Dementia	=	788	856
Estimated Total Market Area Seniors with Dementia	=	1,382	1,626
(times) Percent Income/Asset Qualified	X	70%	70%
(times) Potential Penetration Rate for Specialized Memory Care Housing	Х	20%	20%
(equals) Potential Memory Care Housing Demand from Market Area Seniors	=	194	228
(add) Additional Demand from Outside Market Area @ 20%	+	48	57
(equals) Potential Total Memory Care Housing Units Supportable in Minnetonka	=	242	284
Compare to Existing Supply of Memory Care Units in Minnetonka	-	145	198
(equals) Excess Short-Term Surplus or (Shortage) in the Minnetonka (next 5 years)	=	(97)	(89

• In total, we estimate potential demand for 194 memory care housing units from Minnetonka, plus another 48 coming from outside the city, or about 20% of demand, indicating total potential short-term demand for 242 memory care units in 2017. Comparing this total with the existing market area supply of 145 units, indicates a current shortage of 97 memory care units in 2017. Factoring in projected new supply and anticipated growth in the age/income base of seniors with dementia, projected long-term demand (2022-2027) is estimated at 89 memory care units.